Annual Securities Report

(Report based on Article 24, Paragraph 1 of the Financial Instruments and Exchange Act of Japan)

(The 41st Fiscal Year)

From November 1, 2020 to October 31, 2021

H.I.S. Co., Ltd.

4-1-1 Toranomon, Minato-ku, Tokyo

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[Filed with] Director, Kanto Local Finance Bureau

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[Fiscal Year] The 41st Fiscal Year (from November 1, 2020 to October 31, 2021)

[Company Name] Kabushiki Kaisha Eichi Ai Esu

[Company Name in English] H.I.S. Co., Ltd.

[Title and Name of Representative] Hideo Sawada, Representative Director, Chairman and President; Chief Executive

Officer; Group Chief Executive Officer (CEO)

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[Contact Person] Motoshi Yada, Director, Senior Executive Officer, Chief Financial Officer

[Place Where the Filed Document is Tokyo Stock Exchange, Inc.

Available for Public Inspection] (2-1 Nihonbashi Kabutocho, Chuo-ku, Tokyo)

Part I Information on the Company

I. Overview of the Company

- 1. Key Financial Data and Trends
 - (1) Consolidated financial data

| Fiscal year | r | 37th | 38th | 39th | 40th | 41st |
|---|-------------------|--------------|--------------|--------------|--------------|--------------|
| Year end | | October 2017 | October 2018 | October 2019 | October 2020 | October 2021 |
| Net sales | (millions of yen) | 606,024 | 728,554 | 808,510 | 430,284 | 118,563 |
| Ordinary profit (loss) | (millions of yen) | 19,647 | 19,499 | 17,089 | (31,283) | (63,299) |
| Profit (loss) attributable to owners of parent | (millions of yen) | 13,259 | 11,067 | 12,249 | (25,037) | (50,050) |
| Comprehensive income | (millions of yen) | 20,386 | 11,606 | 11,432 | (33,573) | (48,430) |
| Net assets | (millions of yen) | 111,247 | 115,641 | 123,909 | 98,421 | 64,145 |
| Total assets | (millions of yen) | 422,809 | 516,468 | 577,399 | 414,604 | 411,447 |
| Net assets per share | (yen) | 1,466.13 | 1,539.98 | 1,686.22 | 1,177.91 | 580 |
| Earnings (loss) per share | (yen) | 219.52 | 192.96 | 213.63 | (432.66) | (749.86) |
| Diluted earnings per share | (yen) | 204.60 | 166.87 | 197.66 | | |
| Shareholders' equity ratio | (%) | 20.3 | 17.1 | 16.8 | 17.8 | 9.9 |
| Return on equity | (%) | 16.0 | 12.7 | 13.2 | _ | _ |
| Price-earnings ratio | (times) | 17.3 | 17.7 | 13.2 | _ | _ |
| Cash flows from operating activities | (millions of yen) | 32,369 | 20,397 | 39,344 | (57,718) | (28,397) |
| Cash flows from investing activities | (millions of yen) | (26,209) | (44,841) | (52,116) | (47,901) | (7,095) |
| Cash flows from financing activities | (millions of yen) | 29,769 | 48,304 | 15,362 | (5,602) | 40,711 |
| Cash and cash equivalents at end of period | (millions of yen) | 168,659 | 191,440 | 192,541 | 80,445 | 88,079 |
| Number of employees | | 13,510 | 13,875 | 15,202 | 13,990 | 10,618 |
| [Average number of temporary employees not included in the above] | (persons) | [3,422] | [3,179] | [3,191] | [2,333] | [1,832] |

(Notes)

- 1. Consumption taxes, etc. are not included in net sales.
- 2. The Company has introduced the E-Ship® trust-type employee stock ownership incentive plan. In the consolidated financial statements, it records the shares held by the H.I.S. Employee Stock Ownership Association Dedicated Trust (the "Trust") as treasury shares. Accordingly, in calculating the amount of net assets per share, the "number of common stock held as treasury shares at fiscal year-end" is calculated by including the shares held by the Trust. In calculating earnings (loss) per share and diluted earnings per share, the "average number of shares of common stock during the period" is calculated by including shares held by the Trust in the treasury shares. Further, the E-Ship® trust-type employee stock ownership incentive plan was discontinued in May 2021.
- 3. Although there were dilutive shares in the 40th and 41st fiscal years, diluted earnings per share are not stated due to the recording of a loss per share.
- 4. In the 40th and 41st fiscal years, return on equity and price-earnings ratio are not stated due to the recording of a loss attributable to owners of parent.

(2) Non-consolidated financial data

| Fiscal yea | r | 37th | 38th | 39th | 40th | 41st |
|---|-------------------|--------------|--------------|--------------|--------------|--------------|
| Year end | | October 2017 | October 2018 | October 2019 | October 2020 | October 2021 |
| Net sales | (millions of yen) | 428,734 | 459,627 | 479,445 | 159,261 | 26,694 |
| Ordinary profit (loss) | (millions of yen) | 4,642 | 6,557 | 6,551 | (11,263) | (20,245) |
| Profit (loss) | (millions of yen) | (108) | 2,038 | 6,848 | (6,355) | (29,908) |
| Share capital | (millions of yen) | 11,000 | 11,000 | 11,000 | 15,000 | 21,048 |
| Shares issued and outstanding | (shares) | 68,522,936 | 68,522,936 | 68,522,936 | 68,768,936 | 75,969,236 |
| Net assets | (millions of yen) | 23,593 | 19,099 | 24,741 | 24,677 | 7,262 |
| Total assets | (millions of yen) | 264,887 | 322,107 | 335,222 | 255,945 | 263,385 |
| Net assets per share | (yen) | 398.96 | 325.85 | 431.11 | 390.24 | 101.42 |
| Total dividends per share | () | 29.00 | 29.00 | 33.00 | _ | _ |
| (interim dividend amount) | (yen) | (-) | (-) | (-) | (-) | (-) |
| Earnings (loss) per share | (yen) | (1.80) | 35.53 | 119.44 | (109.83) | (448.09) |
| Diluted earnings per share | (yen) | _ | 30.25 | 110.25 | _ | _ |
| Shareholders' equity ratio | (%) | 8.8 | 5.8 | 7.4 | 9.6 | 2.7 |
| Return on equity | (%) | _ | 9.7 | 31.6 | _ | |
| Price-earnings ratio | (times) | _ | 96.4 | 23.6 | _ | _ |
| Dividend payout ratio | (%) | _ | 81.6 | 27.6 | _ | _ |
| Number of employees | | 5,581 | 5,498 | 5,638 | 5,896 | 4,078 |
| [Average number of temporary employees not included in the above] | (persons) | [897] | [722] | [791] | [708] | [578] |
| Total shareholder return | (%) | 133.3 | 121.4 | 101.4 | 52.0 | 92.4 |
| (Benchmark: TOPIX incl. dividends) | (%) | (129.4) | (123.2) | (128.0) | (124.3) | (160.8) |
| Highest share price | (yen) | 3,935 | 4,250 | 4,520 | 3,225 | 3,030 |
| Lowest share price | (yen) | 2,465 | 2,970 | 2,346 | 1,096 | 1,412 |

(Notes)

- 1. Consumption taxes, etc. are not included in net sales.
- 2. The Company has introduced the E-Ship® trust-type employee stock ownership incentive plan. In the non-consolidated financial statements, it records the shares held by the H.I.S. Employee Stock Ownership Association Dedicated Trust (the "Trust") as treasury shares. Accordingly, in calculating the amount of net assets per share, the "number of common stock held as treasury shares at fiscal year-end" is calculated by including the shares held by the Trust. In calculating earnings (loss) per share and diluted earnings per share, the "average number of shares of common stock during the period" is calculated by including shares held by the Trust in the treasury shares. Further, the E-Ship® trust-type employee stock ownership incentive plan was discontinued in May 2021.
- 3. Although there were dilutive shares in the 37th, 40th, and 41st fiscal years, diluted earnings per share are not stated due to the recording of a loss per share.
- 4. In the 37th, 40th, and 41st fiscal years, return on equity, price-earnings ratio, and dividend payout ratio are not stated due to the recording of a net loss.
- 5. The highest and lowest share prices are those on the First Section of the Tokyo Stock Exchange.

2. Corporate History

| 2. Corporate His | Events |
|------------------|--|
| December 1980 | Established International Tours Co., Ltd. (capital: 10 million yen) at 1-4-6 Nishishinjuku, Shinjuku-ku, Tokyo |
| December 1900 | for the purpose of selling overseas air tickets Opened Osaka Branch (currently Umeda Head Office) in Kita-ku, Osaka |
| April 1981 | Obtained Retail Agency License (No. 3034) from Ministry of Transportation |
| December 1983 | Opened Fukuoka Branch (currently Fukuoka Tenjin Head Office) in Chuo-ku, Fukuoka |
| September 1984 | Opened Nagoya Branch (currently Sakae Head Office) in Nakamura-ku, Nagoya |
| May 1985 | Established HIS (HONG KONG) COMPANY LIMITED |
| June 1986 | Obtained General Travel Agency License (No. 724) from Ministry of Transportation |
| January 1988 | Established H.I.S. INTERNATIONAL TOURS (NY) INC. |
| October 1989 | Established H.I.S. Deutschland Touristik GmbH |
| April 1990 | Changed Company name to H.I.S. Co., Ltd. |
| August 1990 | Established Passaporte Co., Ltd. (currently QUALITA Co., Ltd.) |
| September 1990 | Established No. 1 Travel Shibuya Co., Ltd. |
| December 1990 | Received approval as a certified International Air Transport Association (IATA) agent Established H.I.S. AUSTRALIA PTY. LTD. |
| April 1991 | Established H.I.S. KOREA CO., LTD. |
| November 1991 | Established Central Sales Division as a headquarters organization; established Kanto, Chubu, Kansai, and Kyushu Area Sales Divisions as regional organizations |
| August 1992 | Established H.I.S. INTERNATIONAL TOURS FRANCE SARL (currently HIS INTERNATIONAL TOURS FRANCE SAS) |
| April 1993 | Established H.I.S. INTERNATIONAL TRAVEL PTE LTD |
| May 1993 | Opened Shinjuku Headquarters Branch (currently Shinjuku Head Office) at Southgate Shinjuku, 5-33-8 Sendagaya, Shibuya-ku, Tokyo |
| September 1993 | Acquired equity stake in HAWAII HIS CORPORATION |
| January 1994 | Consolidated the Nagoya Branch and the Nagoya Sakae Branch in Higashi-ku, Nagoya, to establish the Nagoya Branch (currently Sakae Head Office) as a large retail branch Established H.I.S. AUSTRALIA HOLDINGS PTY LTD Established H.I.S. INVESTMENTS PTY LTD |
| September 1994 | Consolidated the Fukuoka Branch, Tenjin Branch, and Head Office Branch in Hakata-ku, Fukuoka, to establish Travel Wonderland Kyushu as a large retail branch |
| October 1994 | Moved and expanded the Osaka Branch to establish Travel Wonderland Kansai (currently Umeda Head Office) as a large retail branch |
| March 1995 | Shares registered with Japan Securities Dealers Association for over-the-counter sales |
| May 1995 | Established H.I.S. INTERNATIONAL TOURS (BC) INC. (currently H.I.S. CANADA INC.) |
| September 1995 | Established THE WATERMARK HOTEL GROUP PTY LTD |
| December 1995 | Established PT. HARUM INDAH SARI TOURS & TRAVEL |
| January 1996 | Established H.I.S. INTERNATIONAL TOURS KOREA INC. |
| March 1996 | Established H.I.S. ITALIA S.R.L. (currently H.I.S. EUROPE ITALY S.R.L.) |
| November 1996 | Opened THE WATERMARK HOTEL, GOLD COAST |
| March 1997 | Established H.I.S. Tours Co., Ltd. |
| July 1997 | Moved Yokohama Branch to Nishi-ku, Yokohama and established Travel Wonderland Yokohama (currently Yokohama Head Office) as a large retail branch |
| October 1997 | Established H.I.S. GUAM, INC. Established H.I.S. SAIPAN, INC. |
| April 1998 | Opened large retail branch Travel Wonderland Shibuya (currently Shibuya Head Office) in Shibuya-ku, Tokyo |
| June 1998 | Opened large retail branch Travel Wonderland Omiya (currently Omiya Head Office) in Omiya-ku, Saitama |
| October 1999 | Opened large retail branch Travel Wonderland Sapporo (currently Sapporo Head Office) in Chuo-ku, Sapporo |
| December 1999 | Acquired equity stake in H.I.S. TAIWAN COMPANY LIMITED |
| March 2000 | Made H.I.S. Kyoritsu Securities Co., Ltd. (currently Sawada Holdings Co., Ltd.) a subsidiary |
| April 2000 | Moved headquarters function and Kanto Area Sales Division to the Shibuya Mark City West Building, 1-12-1 Dogenzaka, Shibuya-ku, Tokyo |
| May 2000 | Acquired Towa Travel Service (currently Orion Tour Co., Ltd.) and made it a subsidiary |
| December 2000 | Established H.I.S. EUROPE LIMITED |

| Month/Year | Events |
|----------------|--|
| February 2001 | Dissolved capital relationship with H.I.S. Kyoritsu Securities Co., Ltd. (currently Sawada Holdings Co., Ltd.) |
| August 2002 | Established H.I.S. U.S.A. INC. (currently H.I.S. U.S.A. HOLDING, INC.) |
| November 2002 | Acquired Cruise Planet Co., Ltd. and made it a subsidiary |
| December 2002 | Listed shares on the 2nd Section of the Tokyo Stock Exchange |
| December 2003 | Established HIS (FIJI) LIMITED |
| April 2004 | Moved headquarters function and Kanto Area Sales Division to the Sumitomo Fudosan Shinjuku Oak Tower, 6-8-1 Nishishinjuku, Shinjuku-ku, Tokyo |
| September 2004 | Opened Travel Station Marunouchi Oazo Office (currently Marunouchi Head Office) in Chiyoda-ku, Tokyo |
| October 2004 | Listed shares on the 1st Section of the Tokyo Stock Exchange Established H.I.S. (Austria) Travel GmbH |
| September 2005 | Opened WHG INVESTMENTS BRISBANE PTY LTD |
| October 2005 | Acquired equity stake in Kyushu Industrial Transportation Co., Ltd. (currently Kyushu Sangyo Kotsu Holdings Co., Ltd.) |
| May 2006 | Acquired equity stake in H.I.SSONGHAN VIETNAM TOURIST JOINT VENTURE COMPANY LTD. (currently H.I.S SONGHAN VIETNAM TOURIST COMPANY LTD.) |
| July 2006 | Established H.I.S. Travel Switzerland AG |
| September 2007 | Established H.I.S. TRAVEL (UAE) L.L.C. (currently H I S TRAVEL & TOURISM L.L.C.) |
| April 2008 | Reorganized four regional bases (Kanto, Chubu, Kansai, and Kyushu/Chugoku Area Sales Divisions) into the East Japan (Kanto, Tohoku, Hokkaido) and West Japan (Chubu, Kansai, Kyushu, and Chugoku) sales regions Established H.I.S. Travel Nederland B.V. |
| June 2008 | Established H.I.S. (PHILIPPINES) TRAVEL CORP. |
| July 2008 | Acquired equity stake in H.I.S. (HAINAN) INTERNATIONAL TRAVEL SERVICE CO., LTD |
| December 2008 | Opened the Company's first hotel in Japan, Watermark Hotel Sapporo |
| January 2009 | Made Ohshu Express Ltd. a subsidiary |
| April 2009 | Established H.I.S. NEW ZEALAND LIMITED |
| April 2010 | Made Huis Ten Bosch Co., Ltd. a subsidiary |
| May 2010 | Established H.I.S. (SHANGHAI) INTERNATIONAL TRAVEL SERVICE CO., LTD |
| January 2011 | Established HTB CRUISE Co., Ltd. |
| July 2011 | Opened Watermark Hotel Nagasaki Huis Ten Bosch |
| April 2012 | Made GUAM REEF HOTEL, INC. a subsidiary |
| July 2012 | Made Kyushu Sangyo Kotsu Holdings Co., Ltd. a subsidiary |
| September 2012 | Expanded opening of Travel Wonderland Jakarta |
| December 2012 | Established ASIA ATLANTIC AIRLINES CO., LTD. |
| March 2013 | Expanded opening of Travel Wonderland Bangkok |
| April 2013 | Expanded opening of Travel Wonderland Saigon Opened Shinjuku Sanchome Head Office (currently HAWAII Shinjuku Sanchome Office) as a large retail branch in Shinjuku-ku, Tokyo |
| May 2014 | Established Laguna Ten Bosch Co., Ltd. |
| June 2014 | Expanded opening of Travel Wonderland Phnom Penh |
| May 2015 | Opened Watermark Hotel & Spa Bali, Jimbaran on Bali Island, Indonesia |
| July 2015 | Opened Henn na Hotel, showcasing cutting-edge technologies, at Huis Ten Bosch |
| November 2015 | Established LY-HIS Co., Ltd., a joint venture with LY.com |
| December 2015 | Established INTERPARK TOUR JAPAN Co., Ltd., a joint venture with INTERPARK |
| March 2016 | Opened second wing at Henn na Hotel in Huis Ten Bosch |
| April 2016 | Began electric power sales |
| November 2016 | Established H.I.S. Hotel Holdings Co., Ltd. |
| December 2016 | Made Merit Holdings Inc. a subsidiary Made H.S. Insurance Co., Ltd. a subsidiary |
| March 2017 | Established H.I.S. SUPER Power Co., Ltd. Opened Henn na Hotel Maihama Tokyo Bay |
| May 2017 | Established H.I.S. Okinawa Co., Ltd. Made GROUP MIKI HOLDINGS LIMITED a subsidiary Made Green World Hotels Co., Ltd. a subsidiary |
| August 2017 | Opened Henn na Hotel Laguna Ten Bosch |
| November 2017 | Made JONVIEW CANADA INC. a subsidiary |

| Month/Year | Events |
|----------------|---|
| December 2017 | Opened Henn na Hotel Tokyo Nishikasai |
| January 2018 | Opened Henn na Hotel Tokyo Ginza |
| April 2018 | Opened Henn na Hotel Tokyo Hamamatsucho |
| May 2018 | Established H.I.S. Energy Holdings Co., Ltd. |
| July 2018 | Opened Henn na Hotel Tokyo Asakusabashi Opened Henn na Hotel Tokyo Akasaka |
| October 2018 | Opened Henn na Hotel Tokyo Haneda |
| January 2019 | Opened Henn na Hotel Fukuoka Hakata Opened Henn na Hotel Osaka Shinsaibashi |
| March 2019 | Opened Henn na Hotel Osaka Namba Made RED LABEL VACATIONS INC. a subsidiary |
| April 2019 | Opened Henn na Hotel Kyoto Hachijoguchi-ekimae |
| September 2019 | Opened Henn na Hotel Tokyo Asakusa Tawaramachi Opened large-scale commercial facility SAKURA MACHI Kumamoto in Sakuramachi, Kumamoto |
| October 2019 | Opened Henn na Hotel Kansai Airport |
| November 2019 | Renewed corporate logo to celebrate 40th anniversary since founding |
| December 2019 | Opened Henn na Hotel Kanazawa Korinbo |
| June 2020 | Expanded headquarters by relocating to Tokyo World Gate Kamiyacho Trust Tower |
| August 2020 | Established H.I.S. Real Estate Co., Ltd. |
| October 2020 | Opened Watermark Hotel Kyoto Opened Henn na Hotel Nara |
| December 2020 | Opened Henn na Hotel Komatsu-ekimae |
| March 2021 | Succeeded operations of Resort Hotel Kume Island |
| June 2021 | Established Green Ocean Co., Ltd. to operate a staffing business |
| July 2021 | Opened Hotel VISON Opened Mantenno Tsujinoya, the first Japanese inn of the Japanese inn regeneration project |
| August 2021 | Opened Henn na Hotel Seoul Myeong Dong |
| September 2021 | Opened Henn na Hotel Sendai Kokubuncho |
| October 2021 | Opened Henn na Hotel New York |

3. Description of Business

The H.I.S. Group (H.I.S. Co., Ltd. and associated companies; hereinafter, the "H.I.S. Group" or the "Group") comprises H.I.S. Co., Ltd. (hereinafter, the "Company"), 180 subsidiaries, and 23 associates. The main businesses operated by the Group and the positioning of the Company and associated companies in these businesses are shown below.

The six business groupings of Travel Business, Theme Park Business, Hotel Business, Kyushu Sanko Group, Energy Business, and Other herebelow are consistent with the reportable segments stated in the "Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements" in "(1) Consolidated Financial Statements, 1. Consolidated Financial Statements, etc." under "V. Financial Information, Part I Information on the Company."

(1) Travel Business

The H.I.S. Group businesses undertake domestic and overseas travel and other ancillary businesses.

[Associated Companies]

HAWAII HIS CORPORATION H.I.S. EUROPE LIMITED

H.I.S. INTERNATIONAL TOURS (NY) INC. HIS INTERNATIONAL TOURS FRANCE SAS

H.I.S. GUAM, INC.

H.I.S. Deutschland Touristik GmbH
H.I.S. CANADA INC.

H.I.S. EUROPE ITALY S.R.L.

H.I.S. – MERIT TRAVEL INC. HIS ULUSLARARASI TURIZM SEYAHAT ACENTASI

H.I.S. SAIPAN, INC. LIMITED SIRKETI

JONVIEW CANADA INC. GROUP MIKI HOLDINGS LIMITED

H.I.S. – RED LABEL VACATIONS INC.

H.I.S. KOREA CO., LTD.

H.I.S. Tours Co., Ltd.

PT. HARUM INDAH SARI TOURS & TRAVEL

HIS (HONG KONG) COMPANY LIMITED

HIS (HONG KONG) COMPANY LIMITED

H.I.S. TAIWAN COMPANY LIMITED

Cruise Planet Co., Ltd.

H.I.S. INTERNATIONAL TRAVEL PTE LTD

H.I.S. AUSTRALIA PTY. LTD. and 113 other companies

(2) Theme Park Business

The H.I.S. Group owns and operates theme parks located in Sasebo, Nagasaki Prefecture and Gamagori, Aichi Prefecture.

[Associated Companies]

Huis Ten Bosch Co., Ltd. The Watermark Hotel Nagasaki Co., Ltd.

Laguna Ten Bosch Co., Ltd. and 8 other companies

(3) Hotel Business

The H.I.S. Group operates hotels and other ancillary businesses in Japan, Taiwan, the U.S., Indonesia, etc.

[Associated Companies]

H.I.S. Hotel Holdings Co., Ltd. Green World Hotels Co., Ltd.

GUAM REEF HOTEL, INC. HIS DORAK TURIZM OTEL YATIRIMLARI VE DIS

PT. HARUM INDAH SARI INDONESIA TICARET ANONIM SIRKETI

and 9 other companies

(4) Kyushu Sanko Group

The Kyushu Sanko Group, whose holding company is Kyushu Sangyo Kotsu Holdings Co., Ltd., operates businesses including automobile transport, real estate leasing, etc.

[Associated Companies]

Kyushu Sangyo Kotsu Holdings Co., Ltd. and 15 other companies

(5) Energy Business

The H.I.S. Group engages in retail electricity sales, the development of new electric power including renewable energy, and other ancillary businesses.

[Associated Companies]

H.I.S. Energy Holdings Co., Ltd. HTB ENERGY CO., LTD. H.I.S. SUPER Power Co., Ltd. and one other company

(6) Other businesses

H.S. Insurance Co., Ltd. handles property and casualty insurance, mainly for overseas travel. SYS Inc. develops and manages guest room reservation systems, and operates other ancillary businesses.

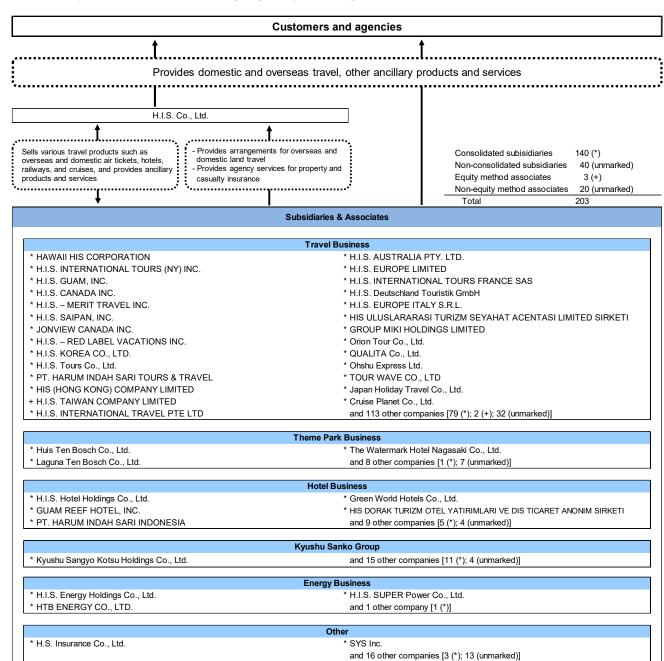
[Associated Companies]

H.S. Insurance Co., Ltd.

SYS Inc.

and 16 other companies

The following table illustrates the H.I.S. Group's operating relationships.



4. Information on Subsidiaries and Associates

(1) Consolidated Subsidiaries

| Company name | Location | Capital | Main business | Ownership of voting rights (%) | Relationship |
|---|--|---------------------------|--------------------|--------------------------------|---|
| H.I.S. U.S.A. HOLDING, INC. (Note 3) | Delaware, U.S.A. | 847 thousand USD | Travel Business | 100.0 | Concurrent Director Two concurrent directors at said company |
| HAWAII HIS CORPORATION (Note 2) | Honolulu, Hawaii, U.S.A. | 100 thousand USD | Travel Business | 100.0 (100.0) | 1) Concurrent Director One concurrent director at said company 2) Business Transaction Purchasing and sales of travel products between the companies 3) Capital Assistance The Company guarantees liabilities (up to 38 million yen) against bank guarantees. |
| H.I.S. INTERNATIONAL TOURS (NY) INC. (Note 2) | New York City, New York, U.S.A. | 150 thousand USD | Travel Business | 100.0 (100.0) | 1) Concurrent Director One concurrent director at said company 2) Business Transaction Purchasing and sales of travel products between the companies 3) Capital Assistance The Company guarantees liabilities (up to 72 million yen) against bank guarantees. |
| H.I.S. GUAM, INC. (Note 2) | Guam, Territory of U.S.A. | 200 thousand USD | Travel Business | 100.0 (100.0) | Concurrent Director One concurrent director at said company Business Transaction Purchasing and sales of travel products between the companies |
| H.I.S. SAIPAN, INC. (Note 2) | Saipan, Commonwealth of the Northern Mariana Islands, U.S.A. | 200 thousand USD | Travel Business | 100.0 (100.0) | Concurrent Director One concurrent director at said company Business Transaction Purchasing of travel products from said company |
| H.I.S. CANADA INC. (Note 2) | Yukon Territory, Canada | 100 thousand CAD | Travel Business | 100.0 (100.0) | 1) Business Transaction Purchasing and sales of travel products between the companies 2) Capital Assistance The Company guarantees liabilities (up to 21 million yen) against bank guarantees. |
| H.I.S. – MERIT TRAVEL INC. (Note 2) (Note 3) | Vancouver, British Columbia, Canada | 45,395 thousand CAD | Travel Business | 100.0 (100.0) | 1) Concurrent Director Two concurrent directors at said company 2) Capital Assistance The Company guarantees liabilities (up to 91 million yen) against bank guarantees. |
| JONVIEW CANADA INC. (Note 2) (Note 3) | Toronto, Ontario, Canada | 48,899 thousand CAD | Travel Business | 100.0 (100.0) | Concurrent Director Two concurrent directors at said company |

| Company name | Location | Capital | Main business | Ownership of voting rights (%) | Relationship |
|--|---|----------------------------|--------------------|--------------------------------|--|
| H.I.S. CANADA HOLDINGS INC. (Note 3) | Vancouver, British Columbia, Canada | 247,804 thousand CAD | Travel Business | 100.0 | Concurrent Director Two concurrent directors at said company Capital Assistance The Company loans 275 million yen in working capital. |
| H.I.S. – RED LABEL VACATIONS INC. (Note 2) (Note 3) | Vancouver, British Columbia, Canada | 142,993 thousand CAD | Travel Business | 100.0 (100.0) | Concurrent Director Two concurrent directors at said company Business Transaction Purchasing and sales of travel products between the companies |
| H.I.S. (China) Holding Co., Limited | Hong Kong Special Administrative Region, People's Republic of China | 87,257 thousand HKD | Travel Business | 100.0 | Concurrent Director Two concurrent directors at said company |
| H.I.S. KOREA CO., LTD. | Seoul, Republic of Korea | 425,000 thousand KRW | Travel Business | 58.8 | Business Transaction Purchasing of travel products from said company |
| H.I.S. Tours Co., Ltd. | Bangkok, Kingdom of Thailand | 20,000 thousand THB | Travel Business | 100.0 | 1) Business Transaction Purchasing and sales of travel products between the companies 2) Capital Assistance The Company guarantees liabilities (up to 171 million yen) against bank guarantees. |
| PT. HARUM INDAH SARI TOURS & TRAVEL | Denpasar, Republic of Indonesia | 168 thousand USD | Travel Business | 90.0 | Concurrent Director One concurrent director at said company Business Transaction Purchasing and sales of travel products between the companies |
| HIS (HONG KONG) COMPANY LIMITED (Note 2) | Hong Kong Special Administrative Region, People's Republic of China | 1,500 thousand HKD | Travel Business | 100.0 (100.0) | 1) Concurrent Director Two concurrent directors at said company 2) Business Transaction Purchasing and sales of travel products between the companies 3) Capital Assistance The Company guarantees liabilities (up to 15 million yen) against bank guarantees. |
| H.I.S. INTERNATIONAL MANAGEMENT PTE. LTD. (Note 2) (Note 3) | Republic of Singapore | 20,000 thousand USD | Travel Business | 100.0 (0.1) | Concurrent Director One concurrent director at said company Business Transaction Purchasing of travel products from said company |
| H.I.S. INTERNATIONAL TRAVEL PTE LTD (Note 2) | Republic of Singapore | 400 thousand SGD | Travel Business | 100.0 (100.0) | Concurrent Director One concurrent director at said company Business Transaction Purchasing and sales of travel products between the companies |

| Company name | Location | Capital | Main business | Ownership of voting rights (%) | Relationship |
|---|--------------------------|--------------------------|--------------------|--------------------------------|---|
| H.I.S. AUSTRALIA PTY. LTD. (Note 2) | Queensland, Australia | 25 thousand AUD | Travel Business | 100.0 (100.0) | Business Transaction Purchasing and sales of travel products between the companies |
| H.I.S. EUROPE LIMITED (Note 2) | London, England | 210 thousand GBP | Travel Business | 100.0 (100.0) | 1) Business Transaction Purchasing and sales of travel products between the companies |
| GROUP MIKI HOLDINGS LIMITED (Note 3) | London, England | 116 thousand EUR | Travel Business | 70.3 | Concurrent Director One concurrent director at said company Business Transaction Purchasing and sales of travel products between the companies |
| HIS INTERNATIONAL TOURS FRANCE SAS (Note 2) | Paris, France | 2,030 thousand EUR | Travel Business | 100.0 (100.0) | 1) Business Transaction Purchasing and sales of travel products between the companies 2) Capital Assistance The Company guarantees liabilities (up to 36 million yen) against bank guarantees. |
| H.I.S. Deutschland Touristik GmbH (Note 2) | Frankfurt, Germany | 25 thousand EUR | Travel Business | 100.0 (100.0) | 1) Business Transaction Purchasing and sales of travel products between the companies |
| H.I.S. EUROPE ITALY S.R.L. (Note 2) | Rome, Italy | 83 thousand EUR | Travel Business | 100.0 (100.0) | Business Transaction Purchasing and sales of travel products between the companies |
| HIS ULUSLARARASI TURIZM SEYAHAT ACENTASI LIMITED SIRKETI | Istanbul, Turkey | 9,132 thousand TRY | Travel Business | 100.0 | 1) Business Transaction Purchasing and sales of travel products between the companies 2) Capital Assistance The Company guarantees liabilities (up to 596 million yen) against bank guarantees. In addition, the Company provides payment guarantee (up to 227 million yen) for trade payables. |
| Orion Tour Co., Ltd. | Chuo-ku, Tokyo | 248 million yen | Travel Business | 100.0 | Concurrent Director Two concurrent directors at said company Business Transaction Purchasing of travel products from said company |
| QUALITA Co., Ltd. | Minato-ku, Tokyo | 51 million yen | Travel Business | 100.0 | 1) Concurrent Director Two concurrent directors at said company 2) Business Transaction Purchasing and sales of travel products between the companies 3) Capital Assistance The Company provides payment guarantee (up to 35 million yen) for trade payables. |

| Company name | Location | Capital | Main business | Ownership of voting rights (%) | Relationship |
|---|---------------------------------------|-------------------------|---------------------------|--------------------------------|--|
| Ohshu Express Ltd. | Minato-ku, Tokyo | 100 million yen | Travel Business | 100.0 | Concurrent Director One concurrent director at said company Business Transaction Purchasing and sales of travel products between the companies |
| TOUR WAVE CO., LTD (Note 2) | Aoba-ku, Sendai, Miyagi Prefecture | 80 million yen | Travel Business | 100.0 (100.0) | 1) Concurrent Director One concurrent director at said company 2) Business Transaction Purchasing and sales of travel products between the companies 3) Capital Assistance The Company provides payment guarantee (up to 10 million yen) for trade payables. |
| Japan Holiday Travel Co., Ltd. | Chuo-ku, Osaka, Osaka Prefecture | 30 million yen | Travel Business | 66.7 | Concurrent Director Two concurrent directors at said company Business Transaction Purchasing and sales of travel products between the companies |
| Cruise Planet Co., Ltd. | Chiyoda-ku, Tokyo | 25 million yen | Travel Business | 100.0 | 1) Concurrent Director Two concurrent directors at said company 2) Business Transaction Purchasing and sales of travel products between the companies |
| Huis Ten Bosch Co., Ltd. (Note 3) | Sasebo, Nagasaki Prefecture | 1,500 million yen | Theme Park Business | 66.7 | Business Transaction Purchasing and sales of travel products between the companies |
| Laguna Ten Bosch Co., Ltd. (Note 3) | Gamagori, Aichi Prefecture | 1,588 million yen | Theme Park Business | 66.0 | 1) Concurrent Director Three concurrent directors at said company 2) Business Transaction Purchasing of travel products from said company 3) Capital Assistance The Company loans 800 million yen in working capital. |
| The Watermark Hotel Nagasaki Co., Ltd. (Note 2) | Sasebo, Nagasaki Prefecture | 250 million yen | Theme Park Business | 100.0 (100.0) | Business Transaction Purchasing of travel products from said company |

| Company name | Location | Capital | Main business | Ownership of voting rights (%) | Relationship |
|---|---|----------------------------|--------------------------|--------------------------------|---|
| H.I.S. Hotel Holdings Co., Ltd. | Minato-ku, Tokyo | 10 million yen | Hotel Business | 100.0 | 1) Concurrent Director Two concurrent directors at said company 2) Business Transaction Purchasing and sales of hotel products between the companies 3) Capital Assistance The Company guarantees liabilities (up to 235 million yen) against bank guarantees. In addition, it loans 66,806 million yen in working capital and capital expenditure funding. |
| Aqua Ignis Taki Hotel Asset K.K. (Note 2) (Note 3) (Note 7) | Taki, Mie Prefecture | 3,390 million yen | Hotel Business | 50.0 (50.0) | Concurrent Director One concurrent director at said company |
| HHH.USA. INC. (Note 2) (Note 3) | New York City, New York, U.S.A. | 10,000 thousand USD | Hotel Business | 100.0 (100.0) | |
| GUAM REEF HOTEL, INC. (Note 2) | Guam, Territory of U.S.A. | 10 thousand USD | Hotel Business | 100.0 (100.0) | |
| PT. HARUM INDAH SARI INDONESIA (Note 2) | Badung, Bali, Republic of Indonesia | 180 billion IDR | Hotel Business | 100.0 (1.0) | |
| Green World Hotels Co., Ltd. (Note 2) (Note 3) | Taipei City, Taiwan | 1,097 million TWD | Hotel Business | 51.0 (51.0) | 1) Capital Assistance The Company guarantees liabilities (up to 1,876 million yen) against bank guarantees. |
| HIS DORAK TURIZM OTEL YATIRIMLARI VE DIS TICARET ANONIM SIRKETI (Note 2) (Note 3) | Istanbul, Turkey | 202,130 thousand TRY | Hotel Business | 84.3 (84.3) | Concurrent Director One concurrent director at said company |
| Kyushu Sangyo Kotsu Holdings Co., Ltd. (Note 3) (Note 4) | Chuo-ku, Kumamoto, Kumamoto Prefecture | 1,065 million yen | Kyushu Sanko Group | 91.6 | 1) Concurrent Director One concurrent director at said company 2) Business Transaction Purchasing and sales of travel products between the companies 3) Capital Assistance The Company loans 1,830 million yen in capital expenditure funding. |
| H.I.S. Energy Holdings Co., Ltd. | Minato-ku, Tokyo | 382 million yen | Energy Business | 100.0 | Concurrent Director Three concurrent directors at said company |
| HTB ENERGY CO., LTD. (Note 2) (Note 5) (Note 6) | Chuo-ku, Fukuoka, Fukuoka Prefecture | 95 million yen | Energy Business | 100.0 (100.0) | 1) Concurrent Director Four concurrent directors at said company 2) Capital Assistance The Company provides payment guarantees (up to 2,130 million yen) for trade payables. In addition, the Company loans 13,100 million yen in working capital. |

| Company name | Location | Capital | Main business | Ownership of voting rights (%) | Relationship |
|---|------------------|-------------------------|--------------------|--------------------------------|---|
| H.I.S. SUPER Power Co., Ltd. (Note 2) | Minato-ku, Tokyo | 50 million yen | Energy Business | 100.0 (100.0) | 1) Concurrent Director Four concurrent directors at said company 2) Business Transaction Purchasing and sales of travel products between the companies 3) Capital Assistance The Company provides payment guarantees (up to 720 million yen) for trade payables. In addition, the Company loans 9,649 million yen in capital expenditure funding. |
| H.S. Insurance Co., Ltd. | Chuo-ku, Tokyo | 1,612 million yen | Other | 100.0 | 1) Business Transaction The Company is a sales representative for travel insurance, etc. |
| SYS Inc. | Minato-ku, Tokyo | 100 million yen | Other | 91.4 | 1) Concurrent Director One concurrent director at said company 2) Business Transaction The Company outsources development of accommodation reservation systems, etc. 3) Capital Assistance The Company loans 1,396 million yen in working capital. |
| And 94 other companies | | | | | _ |

(Notes)

- 1. The "Main business" column indicates segment names stated in "Segment information, etc."
- 2. Figures in parentheses in the "Ownership of voting rights" column represent percentage of voting rights held indirectly by the Company.
- 3. These companies fall under the category of specified subsidiaries.
- 4. The Company files an Annual Securities Report (Yukashoken Hokokusho).
- 5. Net sales at HTB ENERGY CO., LTD. account for more than 10% of consolidated net sales (excluding internal sales transactions among consolidated companies).

Major financial data, etc. (millions of yen)

 1) Net sales
 37,141

 2) Ordinary loss
 9,428

 3) Loss
 9,966

 4) Net assets
 (9,201)

 5) Total assets
 10,291

- 6. Liabilities of HTB ENERGY CO., LTD. exceed its assets. The amount of excess liabilities as of September 30, 2021 was 9,201 million yen.
- 7. The Company holds a stake of 50% or less in Aqua Ignis Taki Hotel Asset K.K. However, Aqua Ignis Taki Hotel Asset K.K. is effectively under the Company's control and regarded as a subsidiary.

(2) Entities accounted for using equity method

| Company name | Location | Capital | Main business | Ownership of voting rights (%) | Relationship |
|----------------------------------|----------------|----------------------|--------------------|--------------------------------|--|
| H.I.S. TAIWAN COMPANY LIMITED | Taipei, Taiwan | 42 million TWD | Travel Business | 50.0 | Concurrent Director One concurrent director at said company Business Transaction Purchasing and sales of travel products between the companies |
| And 2 other companies | | | | | |

(Note) The "Main business" column indicates segment names stated in "Segment information, etc."

5. Employees

(1) Consolidated Companies

As of October 31, 2021

| Segment | Number of employees | |
|---------------------------|---------------------|---------|
| Travel Business | 6,957 | [697] |
| Theme Park Business | 1,031 | [644] |
| Hotel Business | 506 | [165] |
| Kyushu Sanko Group | 1,486 | [239] |
| Energy Business | 133 | [-] |
| Reportable segments total | 10,113 | [1,745] |
| Other | 215 | [66] |
| Corporate-wide (shared) | 290 | [21] |
| Total | 10,618 | [1,832] |

(Notes)

- 1. The number of employees represents full-time employees only. An additional figure for the average number of temporary staff employed during the fiscal year is provided in square brackets.
- 2. The employees in "Corporate-wide (shared)" are those belonging to administrative departments and thus do not fall under any business segment.
- 3. The number of employees decreased by 3,372 from the end of the previous fiscal year. The main reason was personnel reductions at overseas subsidiaries to lower fixed costs due to the COVID-19 pandemic.

(2) The Filing Company

As of October 31, 2021

| Number of employees | Average age | Average length of service | Average annual salary (yen) |
|---------------------|----------------|---------------------------|-----------------------------|
| 4,078 [578 | 35.8 years old | 11.4 years | 3,676,497 |

| Segment | Number of employees | | |
|---------------------------|---------------------|-------|--|
| Travel Business | 3,724 | [523] | |
| Energy Business | 2 | [-] | |
| Reportable segments total | 3,726 | [523] | |
| Other | 62 | [34] | |
| Corporate-wide (shared) | 290 | [21] | |
| Total | 4,078 | [578] | |

(Notes)

- 1. The number of employees represents full-time employees only. An additional figure for the average number of temporary staff employed during the fiscal year is provided in square brackets.
- 2. Average annual salary includes bonuses and extra wages.
- 3. The employees in "Corporate-wide (shared)" are those belonging to administrative departments and thus do not fall under any business segment.
- 4. The number of employees decreased by 1,818 from the end of the previous fiscal year. The main reason was the seconding of employees to companies outside of the Group under an Industry Employment Stabilization subsidy.

(3) Labor Unions

There are no applicable matters to report.

II. Business Overview

- 1. Management Policy, Management Environment, and Issues to be Addressed, etc.
 - (1) Management Policy

Guided by its corporate philosophy ("In accordance with the laws of the universe, we contribute to the creative development of humanity and world peace"), the H.I.S. Group aims to build new business models that allow it to contribute to world peace not only through travel but through a wide range of other businesses, as a company that consistently pursues change and advancement.

(2) Medium- to Long-Term Corporate Management Strategy and Key Performance Indicators

The H.I.S. Group actively undertakes challenges not only in its existing business fields, but also by continually pursuing fresh opportunities in new business domains. It aims to strengthen its earnings structure and further enhance its corporate value by pivoting away from a management organization centered on the existing Travel Business and by reinforcing and transforming its business portfolio. The Group believes sustainable business growth is essential to achieve these goals, and it focuses on growth in sales and operating profit in all its businesses. In the foreseeable future, it targets a shareholders' equity ratio of 20% or more as an indicator of financial stability, and ROE of 10% or more as an indicator of profitability. The Group is considering formulating a three-year medium-term management plan (starting from the consolidated fiscal year ending in either October 31, 2022 or October 31, 2023) that will provide more details, including about key performance indicators. However, the formulation of such a plan will be contingent on the Group's ability to ascertain changes in the business environment to a certain extent.

(3) Issues to be Addressed

As for the operating environment going forward, the H.I.S. Group expects concerns over economic deterioration to linger as the COVID-19 pandemic continues to spread around the world. Because it is unclear when the pandemic will subside, the Group expects conditions to remain murky, making it difficult to project a recovery in economic activity in Japan and overseas. Amid such an environment, the Group will have to address the following issues.

1) Implement measures in response to the COVID-19 pandemic

The H.I.S. Group has suffered heavily from the COVID-19 pandemic, and its financial foundation has been eroded by the recent deterioration in earnings. Consequently, it regards the implementation of measures to mitigate the impact of the pandemic as an important issue, and will make this a top priority.

Increase financial soundness

The H.I.S. Group regards the expansion of shareholders' equity and the establishment of a system that can generate free cash flow as pressing issues. While maintaining short-term liquidity in hand through measures such as raising funds and liquidizing accumulated asset holdings based on the circumstances, the Group will reinforce its financial structure by thoroughly reducing costs. Until the visibility of the operating environment improves, it will control cash outflows through initiatives such as adopting a cautious stance on investment plans, and accordingly aim to improve its cash position.

 \bigcirc Management that takes into account life with and after the COVID-19 pandemic

The H.I.S. Group will undertake management predicated on a new cost structure in response to the COVID-19 pandemic. It aims to achieve a rapid recovery in earnings by operating businesses that leverage its uniqueness and competitive edge. In addition, it will decisively pursue opportunities in the post-COVID world, including those stemming from potential industry realignment, and further accelerate its growth.

2) Adapt to various changes

The Company believes that broadening the scope of its understanding and learning about prevailing conditions encourage reflection on and safeguarding against the unknown, and ultimately supports the realization of the sustainable development goals (SDGs). With its sights set on regional resources such as regional culture, historical heritage sites, and the natural environment, the Company concentrates on initiatives that help realize sustainable tourism, ensuring that the traditional ways of living in each region are honored and that all stakeholders assume responsibility for their individual awareness and conduct.

In addition, against the backdrop of dramatic changes in society and businesses driven by technological innovation, the Company believes the ability to discover new potential without being constrained by preconceptions and to continually adapt to various changes is what enables sustainable growth.

It realizes improving productivity and profitability in various business spheres will be the challenge in the foreseeable future. It will promote digital transformation to achieve solutions, aim to implement reforms that support efficient business structures, and work to establish new business models. At the same time, the Company will work to deepen its understanding of all its stakeholders and promote sustainable initiatives under the H.I.S. corporate philosophy.

3) Pursuit of customer satisfaction and provision of safe and secure products

To become a global company trusted worldwide and supported by customers, H.I.S. believes it is necessary to provide comfortable, safe, and secure services. Through optimized use of its global network and infrastructure, the Group intends to further provide products, services, and information that are safe, secure, and high-quality, by creating new experience-driven value and offering expanded services. The Group will also make efforts to please and gain the support of customers throughout the world by working to improve the level of its services in Japan and overseas.

4) Strengthen Group governance

In the fiscal year under review, the Presidents and other officers of two consolidated subsidiaries of the Group made filings that violated the purpose of the "Go To Travel" subsidy program. In the course of the investigation into incidents involving the improper receipt of "Go To Travel" subsidies, the two aforementioned consolidated subsidiaries did not report for a long time on related conditions to the parent company, even though the investigation started in December 2020. As a result, the parent company was unable to ascertain what happened. The Company realizes that it needs to deeply reflect on the lack of compliance awareness at both subsidiaries, and on its management system for subsidiaries and associates under which information was not adequately shared between the subsidiaries and the parent company.

The Company regards these facts as serious matters, and it will firmly implement the following improvement measures to prevent recurrence, and work to regain trust through enhanced operation of the Group.

O Reform compliance

The Company aims to implement compliance measures and enhance compliance awareness for the H.I.S. Group through the activities of its Risk Management & Compliance Committee. Its Risk Management Office, which acts as the secretariat of the Risk Management & Compliance Committee, also functions as a reporting and consultation desk to which executives and employees of subsidiaries can report suspected compliance violations. In addition, the top management of the Company promotes its commitment to compliance, and provides compliance training that among other things reaffirms the purpose of the "Go To Travel" subsidy program. In addition, the Company conducts interviews with managers of its various Group companies and confirms their compliance awareness.

O Strengthen oversight function through Board of Directors of Group companies

To enhance monitoring and oversight functions related to the execution of business operation by Presidents of Group companies, the Company will review the minutes of the Board of Directors meetings of each Group company, and aim to substantiate and enrich the Board of Directors deliberations through initiatives such as providing ample time for discussion, sharing information in advance, and receiving subsequent status reports. In addition, for subsidiaries that have thus far not appointed officers from among the Company's executives and employees, the Company will reconsider the need for such appointments, and periodically review the currently appointed executives and employees.

O Strengthen management of subsidiaries by parent company

As noted above, for subsidiaries that have not appointed officers from among the Company's executives and employees to date (especially second-tier subsidiaries that are deemed to have a major impact on the Group's consolidated earnings), the Company will examine the need for such appointments. In addition, it will review its Regulations for Management of Subsidiaries and Associates, require subsidiaries and associates to report recurring transactions that exceed a certain amount, and improve operating conditions by ensuring its pre-approval and reporting rules are thoroughly understood and by conducting subsequent checks. Further, the Company aims to strengthen the systems of its management division for subsidiaries and associates, including in areas such as personnel recruiting, training, and retention.

Strengthen internal audits

With regard to internal audits, the Company will consider enhancing IT-based risk analysis, reinforcing its audit systems (including by adding audit personnel), and reviewing audit items by adding items related to the receipt of subsidies, etc.

O Initiatives to detect misconduct at an early stage

The Company will establish an internal reporting system that runs across the Group, and aim to periodically raise awareness of the system. Further, it will improve its capacity to strengthen awareness of compliance and deter fraud through periodic surveys targeting the managers of various companies of the Group.

O Improvement measures to prevent recurrence of other incidents (IT controls)

The Company will implement various types of measures with a view to detecting internal fraud at an early stage and efficiently implementing subsequent audits from the standpoint of IT controls.

2. Business and Other Risks

Among items related to business, accounting, and other conditions of the H.I.S. Group, management recognizes the following major risks that may have a significant impact on the financial condition, management performance, and cash flows of the consolidated companies.

Further, all matters relating to the future in the sections below are based on the views of the H.I.S. Group as of the end of the fiscal year under review.

1) Significant events relating to going concern assumption, etc.

The H.I.S. Group has continued to incur high operating losses and losses attributable to owners of parent since the consolidated fiscal year ended October 31, 2020. Consequently, as of October 31, 2021, there are deemed to be events or circumstances that may give rise to significant doubts regarding the Group's ability to continue as a going concern pursuant to Audit and Assurance Practice Committee Statement No. 74 "Disclosure of the Going Concern Assumption."

To address this, the H.I.S. Group is reducing fixed costs and selling asset holdings such as securities and properties. In addition, at its Board of Directors meeting on November 2, 2021, the Group resolved to procure capital through third-party allotments of new shares, and it has requested its counterparty financial institutions to maintain its existing loan agreements (refinancing).

Based on a cash management plan that reflects reasonable assumptions on when the COVID-19 pandemic will settle down and related countermeasures, the H.I.S. Group has determined that it can retain sufficient capital through October 31, 2022, and therefore deems that there should be no significant uncertainty about its ability to continue as a going concern.

2) Risks related to impact of the COVID-19 pandemic

The H.I.S. Group analyzes the impact of the COVID-19 pandemic on its reportable segments as follows.

| Segment | Main categories | Current conditions and outlook |
|---------------------|--|---|
| Travel Business | Overseas travel Inbound travel to Japan Overseas inbound travel Overseas outbound travel | The business has suffered heavily as factors such as restrictions on emigration/immigration in various countries have resulted in continued lackluster demand. The Group sees the number of travelers progressively recovering from the spring of 2022, following a gradual resumption in cross-border movement. |
| | Domestic travel | The Group expects demand to rebound due to progress with vaccinations in Japan and the lifting of the state of emergency. It sees demand recovering supported by the resumption (extension) of the "Go To Travel" campaign. |
| Theme Park Business | Huis Ten Bosch Laguna Ten Bosch | The lifting of the state of emergency has sparked a recovery, and the number of visitors is expanding and approaching the 2019 level. The Group sees demand recovering supported by the resumption (extension) of the "Go To Travel" campaign. |
| | Domestic hotels | The number of guests has trended up since the state of emergency was lifted, and the Group expects demand to rebound accordingly. The Group sees demand recovering supported by the resumption (extension) of the "Go To Travel" campaign. |
| Hotel Business | Overseas hotels | The business has suffered heavily as factors such as restrictions on emigration/immigration in various countries have resulted in continued lackluster demand. The business is highly dependent on external demand and is affected by emigration/immigration restrictions in various countries. The Group expects demand will not recover to the 2019 level until the second half of 2022. |
| Kyushu Sanko Group | Bus services | Bus utilization rates are trending up on signs of a gradual resumption in economic activity due to the lifting of quasi-emergency measures and a drop in COVID-19 cases. The Group expects demand to recover to the 2019 level in the second half of 2022. |

3) Risks related to travel demand and industry trends

The Travel Business accounts for 36.2% of Group net sales, and 28.3% of net sales are concentrated in Japan. Consequently, changes in the environment surrounding the Travel Business in Japan could affect the Group's financial position and operating results. Further, although the Group works to ensure sustainable competitiveness, its businesses face intense competition from other companies, prompted by such factors as business model changes of partner companies and market entries by companies from other industries. Future developments in the competitive landscape could therefore affect the Group's financial position and operating results.

4) Impact of natural and man-made disasters

The environment surrounding the Group's businesses is vulnerable to disruption of tourism and related infrastructure caused by natural disasters (such as typhoons, tsunamis, and earthquakes), outbreak of contagious diseases, airplane crashes, and political and social instability in various countries or regions caused by terrorist attacks, wars, and other factors. The occurrence of any of these disasters could affect the Group's financial position and operating results.

5) Risks related to information leaks and system management

The Group makes use of computer systems for operations including reservation arrangements, and it accordingly manages personal information of a large number of its customers. It makes every effort to ensure sufficient security when building and operating such systems, but the occurrence of failures in communication networks/programs, problems caused by computer viruses, and other factors may lead to serious disruptions such as system failures, information leaks, and data falsification/alteration, which could gravely affect Group operations. In addition, depending on the scale of a system failure, services to customers may be interrupted or repair costs may increase, which could affect the Group's financial position, operating results, and public trust.

6) Risks related to provision of products and services

The Group provides restaurant recommendations under its travel products. It also operates restaurants in its other businesses, and compiles manuals for quality control standards and takes sufficient caution to ensure food safety. However, the occurrence of health problems such as food poisoning could lead to a loss of trust or other problems, affecting the Group's financial position and operating results.

7) Exchange rate and crude oil price fluctuations

The Group conducts business in foreign currencies, which results in income and expenses as well as assets and liabilities in foreign currencies. The Group hedges risk through forward exchange contracts and other instruments to mitigate the impact of exchange rate fluctuations. However, sharp fluctuations in exchange rates could affect the Group's financial position and operating results. Further, the Group converts figures in the financial statements of overseas consolidated subsidiaries into Japanese yen when preparing the consolidated financial statements, and changes in exchange rates could thus affect the Group's financial position and operating results. In addition, the Group adds a fuel surcharge to overseas travel fares in its Travel Business to reflect changes in crude oil prices, and a notable rise in this surcharge may dampen overall travel demand. Consequently, sharp changes in crude oil prices could affect the Group's financial position and operating results.

8) Fluctuations in the valuation of owned assets including securities

The Group holds both listed and unlisted stocks, bonds, and other instruments. Hence, losses on sale or valuation of assets could occur from fluctuations in stock and bond markets in the case of securities with determinable fair market value, and from changes in the financial status of investee companies in the case of securities without determinable fair market value, and the Group's financial position and operating results could be affected as a result.

9) Impairment of non-current assets

The H.I.S. Group records property, plant and equipment, intangible assets, stocks, goodwill, and other items arising from investment activities or acquisitions in Japan or abroad as assets on its consolidated balance sheet, and depreciates or amortizes these assets over reasonable periods during which future synergies from business value and business integration are expected to manifest. However, if the Group determines that expected effects cannot be obtained, it books impairment losses for the relevant assets, and this could affect the Group's financial position and operating results.

10) Compliance

When conducting business activities, the Group is subject to various laws, regulations, business customs, and social norms in Japan and all countries where its sales offices are located, of which it strives to be in full compliance. However, there is a possibility that conditions considered to be in violation of compliance may arise due to the introduction of unexpected and new regulations, changes in policies of the enforcement authorities, or other causes such as differences in understanding and interpretation. The Group's financial position and operating results could be adversely affected if conditions that are in violation of compliance arise, resulting in expenses related to legal procedures and damage to the H.I.S. brand image.

3. Analyses of Financial Position, Business Results, and Cash Flows

The following is an overview, management perspective, analysis, and examination of the Company's financial position, business results, and cash flows in the consolidated fiscal year ended October 31, 2021.

(1) Business Results

In the consolidated fiscal year ended October 31, 2021, the operating environment remained challenging. Despite signs of a recovery in some areas, economic activity stagnated as the COVID-19 pandemic caused sharp declines in corporate earnings and a deterioration in employment conditions.

In this environment, the H.I.S. Group worked to thoroughly reduce costs through measures such as taking maximal advantage of government subsidies in various countries, and overhauled its organization while promoting work style reform in response to the pandemic. Guided by its corporate philosophy ("In accordance with the laws of the universe, we contribute to the creative development of humanity and world peace."), the Group aimed to build new business models that can help it contribute to world peace through travel and a wide range of other businesses as a company that consistently pursues change and advancement.

In the consolidated fiscal year ended October 31, 2021, business performance was as follows.

(Millions of yen)

| | Year ended October 31, 2020 | Year ended October 31, 2021 |
|--|--------------------------------|--------------------------------|
| Net sales | 430,284 | 118,563 |
| Gross profit | 69,896 | 16,383 |
| Operating profit (loss) | (31,129) | (64,058) |
| Profit (loss) before income taxes | (33,101) | (51,008) |
| Profit (loss) attributable to owners of parent | (25,037) | (50,050) |

Net sales declined 311,720 million yen or 72.4% year on year to 118,563 million yen. The decline was mainly attributable to sharply declined sales in the Travel Business, which was affected substantially by the COVID-19 pandemic.

Selling, general and administrative expenses decreased 20,583 million yen or 20.4% year on year to 80,442 million yen, mainly due to a reduction in personnel expenses, advertising expenses, rent, and other expenses in response to the pandemic.

On the profit side, the Company reported an operating loss of 64,058 million yen (versus an operating loss of 31,129 million yen in the previous fiscal year) due to a sharp decline in gross profit despite efforts to optimize the allocation of management resources and reduce costs. It posted a loss before income taxes of 51,008 million yen (versus a loss before income taxes of 33,101 million yen in the previous fiscal year) as an extraordinary income of 20,766 million yen for employment adjustment subsidies and other factors was partially offset by an extraordinary loss of 8,475 million yen for losses stemming from the temporary suspension of operations and impairment losses on non-current assets. The Company reported a loss attributable to owners of parent of 50,050 million yen (versus a loss attributable to owners of parent of 25,037 million yen in the previous fiscal year), reflecting the booking of 2,234 million yen in income taxes payable and 3,192 million yen in loss attributable to non-controlling interests.

The earnings by segment in the consolidated fiscal year ended October 31, 2021 are shown below. Figures in each segment reflect the amounts before offsetting and eliminating intersegment transactions.

(Millions of yen)

| | Year ended October 31, 2020 | Year ended October 31, 2021 |
|-------------------------|--------------------------------|--------------------------------|
| Net sales | 359,631 | 43,028 |
| Operating profit (loss) | (21,127) | (38,336) |

In the consolidated fiscal year ended October 31, 2021, there were signs of domestic travel demand in various countries and regions as COVID-19 vaccinations picked up pace, but the Travel Business continued to face extremely challenging conditions due to ongoing measures such as restrictions on immigration and travel. The number of outbound Japanese travelers during the year decreased 92.6% year on year to 470,000, and the number of inbound travelers to Japan declined 96.3% year on year to 320,000, both major drops from the peak levels recorded in FY2019 (source: Japan National Tourism Organization [JNTO]).

Despite benefiting from a temporary rebound in travel demand aided by the implementation of the "Go To Travel" campaign (a support program promoted by the Japanese government) and rising vaccination rates in Japan, the Company was affected by self-isolation periods imposed on travelers returning to Japan in accordance with border-control measures, continued flight cancellations and travel restrictions, cancellations of planned overseas tours to all destinations, and the successive declaration of quasi-emergency measures and states of emergency that spanned roughly nine months, resulting in a significant decline in travel transactions. Against this backdrop, the Company continued to reduce costs in various countries (including by seconding employees to companies outside of the Group), restructured its management organization to cope with the COVID-19 pandemic (including by taking full advantage of government subsidies and other resources), and promoted work style reforms. It allocated management resources to domestic travel operations, where it anticipated demand, and worked to improve earnings through initiatives that leveraged its global bases, such as unique online experiential tours, and by strengthening operations other than travel. Despite these efforts, net sales declined 88.0% year on year to 43,028 million yen, and the business posted an operating loss of 38,336 million yen (versus an operating loss of 21,127 million yen in the previous fiscal year).

[Theme Park Business]

(Millions of yen)

| | Year ended October 31, 2020 | Year ended October 31, 2021 |
|-------------------------|--------------------------------|--------------------------------|
| Net sales | 14,113 | 15,126 |
| Operating profit (loss) | (3,403) | (3,559) |

In the consolidated fiscal year ended October 31, 2021, the number of theme park visitors increased temporarily due to the effects of the "Go To Travel" campaign, but the subsequent nationwide suspension of theme park operations and declarations and extensions of state of emergencies by the Japanese government once again produced challenging conditions for the Theme Park Business. All theme parks in the business proactively organized events while implementing measures to prevent infections, but operations were affected by the COVID-19 pandemic as the number of new cases increased across the country. As a result, the number of visitors to Huis Ten Bosch in the fiscal year under review declined 7.8% year on year to 1,277,000, net sales increased 7.2% to 15,126 million yen, and the business posted an operating loss of 3,559 million yen (versus an operating loss of 3,403 million yen in the previous fiscal year).

[Hotel Business]

(Millions of yen)

| | Year ended October 31, 2020 | Year ended October 31, 2021 |
|-------------------------|--------------------------------|--------------------------------|
| Net sales | 7,952 | 4,757 |
| Operating profit (loss) | (3,481) | (5,868) |
| EBITDA | (227) | (2,557) |

In the consolidated fiscal year ended October 31, 2021, the Company mainly focused on its Henn na Hotel chain in the Hotel Business, opening three such hotels in Nara, Ishikawa, and Miyagi prefectures. It also engaged in new development of hotels that embody regional characteristics, resulting in a diverse lineup that included Resort Hotel Kume Island (the first hotel in Japan for which the Company acquired property and succeeded existing hotel operations), Watermark Hotel Kyoto, Hotel VISON and Hatago VISON (established within the premise of VISON in Mie Prefecture, one of Japan's largest shopping, hotel, and leisure facilities), and Mantenno Tsujinoya (the first Japanese inn of the Japanese inn regeneration project). However, domestic operations were affected by the COVID-19 pandemic, and overseas hotels were hit hard by pandemic-related measures such as continued restrictions on emigration/immigration and travel, which drove a decline in the number of guests. As a result, net sales declined 40.2% year on year to 4,757 million yen, and the business posted an operating loss of 5,868 million yen (versus an operating loss of 3,481 million yen in the previous fiscal year). EBITDA was also negative at -2,557 million yen (versus -227 million yen in the previous fiscal year).

(Millions of yen)

| | Year ended October 31, 2020 | Year ended October 31, 2021 |
|-------------------------|--------------------------------|--------------------------------|
| Net sales | 19,177 | 16,362 |
| Operating profit (loss) | (2,132) | (2,712) |

In the consolidated fiscal year ended October 31, 2021, the Kyushu Sanko Group saw a limited recovery in demand aided in part by temporary effects from the "Go To Travel" campaign and a relaxation of restrictions on going out. However, due to the quasi-emergency measures requested by the Japanese government and Kumamoto Prefecture setting its own infection risk level at the highest level, the bus business was forced to suspend operations or scale back service on some routes, while the restaurant and product sales business had to shorten business hours or temporarily suspend operations. At the same time, the number of customers at the large-scale commercial facility SAKURA MACHI Kumamoto dropped, so the COVID-19 pandemic continued to have an impact. As a result, net sales declined 14.7% year on year to 16,362 million yen, and the business posted an operating loss of 2,712 million yen (versus an operating loss of 2,132 million yen in the previous fiscal year).

[Energy Business]

(Millions of yen)

| | Year ended October 31, 2020 | Year ended October 31, 2021 |
|------------------------|--------------------------------|--------------------------------|
| Net sales | 26,393 | 37,351 |
| Operating profit(loss) | 163 | (10,264) |

In the consolidated fiscal year ended October 31, 2021, the Energy Business benefited from efforts to expand new pricing plans and services and raise the number of contracts in the retail electricity sales business, as well as from firm supply volume. However, the business was dealt an extremely heavy blow by soaring wholesale electricity prices. In addition, in the electricity generation business, operating rates had to be adjusted due to lingering impact from soaring prices of fuels for biomass-fueled power plants.

As a result, net sales increased 41.5% year on year to 37,351 million yen, but the business posted an operating loss of 10,264 million yen (versus operating profit of 163 million yen in the previous fiscal year).

(2) Cash Flows

The amount of cash and cash equivalents (hereinafter, "funds") at the end of the consolidated fiscal year ended October 31, 2021 was 88,079 million yen, an increase of 7,633 million yen compared to the end of the previous fiscal year. Operating activities decreased funds by 28,397 million yen, investing activities decreased funds by 7,095 million yen, and financing activities increased funds by 40,711 million yen.

The status of each cash flow item is presented in detail below.

[Cash flows from operating activities]

Funds from operating activities saw a decrease of 28,397 million yen in the fiscal year under review. This mainly reflected a decrease in funds from the booking of a loss before income taxes (51,008 million yen), a decline in other liabilities including deposits (1,951 million yen), and an increase in travel advance payments (1,119 million yen), and an increase in funds from depreciation (12,593 million yen) as a non-cash item, a decrease in other assets including accounts receivable - other (8,483 million yen), and an increase in trade payables (3,673 million yen).

In the previous fiscal year, funds saw a decrease of 57,718 million yen. This mainly reflected the booking of a loss before income taxes (33,101 million yen), a decrease in travel advances received (77,912 million yen), and a decrease in travel advance payments (44,113 million yen).

As a result, in the fiscal year under review, cash flows from operating activities increased 29,320 million yen compared to the previous fiscal year.

[Cash flows from investing activities]

Funds from investing activities saw a decrease of 7,095 million yen in the fiscal year under review. This mainly reflected a decrease in funds from purchase of property, plant and equipment and intangible assets (16,567 million yen) and payments into time deposits (15,606 million yen), and an increase in funds from proceeds from withdrawal of time deposits (17,810 million yen) and proceeds from sale of property, plant and equipment and intangible assets (8,515 million yen).

In the previous fiscal year, funds saw a decrease of 47,901 million yen. This was mainly due to purchase of property, plant and equipment and intangible assets (66,565 million yen), payments into time deposits (18,941 million yen), and proceeds from withdrawal of time deposits (30,214 million yen).

As a result, in the fiscal year under review, cash flows from investing activities increased 40,805 million yen compared to the previous fiscal year.

[Cash flows from financing activities]

Funds from financing activities saw an increase of 40,711 million yen in the fiscal year under review. This mainly reflected an increase in funds from proceeds from long- and short-term borrowings (112,283 million yen), proceeds from issuance of shares (11,994 million yen), and a decrease in funds from repayments of long- and short-term borrowings (73,163 million yen) and redemption of bonds (10,000 million yen).

In the previous fiscal year, funds saw a decrease of 5,602 million yen. This mainly reflected repayments of long- and short-term borrowings (86,777 million yen), dividends paid (1,900 million yen), proceeds from long- and short-term borrowings (75,126 million yen), and proceeds from issuance of shares (7,728 million yen).

As result, in the fiscal year under review, cash flows from financing activities increased 46,313 million yen compared to the previous fiscal year.

- (3) Production, Orders Received, and Sales
- 1) Purchasing

Purchasing by segment during the consolidated fiscal year ended October 31, 2021 is as follows.

| Segment | Year ended October 31, 2021 [November 1, 2020 to October 31, 2021] (millions of yen) | Versus previous fiscal year (%) |
|--------------------------|--|---------------------------------|
| Travel Business | 33,031 | 10.7 |
| Theme Park Business | 3,041 | 109.2 |
| Hotel Business | 2,636 | 77.8 |
| Kyushu Sanko Group | 17,566 | 89.2 |
| Energy Business | 43,487 | 192.3 |
| Reportable segment total | 99,764 | 27.8 |
| Other | 2,415 | 121.4 |
| Total | 102,179 | 28.4 |

(Notes)

- 1. Intersegment transactions have been eliminated.
- 2. The businesses of the H.I.S. Group (H.I.S. Co., Ltd. and consolidated subsidiaries, hereinafter the same) are not operated based on production; as such, information on purchasing is stated in the place of production overview.
- 3. Figures do not include consumption taxes.

2) Orders received

Information on orders received has been omitted as the H.I.S. Group's businesses are not operated based on orders received.

3) Sales

Sales by segment during the consolidated fiscal year ended October 31, 2021 are as follows.

| Segment | Year ended October 31, 2021 [November 1, 2020 to October 31, 2021] (millions of yen) | Versus previous fiscal year (%) | | |
|--------------------------|--|---------------------------------|--|--|
| Travel Business | 42,918 | 12.0 | | |
| Theme Park Business | 14,593 | 107.8 | | |
| Hotel Business | 4,494 | 60.6 | | |
| Kyushu Sanko Group | 16,358 | 85.3 | | |
| Energy Business | 37,233 | 141.7 | | |
| Reportable segment total | 115,598 | 27.2 | | |
| Other | 2,965 | 59.6 | | |
| Total | 118,563 | 27.6 | | |

(Notes)

- 1. Intersegment transactions have been eliminated.
- 2. The H.I.S. Group calculates total transaction value (selling price) as net sales.
- 3. Figures do not include consumption taxes.

(4) Analyses of Financial Position, Operating Results, and Cash Flows

Analysis of financial position, operating results, and cash flows during the consolidated fiscal year ended October 31, 2021 are as follows. All matters relating to the future in the sections below are based on the current views of the Group as of the end of the fiscal year under review.

1) Analysis of financial position

(i) Current assets

The balance of current assets at the end of the fiscal year under review was 143,495 million yen, an increase of 4,271 million yen from the end of the previous fiscal year.

This was mainly due to increases in cash and deposits (up 6,177 million yen from the end of the previous fiscal year) and short-term loans receivable (up 3,132 million yen), and a decline in accounts receivable - other (down 4,402 million yen).

(ii) Non-current assets

The balance of non-current assets at the end of the fiscal year under review was 267,662 million yen, a decrease of 7,291 million yen from the end of the previous fiscal year.

This mainly reflected an increase in guarantee deposits (up 11,380 million yen from the end of the previous fiscal year), and declines in investment securities (down 4,877 million yen), long-term loans receivable (down 3,234 million yen), and deferred tax assets (down 1,851 million yen).

(iii) Current liabilities

The balance of current liabilities at the end of the fiscal year under review was 87,254 million yen, a decrease of 3,579 million yen from the end of the previous fiscal year.

This was mainly due to a decline in current portion of bonds payable (down 10,000 million yen from the end of the previous fiscal year), and increases in trade accounts payable (up 3,949 million yen) and current portion of long-term borrowings (up 2,867 million yen).

(iv) Non-current liabilities

The balance of non-current liabilities at the end of the fiscal year under review was 260,047 million yen, an increase of 34,698 million yen from the end of the previous fiscal year.

This was mainly due to an increase in long-term borrowings (up 35,037 million yen from the end of the previous fiscal year).

(v) Net assets

The balance of net assets at the end of the fiscal year under review was 64,145 million yen, a decrease of 34,275 million yen from the end of the previous fiscal year.

This mainly reflected a decrease in retained earnings resulting from the booking of a loss attributable to owners of parent (down 49,947 million yen from the end of the previous fiscal year), and increases in share capital and capital surplus from the exercise of share acquisition rights, etc. (up 11,926 million yen) and foreign currency translation adjustment (up 4,298 million yen).

2) Analysis of operating results

(i) Net sales

In the consolidated fiscal year ended October 31, 2021, net sales were 118,563 million yen, a decrease of 311,720 million yen (down 72.4%) from the previous fiscal year. By reportable segment, Travel Business net sales were 43,028 million yen (down 88.0%), Theme Park Business net sales were 15,126 million yen (up 7.2%), Hotel Business net sales were 4,757 million yen (down 40.2%), Kyushu Sanko Group net sales were 16,362 million yen (down 14.7%), and Energy Business net sales were 37,351 million yen (up 41.5%).

Figures in each segment reflect the amounts before offsetting and eliminating intersegment transactions.

(ii) Operating expenses

Operating expenses in the fiscal year under review were 182,622 million yen, a decrease of 278,791 million yen (down 60.4%) from the previous fiscal year.

Within operating expenses, cost of sales was 102,179 million yen, a decrease of 258,207 million yen (down 71.6%) from the previous fiscal year.

Selling, general and administrative expenses were 80,442 million yen, a decrease of 20,583 million yen (down 20.4%) from the previous fiscal year. The ratio of selling, general and administrative expenses to net sales rose 44.4 percentage points compared to the previous fiscal year, to 67.8%.

(iii) Operating loss

The Company reported an operating loss of 64,058 million yen in the fiscal year under review (versus an operating loss of 31,129 million yen in the previous fiscal year). The loss widened by 32,929 million yen from the previous fiscal year.

(iv) Ordinary loss

The Company reported an ordinary loss of 63,299 million yen in the fiscal year under review (versus an ordinary loss of 31,283 million yen in the previous fiscal year). The loss expanded by 32,015 million yen from the previous fiscal year. Main non-operating income included foreign exchange gains (1,134 million yen) and subsidy income (826 million yen), and non-operating expenses included interest expenses (1,175 million yen).

(v) Loss attributable to owners of parent

The Company reported a loss before income taxes of 51,008 million yen in the fiscal year under review (versus a loss before income taxes of 33,101 million yen in the previous fiscal year). The loss widened by 17,906 million yen from the previous fiscal year.

Total income taxes in the fiscal year under review were 2,234 million yen (versus -3,457 million yen in the previous fiscal year), an increase of 5,692 million yen from the previous fiscal year.

As a result, the Company reported a loss attributable to owners of parent of 50,050 million yen in the fiscal year under review (versus a loss attributable to owners of parent of 25,037 million yen in the previous fiscal year). The loss expanded by 25,012 million yen from the previous fiscal year.

3) Analysis of cash flows and capital resources and liquidity of funds

For an analysis of cash flows, see the "(2) Cash Flows" section in "3. Analyses of Financial Position, Business Results, and Cash Flows; II. Business Overview; Part I Information on the Company."

The H.I.S. Group mainly needs funding for working capital and capital expenditures. It secures funding for working capital through loans from financial institutions, and for capital expenditures through a combination of loans from financial institutions, the issuance of bonds and convertible bond-type bonds with share acquisition rights, and capital increases.

4) Significant accounting estimates and underlying assumptions

The consolidated financial statements of the Group are prepared in conformity with accounting standards that are generally accepted in Japan. In preparing the consolidated financial statements, estimates have been made in the calculation of allowance for doubtful accounts, provision for bonuses, and retirement benefit liability, etc. These estimates are rationally determined in consideration of past results; however, because of uncertainties inherent in estimates, they may differ from the actual results. For more information, see the "Significant matters that serve as the basis for preparation of the consolidated financial statements" section of "Notes" under "(1) Consolidated Financial Statements, 1. Consolidated Financial Statements, etc., V. Financial Information."

For more information on the assumptions underlying significant accounting estimates in relation to the COVID-19 pandemic, see the "Significant accounting estimates" section of "Notes" under "(1) Consolidated Financial Statements, 1. Consolidated Financial Statements, etc., V. Financial Information."

4. Material Business Agreements, etc.

The Company received approval to become a certified International Air Transport Association (IATA) passenger sales agent on December 31, 1990 (effective until cancellation of approval), and has entered into a passenger sales agency agreement. (Note) About the International Air Transport Association (IATA)

Founded in 1945, this private institution is an affiliation mainly of airlines engaged in international flights. Headquarters are in Montreal, Canada, and Geneva, Switzerland. Determination of various measures associated with IATA certified agents and settlement of accounts is done in Geneva. The authority of IATA comprises determination of fares, conditions on transport, agency measures, and other flight-related rules as well as fare settlements. An approval as a certified IATA sales agent allows travel agents to issue international flight tickets in-house.

5. Research and Development Activities

There are no applicable matters to report.

III. Equipment and Facilities

1. Capital Expenditures

In the Travel Business, the H.I.S. Group works to expand its sales network while saving labor and streamlining operations, and makes investments to improve profitability. In addition, the Group focuses on investments in the Theme Park Business, the Hotel Business, the Kyushu Sanko Group, and the Energy Business, which are expected to grow over the long term.

The breakdown of capital expenditures during the consolidated fiscal year ended October 31, 2021 (based on the amounts recorded as property, plant and equipment, guarantee deposits, hardware, and software; figures do not include consumption taxes, etc.) is as follows.

| Segment | Capital expenditures (millions of yen) |
|--------------------------|--|
| Travel Business | 1,827 |
| Theme Park Business | 1,411 |
| Hotel Business | 9,831 |
| Kyushu Sanko Group | 1,024 |
| Energy Business | 1,979 |
| Reportable segment total | 16,074 |
| Other | 331 |
| Corporate-wide (shared) | 91 |
| Total | 16,497 |

Amounts and purposes of major investments included in the above are as follows.

Travel Business: Relocation and renovation of branches and offices (488 million yen), and development and

improvement of travel reservation systems (1,318 million yen), etc.

Theme Park Business: Investment related to theme park facilities at Huis Ten Bosch Co., Ltd. (1,001 million yen), etc.

Hotel Business: Construction of Hotel VISON and Hatago VISON within the premise of VISON, a shopping, hotel,

and leisure facility in Mie Prefecture by Aqua Ignis Taki Hotel Asset K.K. (4,958 million yen), etc.

Kyushu Sanko Group: Investment related to Aso Sanjo Terminal (368 million yen), etc.

Energy Business: Investment related to power generation facilities at H.I.S. SUPER Power Co., Ltd. (1,902 million

yen), etc.

Other: Development and improvement of systems at H.S. Insurance Co., Ltd. and SYS Inc. (230 million

yen), etc.

Corporate-wide (shared): Investment in new businesses such as the restaurant business and the development of a hometown

tax comparison website.

2. Principal Facilities

The Group's principal facilities are as follows.

(1) The Filing Company

| | | | | Book value (millions of yen) | | | | | | | |
|--|--------------------------------|---|-----------|-------------------------------------|---------------------------------------|------------------|--------------------------|-----------------------|-------|--------|--|
| Facility name (Location) | Segment | Facility type | Buildings | Tools, furniture and fixtures | Land (thousand m ²) | Leased assets | Construction in progress | Guarantee deposits | Other | Total | employees (persons) Number of temporary employees (persons) |
| Headquarters and offices (Minato-ku, Tokyo, etc.) | Travel Business | Branch facilities; reservation systems | 1,238 | 262 | (-) | 9 | _ | 1,799 | 1,643 | 4,953 | 3,724 (523) |
| Headquarters (Minato-ku, Tokyo) | Other | Real estate | 2,220 | _ | 4,341 (5) | _ | _ | - | - | 6,561 | (-) |
| Headquarters (Minato-ku, Tokyo) | Corporate- wide (shared) | Office facilities; software | 8,588 | 74 | 24,445 (1) | 4 | 11 | 14 | 70 | 33,209 | 290 (21) |

(Notes)

- 1. Of the book value, "Other" comprises vehicles, works of art, and software, etc. Figures do not include consumption taxes, etc.
- 2. The number of temporary employees stated in parentheses refer to the annual average number of temporary workers, which is not included in the number of employees.
- 3. Of leased facilities, leasing fees incurred during the fiscal year under review was 2,524 million yen.

(2) Domestic subsidiaries

| | | | Book value (millions of yen) | | | | | | | Number of | |
|---|---------------------------|---------------------------|------------------------------|-------------------------------------|---------------------------------------|---------------|-----------------------------|-----------------------|-------|-----------|--|
| Company name Facility name (Location) | Segment | Segment Facility type | Buildings | Tools, furniture and fixtures | Land (thousand m ²) | Leased assets | Construction in progress | Guarantee deposits | Other | Total | employees (persons) Number of temporary employees (persons) |
| Huis Ten Bosch Co., Ltd. (Sasebo, Nagasaki Prefecture) | Theme Park Business | Theme park facilities | 4,636 | 7,587 | 323 (1,181) | - | 166 | 7 | 4,912 | 17,635 | 903 (418) |
| H.I.S. Hotel Holdings Co., Ltd. (Minato-ku, Tokyo, etc.) | Hotel Business | Hotel facilities | 23,954 | 592 | 20,347 (72) | l | 678 | 863 | 125 | 46,562 | 231 (23) |
| Aqua Ignis Taki Hotel Asset K.K. (Takicho, Taki, Mie Prefecture) | Hotel Business | Hotel facilities | 6,333 | 142 | - (-) | 536 | _ | _ | 10 | 7,022 | _ (-) |
| Kyushu Sanko Bus Co., Ltd. (Nishi- ku, Kumamoto, Kumamoto Prefecture) | Kyushu Sanko Group | Business facilities, etc. | 760 | 71 | 7,279 (121) | 1,687 | 72 | 7 | 42 | 9,922 | 504 (57) |
| Kyushu Sanko Landmark Co., Ltd. (Chuo-ku, Kumamoto, Kumamoto Prefecture) | Kyushu Sanko Group | Business facilities, etc. | 21,141 | 387 | 13,257 (17) | - | 0 | - | 2 | 34,787 | 12 (3) |
| H.I.S. SUPER Power Co., Ltd. (Minato-ku, Tokyo) | Energy Business | Power facilities | 6,798 | 13 | (-) | _ | _ | _ | 0 | 6,812 | 24 (-) |

(Notes)

- 1. Of the book value, "Other" comprises vehicles, vessels, machinery, equipment, structures, and software, etc. Figures do not include consumption taxes, etc.
- 2. The number of temporary employees stated in parentheses refer to the annual average number of temporary workers, which is not included in the number of employees.
- 3. Of leased facilities, leasing fees incurred by domestic subsidiaries during the fiscal year under review was 2,231 million yen.
- 4. Facility names of domestic subsidiaries are consistent with company names.

(3) Overseas subsidiaries

| | | | | Book value (millions of yen) | | | | | | | | |
|--|-------------------|---------------------|------------------|------------------------------|-------------------------------------|---------------------------------------|---------------|--------------------------|-----------------------|--------|------------|---|
| Company name Facility name (Location) | Segment | Segment | Facility type | Buildings | Tools, furniture and fixtures | Land (thousand m ²) | Leased assets | Construction in progress | Guarantee deposits | Other | Total | employees (persons) Number of temporary employees (persons) |
| HHH.USA. INC. (New York City, New York, U.S.A.) | Hotel Business | Hotel facilities | - | _ | 2,244 (0) | - | 4,020 | - | - | 6,264 | 4 (-) | |
| HIS DORAK TURIZM OTEL YATIRIMLARI VE DIS TICARET ANONIM SIRKETI (Istanbul, Turkey) | Hotel Business | Hotel facilities | I | 0 | 396 (47) | I | 5,116 | I | I | 5,513 | 2 (4) | |
| Green World Hotels Co., Ltd. (Taipei, Taiwan) | Hotel Business | Hotel facilities | 2,429 | 168 | 423 (0) | 10,018 | 0 | 567 | 543 | 14,150 | 226 (9) | |

(Notes)

- 1. Of the book value, "Other" comprises machinery, equipment, and software, etc. Figures do not include consumption taxes, etc.
- 2. The number of temporary employees stated in parentheses refer to the annual average number of temporary workers, which is not included in the number of employees.
- 3. Of leased facilities, leasing fees incurred by overseas subsidiaries during the fiscal year under review was 1,506 million yen.
- 4. Facility names of overseas subsidiaries are consistent with company names.

3. Plan for Additions and Disposals of Facilities

The plan for addition of a major facility as of the end of the fiscal year ended October 31, 2021 is listed below. Figures do not include consumption taxes, etc.

| C | | | Planned inves | stment amount | Sche commenceme | Increased | | |
|---------------------------------------|----------------|------------------------|--------------------------------|---|--------------------|---------------|---------------------------------|--|
| Company name Facility name | Segment | Facility details | Total amount (millions of yen) | Amount already paid (millions of yen) | Commencement | Completion | capacity after completion | |
| H.I.S. Hotel Holdings Co., Ltd. | Hotel Business | Hotel facilities, etc. | 7,576 | 3,376 | February 2020 | December 2022 | 250 guest rooms | |

IV. Information on the Company

- 1. Information on the Company's Shares
- (1) Total number of shares, etc.
- 1) Total number of shares

| Class | Total number of shares authorized to be issued |
|--------------|--|
| Common stock | 150,000,000 |
| Total | 150,000,000 |

2) Number of shares issued

| Class | Number of shares issued as of end of fiscal year (October 31, 2021) | Number of shares issued as of filing date (January 28, 2022) | Stock exchange on which the Company is listed | Description | | |
|--------------|---|--|---|--|--|--|
| Common stock | 75,969,236 | 79,860,936 | First Section of the Tokyo Stock Exchange | Standard Company shares with no restricted rights; 100 shares constitute one unit. | | |
| Total | 75,969,236 | 79,860,936 | _ | _ | | |

(Note) The number of shares issued as of filing date does not include the number of shares issued through the exercise of share acquisition rights from January 1, 2022 until the filing date for this Annual Securities Report.

- (2) Information on share acquisition rights, etc.
- 1) Details of stock option program

Share acquisition rights issued under the provisions of Articles 236, 238, and 240 of the Companies Act for the purpose of granting stock options to Directors and employees of the Company and its subsidiaries are presented below.

Third Series of Share Acquisition Rights

| Resolution date | January 29, 2020 | | | |
|---|--|--|--|--|
| Category and number of grantees | Directors of the Company:5Employees of the Company:1,541Directors of subsidiaries:44Employees of subsidiaries200 | | | |
| Number of share acquisition rights (*) | 9,005 units | | | |
| Class, content, and number of shares subject to share acquisition rights (*) | Common shares, 900,500 (Notes 1, 2) | | | |
| Amount payable on the exercise of share acquisition rights (*) | 1,387 yen (Note 3) | | | |
| Exercise period of share acquisition rights (*) | From April 1, 2023 to March 31, 2024 | | | |
| Share issue price and additional paid-in capital per share in the event of issuance of shares upon exercise of share acquisition rights (*) | Issue price: 1,678 yen Additional paid-in capital per share: 839 yen | | | |
| Conditions for exercise of share acquisition rights (*) | (Note 4) | | | |
| Matters regarding transfer of share acquisition rights (*) | Approval of the Company's Board of Directors is required for the acquisition of any share acquisition rights by means of transfer. | | | |
| Matters regarding grant of share acquisition rights accompanying corporate reorganization (*) | (Note 5) | | | |

^(*) The information above is as of the end of the fiscal year under review (October 31, 2021). The information as of the end of the month preceding the filing date (December 31, 2021) has been omitted as it had not changed from the end of the fiscal year under review.

(Notes)

1. The number of shares to be granted upon exercise of each share acquisition right (hereinafter, "Number of Shares to be Granted") shall be 100 shares.

2. If the Company implements a stock split (including gratis allotment of shares of common stock; items pertaining to stock split shall also apply to gratis allotment hereinafter) or stock consolidation with respect to common stock of the Company after the date of allotment of the share acquisition rights, the Number of Shares to be Granted with respect to the share acquisition rights not exercised at that time will be adjusted in accordance with the following formula.

Number of Shares to be Granted post-adjustment =

Number of Shares to be Granted pre-adjustment × Stock split or consolidation ratio

In addition, in the event an adjustment of the Number of Shares to be Granted is required for unavoidable reasons, the Number of Shares to be Granted may be adjusted to the extent necessary, subject to a Board of Directors resolution.

Any fractions of less than one share resulting from the adjustment shall be rounded down.

3. If the Company implements a stock split or stock consolidation with respect to its common stock, the amount payable on the exercise of share acquisition rights (hereinafter, "exercise price") shall be adjusted in accordance with the following formula, and any fractions of less than one yen resulting from the adjustment shall be rounded up.

Post-adjustment exercise price = Pre-adjustment exercise price × 1 Stock split/consolidation ratio

In the event of new share issuance or treasury share disposals at less than market price (excluding share issuance, treasury share disposals, or transfers of treasury share by share exchange associated with the exercise of share acquisition rights), the exercise price shall be adjusted in accordance with the following formula, and any fractions of less than one yen resulting from the adjustment shall be rounded up.

Number of shares already issued + Number of newly issued shares

The "number of shares already issued" in the above formula shall equal the total number of shares outstanding, less the number of treasury shares owned by the Company. In the case of treasury share disposals, the "number of newly issued shares" in the above formula shall be taken to mean the "number of treasury shares disposed of," and the "amount payable per share" shall be taken to mean the "disposal value per share."

If the Company conducts a merger, or a demerger, or if other such situations occur, the Company reserves the right to adjust the exercise price within a necessary and reasonable range.

- 4. The exercise conditions of the share acquisition rights are as follows.
 - (1) Persons granted an allotment of the share acquisition rights (hereinafter, "Rights Holders") must be Directors or employees of the Company or one of its subsidiaries at the time the share acquisition rights are exercised. However, this restriction shall not apply if so approved by the Board of Directors in the case of resignations of Directors after their terms have expired, mandatory retirement for employees, transfers prompted by an administrative order, or based on other justifiable reasons.
 - (2) In the event of the death of a Rights Holder, rights may not be exercised by the corresponding heir.
 - (3) Other conditions are as stipulated in the share acquisition rights allotment agreement concluded between the Company and the Rights Holder.
- 5. In the event the Company engages in a merger (only if the Company is to be dissolved as a result of the merger), an absorption-type demerger or incorporation-type demerger (in each case, only if the Company is to be the demerged company), or share exchange or share transfer (in each case, only if the Company is to become a wholly owned subsidiary) (hereafter all of which are collectively referred to as "Reorganization"), then the Rights Holders of share acquisition rights remaining in effect (the "Remaining Share Acquisition Rights") immediately prior to the effective date of the Reorganization (hereinafter respectively referring to an effective date of absorption-type merger in case of an absorption-type merger, a date of incorporation of a company incorporated through a consolidation-type merger in case of a consolidation-type merger, an effective date of absorption-type demerger in case of an incorporation-type demerger, an effective date of a share exchange in case of a share exchange, or a date of incorporation of a wholly owning parent company incorporated through a share transfer) shall be granted share acquisition rights of the relevant stock company specified under Article 236, Paragraph 1, Item 8 (a) through (e) of the Companies Act (such entity hereinafter referred to as the "Reorganized Company"). However, these share acquisition rights shall be granted only if provisions for issuing the share acquisition rights of the Reorganized Company in accordance with the following conditions are included in an absorption-type merger agreement, a consolidation-type merger agreement, or a share transfer plan.
 - (1) Number of share acquisition rights of the Reorganized Company to be issued

 The number of share acquisition rights equal to the number of Remaining Share Acquisition Rights held by respective Rights
 Holders shall be issued.
 - (2) Class of shares of the Reorganized Company subject to share acquisition rights Common stock of the Reorganized Company
 - (3) Number of shares of the Reorganized Company subject to share acquisition rights

 The number shall be reasonably adjusted in consideration of the conditions of Reorganization, etc., and any fractions of less than one share resulting from the adjustment shall be rounded down.

- (4) Amount of assets to be contributed upon exercise of share acquisition rights

 The amount shall be reasonably adjusted in consideration of the conditions of Reorganization, etc., and any fractions of less than one yen resulting from the adjustment shall be rounded up.
- (5) Exercise period of share acquisition rights

 The exercise period of share acquisition rights shall be from the latter of the first day of the aforementioned "exercise period of share acquisition rights" or the effective date of the Reorganization, to the expiration date of the "exercise period of share

acquisition rights."

- (6) Increase in share capital and legal capital surplus in the case of issuing shares upon exercise of share acquisition rights

 Determined in accordance with aforementioned "share issue price and additional paid-in capital per share in the event of issuance of shares upon exercise of share acquisition rights."
- (7) Restrictions on acquisition of share acquisition rights through transfer

 The acquisition of share acquisition rights through transfer shall be subject to the approval of the Reorganized Company's Board of Directors.
- (8) Conditions for the exercise of share acquisition rights

 Determined in accordance with aforementioned "Conditions for exercise of share acquisition rights."
- (9) Matters concerning the acquisition of share acquisition rights Determined in accordance with the following "Conditions for acquisition of own share acquisition rights and reason for acquisition."

Conditions for acquisition of own share acquisition rights and reason for acquisition

- If the Rights Holder, prior to exercising his/her share acquisition rights, loses the eligibility to exercise such rights pursuant to the provisions prescribed in the above "Conditions for exercise of share acquisition rights," the Company reserves the right to acquire subject share acquisition rights gratis on a date separately determined by its Board of Directors.
- In the event proposals a, b, or c below are approved at the Company's General Meeting of Shareholders (in the event a General Meeting of Shareholders resolution is unnecessary, approval by the Board of Directors), the Company may acquire share acquisition rights gratis on a date separately determined by its Board of Directors.
- a: Proposal for approval of a merger agreement causing the Company to be dissolved
- b: Proposal for approval of a demerger agreement or demerger plan resulting in the Company becoming the demerged company
- c: Proposal for approval of a share exchange agreement or stock transfer plan in which the Company becomes a wholly owned subsidiary
- 2) Details of rights plans

There are no applicable matters to report.

Status of other share acquisition rights, etc.
 Euro-Yen Denominated Convertible Bond-Type Bonds with Share Acquisition Rights due 2024

| Resolution date | October 31, 2017 |
|---|--|
| Number of share acquisition rights (*) | 2,500 units |
| Of which, number of share acquisition rights held by the Company (*) | _ |
| Class, content, and number of shares subject to share acquisition rights (*) | Common shares, 4,461,099 [4,574,398] (Note 1) |
| Amount payable on the exercise of share acquisition rights (*) | 5,604 yen [5,465.2 yen] (Note 2) |
| Exercise period of share acquisition rights (*) | From November 30, 2017 to November 1, 2024 (local time for reception of exercise request) (Note 3) |
| Share issue price and additional paid-in capital per share in the event of issuance of shares upon exercise of share acquisition rights (*) | Issue price: 5,604 yen [5,465.2 yen] Additional paid-in capital per share: 2,802 yen [2,733 yen] (Note 4) |
| Conditions for exercise of share acquisition rights (*) | (Note 5) |
| Matters regarding transfer of share acquisition rights (*) | Subject share acquisition rights are attached to convertible bond-type bonds with share acquisition rights and cannot be transferred separately. |
| Matters regarding grant of share acquisition rights accompanying corporate reorganization (*) | (Note 6) |
| Description and value of assets contributed upon exercise of share acquisition rights (*) | (Note 7) |
| Balance of bonds with share acquisition rights (*) | 25,000 million yen |

^(*) The information above is as of the end of the fiscal year under review (October 31, 2021). If items have changed during the period from the end of the fiscal year under review to the end of the month preceding the filing date (December 31, 2021), the information as of the end of the month preceding the filing data is provided in square brackets. For other items, the information has not changed from the end of the fiscal year under review.

(Notes)

- 1. The number of shares of the Company's common stock to be delivered upon exercise of the share acquisition rights shall be the total of the par value of the bonds pertaining to the exercise request divided by the conversion price as described in (Note 2) below. However, any fractions of less than one share resulting from the exercise shall be rounded down and no adjustment by cash shall be made.
- 2. (1) Initially, the conversion price will be 5,616 yen.
 - (2) Regarding the conversion price, following the issuance of bonds with share acquisition rights, in the event the Company issues or disposes of shares of its common stock at a payment amount below the market price of the Company's common stock, the conversion price will be adjusted according to the formula below. In the formula below, the "number of shares already issued" means the total number of outstanding common shares of the Company (excluding those owned by the Company).

| Post-adjustment | | | × | Number of shares | issued or disposed of | × | Amount payable per share |
|------------------|---|------------------|---|-----------------------|----------------------------|---------|--------------------------|
| | = | Pre-adjustment | | already issued + | Marke | et pric | ee |
| conversion price | | conversion price | | Number of shares alre | adv issued + Number of sha | ares is | sued or disposed of |

In addition, in the event the Company implements a stock split or stock consolidation of its common stock, issues share acquisition rights (including those attached to bonds with share acquisition rights) for which issuance of the Company's common stock can be requested at a payment amount below the market price of the Company's common stock, or pays dividends exceeding a certain limit, or upon occurrence of certain other events, the conversion price will be adjusted as appropriate.

3. The period during which share acquisition rights can be exercised shall be November 30, 2017 through November 1, 2024 (local time for reception of exercise request).

However, rights can be exercised (i) up to three business days before the redemption date in Tokyo in the event of early redemption due to a clean-up clause prescribed in the terms of subject bonds, changes in tax regulations, reorganization, delisting of shares, squeeze outs, etc. (this does not apply to share acquisition rights attached to bonds not selected for early redemption in the case of early redemption on changes in tax regulations as prescribed in the terms of subject bonds); (ii) until subject bonds are cancelled, in the event these bonds are purchased and cancelled; (iii) until the loss of the benefit of time, in the event subject bonds lose the benefit of time.

In all of the aforementioned situations, the exercise of subject share acquisition rights will not be possible after November 1, 2024 (local time for reception of exercise request).

Notwithstanding the above, in the event the Company reasonably determines it necessary not to permit the exercise of share acquisition rights in light of conducting a corporate reorganization, the exercise of subject share acquisition rights shall not be permitted during a period designated by the Company, the term of which shall be 30 days or less, and shall end within 14 days from the day following the effective date of the reorganization.

In addition, with regard to the period beginning two business days in Tokyo (or, in the event said date is not a business day in Tokyo, then three business days) preceding the record date determined by the Company, or preceding the date designated for confirmation of shareholders as per Article 151, paragraph (1) of the Act on Book-Entry Transfer of Company Bonds, Shares, etc. (hereinafter, "shareholder confirmation date") and ending on the said shareholder confirmation date (or, in the event the said shareholder confirmation date is not a business day in Tokyo, the next business day in Tokyo), in the event the date on which the exercise of subject share acquisition rights takes effect (or, in the event said date is not a business day in Tokyo, the next business day in Tokyo) falls within such period, the exercise of subject share acquisition rights will not be possible. However, in the event laws or practices related to the issuance of shares pertaining to the exercise of share acquisition rights through transfer systems based on the Act on Book-Entry Transfer of Company Bonds, Shares, etc. are amended, the limitation on the period during which the subject share acquisition rights can be exercised pursuant to this paragraph may be revised by the Company to reflect such changes.

- 4. The increase in share capital arising from the issuance of shares upon exercise of subject share acquisition rights shall equal one half of the maximum amount by which share capital can be increased as calculated in accordance with Article 17 of the Ordinance on Company Accounting; any fraction less than one yen arising therefrom shall be rounded up to the nearest one yen.
- 5. (1) Partial exercise of each share acquisition right is not possible.
 - (2) Until August 15, 2024 (inclusive), if the closing prices of the Company's common shares over the 20 consecutive Trading Days ending on the last Trading Day (defined below) of any particular quarter (referring to the three-month periods that make up a calendar year; same here below within this item (2)) are each more than 130% of the conversion price in effect on the last Trading Day of such quarter, the holders of subject bonds may exercise the share acquisition rights on or after the first day of the immediately following quarter until the end of such quarter (or, in the case of the quarter starting from July 1, 2024, until August 15, 2024); provided, however, that the conditions for exercise of the share acquisition rights specified in this item (2) shall not apply to the periods set forth in 1), 2), and 3) below.
 - 1) (i) periods during which the Company is assigned an issuer rating of BB+ or lower by the Japan Credit Rating Agency or its successors (hereinafter, "JCR"), (ii) periods during which the Company is no longer assigned an issuer rating by JCR, or (iii) periods during which the Company's issuer rating by JRC has been suspended or withdrawn.
 - 2) Period starting from the date on which the company announces an early redemption due to a clean-up clause prescribed in the terms of subject bonds, changes in tax regulations, reorganization, delisting of shares, squeeze outs, etc. (this does not apply to share acquisition rights attached to bonds not selected for early redemption in the case of early redemption on changes in tax regulations as prescribed in the terms of subject bonds).
 - 3) In the case of a reorganization, unless the exercise of the share acquisition rights is suspended by the Company as outlined in (Note 3) above, the period from the date on which the Company announces the reorganization to the holders of the subject bonds prescribed in the terms of subject bonds to the effective date of the reorganization. "Trading Day" means a day on which the Tokyo Stock Exchange, Inc. is open for business, but does not include days on which no closing price for shares is reported.
- 6. (1) In the event of corporate reorganization, the Company shall make the best effort to have the Succeeding Company (defined below) assume the position of the principal debtor of subject bonds based on the terms of the subject bonds, and issue new share acquisition rights in lieu of these share acquisition rights. However, succession and issuance will be executed based on the assumption that (i) it can be conducted based on applicable laws at the time of execution, (ii) a mechanism for execution has already been created or can be created, and (iii) the Company or Succeeding Company will not bear unreasonable (determined by the Company) costs (including taxes) from the perspective of overall reorganization. In such a case, the Company shall make the best effort to ensure that the Succeeding Company is a listed company in Japan at the effective date of the reorganization. The Company's effort obligations as described in (1) is not applicable when the Company delivers to its financial agent a certificate prescribed in the clause pertaining to early redemption resulting from reorganization.

"Succeeding Company" refers to the other party in corporate reorganization, which undertakes the obligations of the Company concerning subject bonds and/or subject share acquisition rights.

- (2) The details of the Succeeding Company's share acquisition rights that are to be issued pursuant to the above provisions in (Note 6 (1)) are as follows.
 - Number of share acquisition rights
 A number equal to the number of share acquisition rights attached to subject bonds that are outstanding as of the timing immediately before the effective date of reorganization.
 - 2) Class of shares subject to share acquisition rights Common stock of the Succeeding Company
 - 3) Number of shares subject to share acquisition rights
 - The number of shares of the Succeeding Company's common stock delivered upon exercise of such company's share acquisition rights shall be determined by the Succeeding Company, taking into consideration the conditions of the reorganization. In addition to making decisions by referring to the terms of subject bonds, (i) or (ii) below shall be followed. The conversion price shall be subject to the same adjustment as in (Note 2 (2)) above.
 - (i) In the case of a merger, share exchange, or share transfer, the conversion price shall be determined so that the holder of the Company's common shares, the number of which amounting to the number of shares obtainable when subject share acquisition rights are exercised immediately before the effective date of reorganization, shall be able to receive the number of Succeeding Company's common shares the holder is eligible to receive from such reorganization by exercising the share acquisition rights immediately following the effective date of reorganization. If securities or other assets other than the common stock of the Succeeding Company are deliverable at the time of reorganization, the same number of shares of common stock of the Succeeding Company may be received as calculated by dividing the fair value of such securities or assets by the market price of the common stock of the Succeeding Company.
 - (ii) In the event of reorganization other than the above, the conversion price shall be determined so that the economic benefit received by exercising the Succeeding Company's share acquisition rights immediately after the effective date of reorganization will be equivalent to the economic benefit the holder of subject bonds would have received, had such holder exercised the subject share acquisition rights immediately prior to the effective date of such reorganization.
 - 4) Assets to be contributed upon exercise of share acquisition rights and their value Upon exercise of share acquisition rights of the Succeeding Company, the succeeded bonds shall be contributed; the value thereof shall be the same as the face value of the succeeded bonds.
 - 5) Exercise period of share acquisition rights of the Succeeding Company

 The exercise period of share acquisition rights of the Succeeding Company shall be from the effective date of the reorganization (or a specified date within 14 days after the effective date) until the expiration date of the exercise period of subject share acquisition rights as outlined in (Note 3) above.
 - 6) Other conditions for exercise of share acquisition rights

 Partial exercise of each share acquisition right of the Succeeding Company is not possible. The exercise of share acquisition rights of the Succeeding Company is subject to the same limitations described in (Note 5 (2)) above.
 - 7) Increase in share capital and legal capital surplus in the case of issuing shares upon exercise of share acquisition rights. The increase in share capital arising from the issuance of shares upon exercise of share acquisition rights of the Succeeding Company shall equal one half of the maximum amount by which share capital can be increased as calculated in accordance with Article 17 of the Ordinance on Company Accounting; any fraction less than one yen arising therefrom shall be rounded up to the nearest one yen. The increase in legal capital surplus shall be obtained by subtracting the amount of increase in share capital from such maximum amount by which share capital can be increased.
 - 8) In the event of corporate reorganization

 Even in the event the Succeeding Company undergoes reorganization, the same procedures as with the subject bonds shall apply.
 - 9) Other
 - Any fractions of less than one share resulting from the exercise of share acquisition rights of the Succeeding Company shall be rounded down and no adjustment in cash shall be made. Share acquisition rights of the Succeeding Company cannot be transferred separately from the succeeded bonds.
- (3) In the event the Company has the Succeeding Company undertake or succeed the Company's obligations associated with subject bonds in accordance with the provisions of (Note 6 (1)) above, the Company shall abide by the terms of subject bonds and also bear a guarantee in certain cases specified in such terms.
- 7. Upon exercise of each share acquisition right, the bonds attached to the subject share acquisition rights shall be contributed, and the price of the bond shall be the same as the par value thereof.

Fourth Series of Share Acquisition Rights

| Resolution date | October 2, 2020 |
|---|--|
| Number of share acquisition rights (*) | 87,003 units |
| Of which, number of share acquisition rights held by the Company (*) | |
| Class, content, and number of shares subject to share acquisition rights (*) | Common shares, 8,700,300 (Note 1) |
| Amount payable on the exercise of share acquisition rights (*) | 1,665.9 yen (Note 2) |
| Exercise period of share acquisition rights (*) | From October 20, 2020 to October 19, 2023 |
| Share issue price and additional paid-in capital per share in the event of issuance of shares upon exercise of share acquisition rights (*) | Issue price: 1,680.09 yen Additional paid-in capital per share: 841 yen |
| Conditions for exercise of share acquisition rights (*) | Partial exercise of each share acquisition right is not possible. |
| Matters regarding transfer of share acquisition rights (*) | Not applicable |
| Matters regarding grant of share acquisition rights accompanying corporate reorganization (*) | (Note 5) |

(*) The information above is as of the end of the fiscal year under review (October 31, 2021). The information as of the end of the month preceding the filing date (December 31, 2021) has been omitted as it had not changed from the end of the fiscal year under review.

(Notes)

- 1. The type and total number of shares subject to the share acquisition rights shall be 8,700,300 common shares of the Company (the number of shares to be issued per share acquisition right [the "Number of Allotted Shares"] shall be 100 common shares of the Company). However, if the Number of Allotted Shares is adjusted in accordance with items (1) or (3) below, the total number of shares subject to the share acquisition shall be adjusted based on the Number of Allotted Shares after adjustment.
 - (1) If an adjustment is made to the exercise price in accordance with the provisions in "Note 2. Adjustment of exercise price" below, the Number of Allotted Shares shall be calculated using the following formula. Any fractions of less than one share resulting therefrom shall be rounded down. In addition, the pre- and post-adjustment exercise prices used in this formula shall be the pre- and post-adjustment exercise prices specified separately in the "Amount payable on the exercise of share acquisition rights" field.

Number of Allotted
Shares post-adjustment =

Number of Allotted Shares pre-adjustment × Pre-adjustment exercise price

Post-adjustment exercise price

- (2) The date on which the Number of Allotted Shares post-adjustment begins to be applicable shall be the same day as the application date of the post-adjustment exercise price in accordance with each item with regard to the adjustment of the exercise price specified in items (2) and (5) of "Note 2. Adjustment of exercise price" concerning the adjustment reasons.
- (3) If an adjustment is made to the Number of Allotted Shares, the Company shall notify the holders of the share acquisition rights (the "Rights Holders") in writing of such adjustment and the reason therefor, the Number of Allotted Shares preadjustment, the Number of Allotted Shares post-adjustment, and the first day when the adjustment becomes applicable, and other necessary information by the day that precedes the day when the adjustment begins to be applicable. In the case specified in item (2) 5) of "Note 2. Adjustment of exercise price" below or other cases where the Company is unable to give such notice by the day preceding the day when the adjustment begins to be applicable, the Company shall give notice as early as possible after the day when the adjustment begins to be applicable.
- 2. Adjustment of exercise price
 - (1) If, after issuing the share acquisition rights, a change is made or may be made in the number of issued common shares of the Company for any of the reasons given in item (2) below, the Company shall use the following formula to adjust the exercise price (the "Exercise Price Adjustment Formula;" the exercise price after adjustment shall be referred to as the "Post-Adjustment Exercise Price" and the share price before adjustment as the "Pre-Adjustment Exercise Price").

Post-Adjustment Exercise Price

Pre-Adjustment Exercise Price

Number of common shares newly issued or disposed of shares already issued

Number of common shares newly issued or disposed of shares already issued

Number of common shares newly issued or disposed of shares shares have newly issued or disposed of shares shares have newly issued or disposed of shares shares have newly issued or disposed of shares have newly issued or disposed or shares have newly in the newly issued or disposed or shares have newly in the newly issued or disposed or shares have newly in the newly in the newly issued or disposed or shares have newly in the newly in the newly issued or disposed or shares have newly in the new

Number of common shares aready issued +
Number of common shares newly issued or disposed of

- (2) The adjustment of the exercise price using the Exercise Price Adjustment Formula and the timing at which the Post-Adjustment Exercise Price becomes applicable shall be subject to the following.
 - 1) If the Company issues new common shares at a price lower than the market price specified in item (4) 2) below or disposes of treasury shares (including those by means of gratis allotment) (excluding the cases of [1] issuance of new common shares to Directors or employees of the Company or one of its subsidiaries, or disposals of treasury shares by the Company, based on the restricted stock compensation scheme introduced by the Company; or [2] acquisition, conversion, or exercise of securities that have been acquired or are subject to demand for acquisition by the Company in exchange of allotment of the Company's common shares, share acquisition rights under which Rights Holders can demand the issuance of Company's common shares [including those attached to bonds with share acquisition rights] and other securities and rights; or [3] issuance of new common shares of the Company based on a resolution by the Board of Directors on October 2, 2020), the Post-Adjustment Exercise Price shall be applicable from the day following the pay-in date (the final day of the payment period, if such a period is set), or from the day following the record date, if there is such a day for granting shareholders a right to allotment relating to such issuance or disposal.
 - 2) If the Company issues common shares by means of a stock split or gratis allotment, the Post-Adjustment Exercise Price shall be applicable on and after the day following the record date for the relevant stock split or gratis allotment (if no record date is set for a gratis allotment, the day on which the allotment becomes effective).
 - 3) If common shares are acquired from the Company at a payment price lower than the market price specified in Item 4 (ii) below as part of an exchange, if the Company issues securities (including through gratis allotment) that can request the Company to issue common shares at such a lower price, or if the Company issues share acquisition rights, bonds with share acquisition rights, or other securities or rights (including through gratis allotment) that can request the Company to issue common shares at such a lower price (excluding share acquisition rights issued as stock options to Directors and employees of the Company or one of its subsidiaries by a resolution of the Board of Directors), the Post-Adjustment Exercise Price shall be calculated using the Exercise Price Adjustment Formula on the assumption that the issued securities, share acquisition rights, or rights were all acquired at the initial acquisition price or exercised at the initial exercise price, and that the common shares of the Company were issued accordingly. The Post-Adjustment Exercise Price shall be applicable from the pay-in date for the securities or rights, or on and after the day following the allotment date of the share acquisition rights (including those attached to bonds with share acquisition rights). If there is a record date for share subscriptions or for gratis allotment, the Post-Adjustment Exercise Price shall be applicable on and after the day following such date.
 - 4) If the Company issues common shares at a price lower than the market price specified in item (4) 2) below in exchange for shares subject to call or share acquisition rights subject to call (including those attached to bonds with shares acquisition rights) issued by the Company, the Post-Adjustment Exercise Price shall be applied from the day following the acquisition date.
 - 5) In each of the cases specified in 1) through 3) above, if a record date has been set and the entry into force is subject to approval of the General Meeting of Shareholders, the Board of Directors, or any other body of the Company on and after that record day, notwithstanding any of the cases specified in 1) through 3) above, the Post-Adjustment Exercise Price shall be applied on and after the day following the date when the approval is given. In this case, the Company shall issue common shares to the Rights Holders who request to exercise their share acquisition rights between the day following the record date and day of approval using the following calculation method.

Number of shares = (Pre-Adjustment Exercise Price – Post-Adjustment Exercise Price) × Number of shares issued during the period at Pre-Adjustment Exercise Price

Post-Adjustment Exercise Price

Any fractions of less than one share resulting from the adjustment shall be rounded down.

(3) If the difference between the Post-Adjustment Exercise Price calculated using the Exercise Price Adjustment Formula and the Pre-Adjustment Exercise Price is less than one yen, no adjustment shall be made to the exercise price. However, if any event occurs at a later date requiring an adjustment to the exercise price and therefore an adjustment is made to the exercise price, the Company shall use in place of the Pre-Adjustment Exercise Price used in the Exercise Price Adjustment Formula the amount that remains after deducting the above difference from the Pre-Adjustment Exercise Price.

- (4) 1) In using the Exercise Price Adjustment Formula, the Company shall calculate prices to their second decimal place and then round them down to the first decimal place.
 - 2) The market price used in the Exercise Price Adjustment Formula shall be the simple average of the closing prices of the common shares of the Company on the Tokyo Stock Exchange during the 30 trading days (not including days on which no closing price is quoted) starting from the 45th trading day preceding the day when the Post-Adjustment Exercise Price is applied for the first time. In this case, the simple average price shall be calculated to the second decimal place and rounded down to the first decimal place.
 - 3) The "number of common shares already issued" used in the Exercise Price Adjustment Formula shall be the total number of common shares issued as of the record date for granting shareholders the right to share allotment or, in the absence of any such record date, as of the day that is one month prior to the day when the Post-Adjustment Exercise Price is applied for the first time, less the number of common shares held by the Company as of such date. Further, in the case of item (2) 5) above, the "number of common shares newly issued or disposed of" used in the Exercise Price Adjustment Formula shall not include common shares that shall be allotted to the Company's common shares held by the Company on the record date.
- (5) In cases other than the cases where an adjustment to the exercise price in accordance with item (2) above is required, the Company shall make necessary adjustments to the exercise price upon discussion with the Rights Holders in the following cases
 - 1) If the exercise price is required to be adjusted because of a stock consolidation, capital decrease, company split, share exchange, or merger;
 - 2) If the exercise price is required to be adjusted because any other event or situation occurs that requires or may require a change to the number of common shares outstanding of the Company;
 - 3) If multiple events that require the exercise price to be adjusted occur successively, and it becomes necessary to consider the effect of another event to determine the market price that shall be used for calculating the Post-Adjustment Exercise Price due to one event.
- (6) If an adjustment is being made to the exercise price, the Company shall notify the Rights Holders in writing of such adjustment and the reason therefor, the Pre-Adjustment Exercise Price, the Post-Adjustment Exercise Price, and the first day when the Post-Adjustment Exercise Price becomes applicable, and other necessary information by the day that precedes the day when the adjustment begins to be applicable. In the case specified in item (2) 5) above or other cases where the Company is unable to give such notice by the day preceding the day when the adjustment begins to be applicable, the Company shall give notice as early as possible after the day when the adjustment begins to be applicable.
- 3. Total share issue price for shares issued upon exercise of share acquisition rights 14,617,287,027 yen
 - (Note) The total share issue price may be less than the amount indicated above if the share acquisition rights are not exercised during the exercise period, or if they are acquired and cancelled by the Company.
- 4. Share issue price and additional paid-in capital in the event of issuance of shares upon exercise of share acquisition rights
 - (1) Issue price per share in the event of issuance of shares upon exercise of share acquisition rights

 The issue price per common share of the Company to be delivered upon exercise of the share acquisition rights shall be
 calculated by adding the total issue price for the share acquisition rights pertaining to the exercise request to the total amount
 of assets to be contributed upon exercise of each share acquisition right pertaining to the exercise request, and dividing that
 total by the number of shares subject to the share acquisition rights specified separately in the "Number of shares subject to
 share acquisition rights" field.
 - (2) Increases in share capital and legal capital surplus arising from issuance of shares upon exercise of share acquisition rights. The increase in share capital arising from the issuance of shares upon exercise of share acquisition rights shall equal one half of the maximum amount by which share capital can be increased as calculated in accordance with Article 17 of the Ordinance on Company Accounting. (Any fractions of less than one yen resulting therefrom shall be rounded up to the nearest one yen.) The increase in legal capital surplus shall be the amount obtained by deducting the amount of share capital to be increased from the maximum amount of increase in share capital.
- 5. In the event the Company engages in an absorption-type merger in which the Company will be the dissolved company, in a consolidation-type merger in which the Company will be the demerged company, in an absorption-type company split in which the Company will be the company to be split, in an incorporation-type company split in which the Company will be the company to be split, in a share exchange in which the company will be the wholly owned subsidiary company, or in a share transfer in which the company will be the wholly owned subsidiary company (hereafter all of which are collectively referred to as the "Reorganization"), the new entity (company surviving the absorption-type merger, company incorporated in a consolidation-type merger, successor company in absorption-type split, company incorporated in incorporation-type split, wholly owning parent company resulting from share exchange, or wholly owning parent company incorporated in a share transfer; hereafter all of which are collectively referred to as the "Reorganized Company") shall deliver new share acquisition rights to the Rights Holders in exchange for share acquisition rights remaining in effect immediately prior to the effective date of the Reorganization in accordance with the conditions below.

- (1) Number of share acquisition rights of the Reorganized Company to be newly issued

 To be reasonably adjusted in consideration of the conditions, etc. of the Reorganization based on the number of share acquisition rights owned by the Rights Holders. Any fractions of less than one right resulting therefrom shall be rounded down.
- (2) Type of shares subject to share acquisition rights to be newly issued The same type of shares of the Reorganized Company.
- (3) Calculation method of the number of shares subject to share acquisition rights to be newly issued

 To be reasonably adjusted in consideration of the conditions, etc. of the Reorganization. Any fractions of less than one share resulting therefrom shall be rounded down.
- (4) Value of property invested for exercise of share acquisition rights to be newly issued

 To be reasonably adjusted in consideration of the conditions, etc. of the Reorganization. Any fractions of less than one yen resulting therefrom shall be rounded down.
- (5) Exercise period, exercise conditions, and acquisition conditions for share acquisition rights to be newly issued, issuance of share acquisition rights in the event of a Reorganization, non-issuance of securities with share acquisition rights, and increase in share capital and legal capital surplus arising from issuance of shares upon exercise of share acquisition rights
- (3) Information on moving strike convertible bonds, etc.

There are no applicable matters to report.

(4) Changes in the total number of issued shares, share capital, etc.

| Date | Increase/ decrease in total number of issued shares (shares) | Balance of issued shares (shares) | Increase/decreas e in share capital (millions of yen) | Balance of share capital (millions of yen) | Increase/ decrease in legal capital surplus (millions of yen) | Balance of legal capital surplus (millions of yen) |
|---|---|-----------------------------------|---|--|--|--|
| October 19, 2020 (Note 1) | 5,246,000 | 73,768,936 | 4,000 | 15,000 | 4,000 | 7,661 |
| October 30, 2020 (Note 2) | (5,000,000) | 68,768,936 | _ | 15,000 | _ | 7,661 |
| November 1, 2020– October 31, 2021 (Note 3) | 7,200,300 | 75,969,236 | 6,048 | 21,048 | 6,048 | 13,709 |

(Notes)

1. Capital increase through third-party allotment

Issue price: 1,525 yen Additional paid-in capital: 762.5 yen

Allottee: Long Corridor Alpha Opportunities Master Fund

MAP246 Segregated Portfolio

- 2. Decrease due to cancellation of treasury shares
- 3. Increase due to exercise of share acquisition rights
- 4. A third-party allotment of new shares with a payment date of November 22, 2021 increased the total number of issued shares by 1,140 thousand shares, and increased both share capital and legal capital surplus by 1,250 million yen.

Issue price: 2,192 yen Additional paid-in capital: 1,096 yen

Allottee: Pacific Alliance Asia Opportunity Fund L.P.

5. A third-party allotment of new shares with a payment date of December 13, 2021 increased the total number of issued shares by 1,210 thousand shares, and increased both share capital and legal capital surplus by 1,250 million yen.

Issue price: 2,065 yen Additional paid-in capital: 1,032.5 yen

Allottee: Pacific Alliance Asia Opportunity Fund L.P.

6. A third-party allotment of new shares with a payment date of December 28, 2021 increased the total number of issued shares by 1,540 thousand shares, and increased both share capital and legal capital surplus by 1,250 million yen.

Issue price: 1,623 yen Additional paid-in capital: 811.5 yen

Allottee: Pacific Alliance Asia Opportunity Fund L.P.

(5) Composition of issued shares by type of shareholders

As of October 31, 2021

| | Status of shares (one unit of stock: 100 shares) | | | | | | | | |
|------------------------------------|--|---------------------------|-----------|----------------------|----------------------------|-------------|------------------------|---------|---------------------------|
| Catalana | Government | | Financial | | Foreign corporations, etc. | | | | Number of shares less |
| Category | and municipality | and Financial instruments | | usiness corporations | | Individuals | Individuals and others | Total | than one unit (shares) |
| Number of shareholders | - | 27 | 42 | 375 | 181 | 584 | 61,517 | 62,726 | _ |
| Share ownership (units) | | 114,911 | 31,075 | 48,531 | 59,699 | 2,672 | 501,481 | 758,369 | 132,336 |
| Ownership percentage of shares (%) | _ | 15.15 | 4.10 | 6.40 | 7.87 | 0.35 | 66.13 | 100.00 | - |

(Notes)

- 1. Of the 5,922,098 treasury shares, 59,220 units are included in the "Individuals and others" column, while 98 shares are included in the "Number of shares less than one unit" column.
- 2. Of the shares registered in the name of Japan Securities Depository Center, Incorporated, 18 units are included in the "Other corporations" column and 40 shares are included in the "Number of shares less than one unit" column.

| Name | Address | Share ownership (thousands of shares) | Ownership percentage to the total number of issued shares (excluding treasury shares) (%) |
|--|--|---|---|
| Hideo Sawada | Shibuya-ku, Tokyo | 17,948 | 25.62 |
| Custody Bank of Japan, Ltd. | 1-8-12 Harumi, Chuo-ku, Tokyo | 6,410 | 9.15 |
| The Master Trust Bank of Japan, Ltd. | 2-11-3 Hamamatsucho, Minato-ku, Tokyo | 4,943 | 7.06 |
| Hide Inter Ltd. | 1-7-26 Shoto, Shibuya-ku, Tokyo | 3,757 | 5.36 |
| STATE STREET BANK AND TRUST COMPANY (Standing proxy: Mizuho Bank, Ltd., Settlement & Clearing Services Department) | P.O. BOX 351 BOSTON MASSACHUSETTS 02101 U.S.A. (2-15-1 Konan, Minato-ku, Tokyo) | 1,070 | 1.53 |
| JPMBL RE J.P. MORGAN SECURITIES PLC COLL EQUITY (Standing proxy: MUFG Bank, Ltd.) | 25 BANK STREET, CANARY WHARF, LONDON, E14 5JP UNITED KINGDOM (2-7-1 Marunouchi, Chiyoda-ku, Tokyo) | 1,003 | 1.43 |
| H.I.S. Employee Stock Ownership Association | 4-1-1 Toranomon, Minato-ku, Tokyo | 922 | 1.32 |
| Mayumi Sawada | Shibuya-ku, Tokyo | 900 | 1.29 |
| STATE STREET BANK AND TRUST COMPANY 505004 (Standing proxy: Mizuho Bank, Ltd., Settlement & Clearing Services Department) | VICTRIA CROSS NORTH SYDNEY 2060 AUSTRALIA (2-15-1 Konan, Minato-ku, Tokyo) | 781 | 1.12 |
| SBI Securities Co., Ltd. | 1-6-1 Roppongi, Minato-ku, Tokyo | 731 | 1.04 |
| Total | | 38,470 | 54.92 |

(Notes)

1. Of the shares owned by the above trust banks, the number of shares pertaining to trust services is as follows.

Custody Bank of Japan, Ltd.

6,410 thousand shares

The Master Trust Bank of Japan, Ltd.

4,943 thousand shares

2. A Report of Possession of Large Volume (Change Report No. 1) as stipulated in Article 27-26, Paragraph (2)-(i) of the Financial Instruments and Exchange Act was submitted on September 7, 2021 (date reporting obligation arose: August 31, 2021) by Rheos Capital Works Inc. Although its holdings of 3,248 thousand shares (ownership ratio: 4.28%) have been made public through the Report, the Company could not confirm the actual number of shares held under the applicable company name, and has therefore not included the company in the "Major shareholders" above. The details of the Report of Possession of Large Volume are shown below.

| Name of shareholder | Address or head office location | Share ownership (thousands of shares) | Holding ratio of share certificates, etc. (%) |
|--------------------------|--------------------------------------|---|---|
| Rheos Capital Works Inc. | 1-11-1 Marunouchi, Chiyoda-ku, Tokyo | 3,248 | 4.28 |

(7) Information on voting rights

1) Issued shares

As of October 31, 2021

| Classification | Number of shares (shares) | Number of voting rights | Description |
|--|---------------------------|-------------------------|-------------|
| Shares without voting rights | _ | | |
| Shares with restricted voting rights (treasury shares, etc.) | _ | | - |
| Shares with restricted voting rights (others) | | | _ |
| Shares with full voting rights (treasury shares, etc.) | Common stock: 5,922,000 | I | I |
| Shares with full voting rights (others) | Common stock: 69,914,900 | 699,149 | _ |
| Shares less than one unit | Common stock: 132,336 | _ | _ |
| Total number of issued shares | 75,969,236 | _ | _ |
| Total number of voting rights held by all shareholders | _ | 699,149 | _ |

(Note) "Shares with full voting right (others)" and "Shares less than one unit" above include 1,800 shares and 40 shares, respectively, held under the name of Japan Securities Depository Center, Inc. (JASDEC). The number of voting rights includes 18 voting rights from shares with full voting rights held under the name of this same institution.

2) Treasury shares

As of October 31, 2021

| Shareholder | Shareholder address | Number of shares held under own name | Number of shares held under another name | Total number of shares held | Ownership percentage to the total number of issued shares (%) |
|------------------|--------------------------------------|--|--|-----------------------------|--|
| H.I.S. Co., Ltd. | 4-1-1 Toranomon, Minato-ku, Tokyo | 5,922,000 | | 5,922,000 | 7.80 |
| Total | _ | 5,922,000 | _ | 5,922,000 | 7.80 |

2. Information on Acquisition of Treasury Shares, etc.

[Class of shares] Acquisition of common stock under Article 155, Item 7 of the Companies Act

- (1) Acquisition by resolution at the General Meeting of Shareholders There are no applicable matters to report.
- (2) Acquisition by resolution of the Board of Directors There are no applicable matters to report.

(3) Acquisition not based on resolutions at the General Meeting of Shareholders or of the Board of Directors

| Classification | Number of shares (shares) | Total amount (millions of yen) |
|--|---------------------------|--------------------------------|
| Treasury shares acquired during the fiscal year under review | 31 | 0 |
| Treasury shares acquired during the current period | _ | |

(Note) Fractional shares less than one trading unit purchased between January 1, 2022 and the filing date of this Annual Securities Report are not included in the number of treasury shares acquired during the current period.

(4) Status of the disposition and holding of acquired treasury shares

| | Year ended Oo | etober 31, 2021 | Current period | | |
|---|---------------------------|---|---------------------------|---|--|
| Classification | Number of shares (shares) | Total amount disposed (millions of yen) | Number of shares (shares) | Total amount disposed (millions of yen) | |
| Acquired treasury shares for which subscribers were solicited | _ | - | | _ | |
| Acquired treasury shares that were disposed of | _ | _ | _ | _ | |
| Acquired treasury shares transferred due to merger, share exchange, or demerger | _ | _ | _ | _ | |
| Others (disposal of treasury shares as restricted stock remuneration) | 12,081 | 30 | _ | _ | |
| Total number of treasury shares held | 5,922,098 | _ | 5,922,098 | _ | |

(Notes)

- 1. Fractional shares less than one trading unit purchased between January 1, 2022 and the filing date of this Annual Securities Report are not included in the number of treasury shares held.
- 2. Company shares held by the H.I.S. Employee Stock Ownership Association Dedicated Trust in accordance with the introduction of a trust-type employee stock ownership incentive plan (E-Ship®) are not included in the number of treasury shares that were disposed of and the number of treasury shares held during the fiscal year under review and the current period. Further, the E-Ship® trust-type employee stock ownership incentive plan was discontinued in May 2021.

3. Dividend Policy

The Group recognizes the return of profits to shareholders as one of its important management policies. While seeking to improve its corporate value, the Group intends to carry out stable and continuous distribution of profits in accordance with actual results, taking global conditions, travel industry trends, the strengthening of its corporate structure, and future business development into consideration. The Group has an interim dividend system, but since the ratio of its sales and earnings tends to be comparatively larger in the second half of each fiscal year, it provides only a year-end dividend to ensure fair dividends with respect to financial performance.

The Company decided not to pay an annual dividend in the consolidated fiscal year ended October 31, 2021, as it believed it needed to urgently stabilize its financial condition while working to achieve a recovery in earnings.

The Company prescribes in its Articles of Incorporation that "except as otherwise provided by laws and regulations, matters concerning dividends of surplus listed under each item of Article 459, Paragraph 1 of the Companies Act, can be determined by a resolution of the Board of Directors." However, this does not mean that the option of resolution at a General Meeting of Shareholders is eliminated.

4. Corporate Governance, etc.

(1) Overview of corporate governance

Basic policy on corporate governance

Fully embracing its founding intention, the H.I.S. Group corporate philosophy, and the H.I.S. corporate philosophy, the Company seeks to achieve sustainable growth and enhance its corporate value over the medium to long term by providing products and services that are useful to the society. To realize this objective, the Company intends to make fair, transparent, quick, and decisive decisions with a sound awareness of the positions of its shareholders, customers, employees, business partners, and local communities; fulfill accountability; and become a company appreciated and trusted by society.

The Company understands corporate governance to be a "mechanism for fair, transparent, quick, and decisive decision-making in recognition of the position of the company's shareholders, customers, employees, business partners, and local communities" as defined in the Corporate Governance Code formulated by the Tokyo Stock Exchange (hereinafter, "TSE CG Code").

The 83 principles of the TSE CG Code are replete with major principles contributing to the realization of "proactive governance" as a best practice employing a principles-based approach. H.I.S. will work to fully understand the purpose and essence of each of these principles, and comply with them to the best of its ability, while taking into consideration the industry and scale of its businesses, the business environment and characteristics, and its own institutional design and conditions.

1) Overview of corporate governance structure

The Company has adopted a corporate governance structure with an Audit & Supervisory Committee, and has set up an HR & Nomination Committee, a Remuneration Committee, an Investment Committee, and a Finance & Management Committee as advisory committees to its Board of Directors.

The Board of Directors comprises 10 Directors, including two External Directors, and is chaired by Representative Director, Chairman and President Hideo Sawada. Other members include Tatsuya Nakamori (Director), Masayuki Oda (Director), Motoshi Yada (Director), Atsushi Yamanobe (Director), Mutsumi Gomi (Director), Hidetaka Sawada (Director), Tsunekazu Umeda (Director and Audit & Supervisory Committee Member [External Director]), Atsushi Nabeshima (Director and Audit & Supervisory Committee Member). The Board of Directors makes decisions regarding matters provided by laws and regulations, basic operating policies, and important matters related to management, and oversees the execution of duties by its Directors and Corporate Officers. As a rule, it meets once a month.

The HR & Nomination Committee comprises six Directors, including two External Directors, and is chaired by Representative Director, Chairman and President Hideo Sawada. Other members include Tatsuya Nakamori (Director), Masayuki Oda (Director), Motoshi Yada (Director), Tsunekazu Umeda (Director and Audit & Supervisory Committee Member [External Director]), and Atsushi Nabeshima (Director and Audit & Supervisory Committee Member [External Director]). The committee appoints and dismisses Directors and Corporate Officers, and meets whenever the need arises.

The Remuneration Committee comprises six Directors, including two External Directors, and is chaired by Representative Director, Chairman and President Hideo Sawada. Other members include Tatsuya Nakamori (Director), Masayuki Oda (Director), Motoshi Yada (Director), Tsunekazu Umeda (Director and Audit & Supervisory Committee Member [External Director]), and Atsushi Nabeshima (Director and Audit & Supervisory Committee Member [External Director]). The committee makes decisions regarding individual remuneration for Directors, Corporate Officers, and Presidents of affiliated companies.

The Investment Committee comprises six Directors, including one External Director, and is chaired by Representative Director, Chairman and President Hideo Sawada. Other members include Tatsuya Nakamori (Director), Masayuki Oda (Director), Motoshi Yada (Director), Hidetaka Sawada (Director), and Tsunekazu Umeda (Director and Audit & Supervisory Committee Member [External Director]). The committee assists the Board of Directors with decisions regarding investment projects.

The Finance & Management Committee comprises six Directors, including one External Director, and is chaired by Representative Director, Chairman and President Hideo Sawada. Other members include Tatsuya Nakamori (Director), Masayuki Oda (Director), Motoshi Yada (Director), Tsunekazu Umeda (Director and Audit & Supervisory Committee Member [External Director]), and Sonoko Sekita (Director and Audit & Supervisory Committee Member). The committee assists the Board of Directors with decisions regarding procurement and management of material funds.

2) Reason for adoption of corporate governance structure

In consideration of the scale and nature of the Company and H.I.S. Group's businesses, the Company had in place a governance structure of a company with Corporate Auditors and Board of Corporate Auditors until the 35th fiscal year (ended October 31, 2015). The intent was to engage in fair, transparent, quick, and decisive decision-making regarding business management, and facilitate full accountability to the shareholders and other stakeholders.

The Corporate Auditors and Board of Corporate Auditors, in addition to conducting legality audits, conducted validity audits to the extent permitted by laws and regulations, and offered advice and recommendations at the Board of Directors meetings with respect to the execution of operational and professional duties by Directors. Factoring in such conditions, the Company reviewed the details pertaining to the Audit & Supervisory Committee structure created by the Law for Partial Amendment to the Companies Act (Act No. 90 of 2014, effective May 1, 2015), and determined that the latter structure was compatible with the actual circumstances of the Company and would help strengthen its corporate governance further, as the Company and Group pursued sustainable growth and enhancement of corporate value over the medium to long term.

Thus, the transition to a company with an Audit & Supervisory Committee was proposed at the 35th General Meeting of Shareholders held on January 27, 2016, and implemented by a resolution approved by the shareholders.

3) Other matters related to corporate governance

(I) Internal control system and status (including systems for ensuring appropriateness of business operations within the corporate group consisting of the Company and the Group companies [subsidiaries and associates])

As a company with an Audit & Supervisory Committee based on Article 399, Paragraph 13, Section 2 of the Companies Act, the Company determines, as basic policies and via resolution of the Board of Directors, those items required for the Audit & Supervisory Committee to execute its duties. It also determines those items necessary for systemic improvements that ensure appropriateness of business operations within the corporate group consisting of the Company and the Group companies. Such items include:

- 1) System for ensuring that Directors and employees conduct their duties in compliance with laws, regulations, and the Company's Articles of Incorporation
- 2) Rules and system for managing risk of loss to the Company and the Group companies
- 3) System for ensuring that duties of Directors are being conducted efficiently
- 4) System for ensuring preservation and management of information in relation to Directors' execution of duties
- 5) System for ensuring appropriateness of business operations within the corporate group consisting of the Company and the Group companies
- 6) System for ensuring reliability of financial reporting
- 7) Items required for the Audit & Supervisory Committee to execute its duties (system for ensuring that audits by the Audit & Supervisory Committee are conducted effectively, etc.)

The Company has maintained and operated its internal control system in line with the above basic policies; related efforts are as follows:

- 1) To ensure thorough ethical compliance, the Company has formulated the H.I.S. policy, the H.I.S. Group corporate philosophy, the H.I.S. corporate philosophy, the H.I.S. Charter of Corporate Behavior, and other guidelines, and made these available through its website, intranet, and other channels as a reference for its officers and employees.
- 2) The "Refresh Hotline," an internal report window operated by outside experts: details of employee consultations are delivered anonymously to the Company with accompanying expert opinions based on consultation details. Acting as an intermediary between employees and the Company, this service functions as the Company's self-correcting system in terms of corporate ethics and compliance violations.
- 3) The Board of Directors makes important business execution decisions via Board resolution and in accordance with laws and regulations, the Articles of Incorporation, and internal regulations, and receives reports on the business execution status of each Director and the performance of major Group companies.
- 4) Important information such as resolutions by the Board of Directors is being appropriately retained, recorded, and managed by those departments with authority and responsibility in accordance with laws, regulations, and timely disclosure rules of the financial instruments exchange. In the event information is determined to be useful for shareholders and investors in making appropriate investment decisions, the Company makes an effort to provide appropriate disclosure.
- 5) Systematic auditing by the Audit & Supervisory Committee utilizing the internal control system is being conducted effectively, with the Audit Department (Internal Audit Division) fulfilling its expected role.
 The Company is also reviewing various procedures based on actual work conditions.

(II) Risk management system and status

Matters that may negatively impact business results, financial condition, stock price, and other aspects of the Company and Group businesses are described in the "2. Business and Other Risks" section in "II. Business Overview, Part I Information on the Company."

The full-time Executive Directors working at the Group headquarters use opportunities, such as internal business meetings held several times a week, to identify risks that may occur, and strive to improve risk management based on the internal control framework.

(III) Summary of agreement (limited liability agreement) between the Company and its Directors (excluding Executive Directors, etc.) or its accounting auditor, stipulated in Article 427, Paragraph 1 of the Companies Act

The Company has set forth in its Articles of Incorporation a stipulation based on the provision of Article 427, Paragraph 1 of the Companies Act and accordingly has concluded with the three non-Executive Directors (who are Directors serving as Audit & Supervisory Committee Members) and with the accounting auditor such agreements to limit their liability for damages as prescribed in Article 423, Paragraph 1 of the Companies Act. This limitation of liability is applied only in cases where the Director serving as Audit & Supervisory Committee Member or the accounting auditor causing the damage performed his/her duties in good faith and without gross negligence; the limit of liability in such a case is the "minimum liability limit" amount stipulated in Article 425, Paragraph 1 of the Companies Act.

Furthermore, limited liability agreements the Company concluded with Corporate Auditors (including former Corporate Auditors) during the phase when it was a company with Board of Corporate Auditors (namely, the period prior to the conclusion of the 35th General Meeting of Shareholders held on January 27, 2016 regarding the fiscal year ended October 31, 2015) as defined in the Articles of Incorporation effective at that time, remain in effect at the present time with the same stipulations as the current limited liability agreement.

(IV) Summary of directors and officers liability insurance policy concluded by Directors and other officers as insured persons. The Company has entered into a directors and officers liability insurance policy as stipulated in Article 430-3, Paragraph 1 of the Companies Act with an insurance company. The policy covers Directors, Audit & Supervisory Committee Members, and Corporate Officers of the Company and its subsidiaries under the Companies Act as insured persons, and the insurance premiums are fully borne by the Company.

The policy stipulates that the insurance company will cover damages that may be incurred by the insured persons from liabilities assumed in connection with the execution of their duties, or in the event they receive a claim that seeks to hold them liable. It will be renewed each year. The Company plans to renew the policy with the same content at the next renewal date.

(V) Number of Directors

As stipulated in the Company's Articles of Incorporation, the number of Directors shall not exceed 16 people, of which no more than four shall be Directors serving as Audit & Supervisory Committee Members.

(VI) Requirements for a resolution to appoint Directors

As a company with an Audit & Supervisory Committee, Directors who serve as Audit & Supervisory Committee Members and other Directors are elected separately at the General Meeting of Shareholders. According to the Company's Articles of Incorporation, for both categories "a resolution of election shall be attended by shareholders holding shares representing one-third or more of total number of voting rights of shareholders who may exercise voting rights, and shall be adopted by a majority of the voting rights," and in addition, "election shall not depend on cumulative voting."

(VII) Year-end dividend and interim dividend

a) Year-end dividend

To enable the Company to maintain flexible capital and dividend policies, the Company's Articles of Incorporation prescribe that "matters specified in the items of Article 459, Paragraph 1 of the Companies Act, including those related to the payment of dividends, may be decided by the Board of Directors unless otherwise stipulated by laws and regulations." However, this provision does not exclude resolutions at the General Meeting of Shareholders.

b) Interim dividend

Based on Article 454, Paragraph 5 of the Companies Act, the Articles of Incorporation stipulate that "through a resolution by the Board of Directors, shareholders listed on the final shareholders registry and registered pledgees as of April 30th each year are able to receive an interim dividend." The purpose of establishing this provision is to enable the return of profits to shareholders flexibly in accordance with profit levels.

(VIII) Acquisition of treasury shares

Based on Article 165, Paragraph 2 of the Companies Act, the Articles of Incorporation stipulate that "through a resolution by the Board of Directors, treasury shares can be acquired through a market transaction, etc." The purpose of establishing this provision is to make it possible to flexibly carry out capital policies corresponding to changes in the business environment. The Board of Directors, in making a decision to acquire treasury shares, will comprehensively judge the status of business results including earnings trends, future performance forecasts, basic capital policies, etc. from the standpoint of continuous enhancement of corporate value and appropriate shareholder return.

(IX) Director and accounting auditor's partial exemption from liability for damages

Regarding Directors (including those who were Directors) and accounting auditor's (including those who were accounting auditors) liability for damages to the Company due to negligence, based on Article 426, Paragraph 1 of the Companies Act, the Articles of Incorporation stipulate that "subject to the resolution of the Board of Directors, exemption from liability is possible to the limit the laws and regulations allow." The purpose of this provision is to create an environment in which the Directors and the accounting auditor are able to make sufficient use of their capabilities and fulfill the role expected of them.

(X) Special resolution at the General Meeting of Shareholders

In regard to the resolution requirement for special resolution at the General Meeting of Shareholders stipulated in Article 309, Paragraph 2 of the Companies Act, the Company stipulates in its Articles of Incorporation that "a special resolution of General Meeting of Shareholders shall be attended by shareholders holding shares representing one-third or more of the total number of voting rights of shareholders who may exercise voting rights, and shall be adopted by two-thirds or more of the voting rights." The purpose of this provision is to relax the requirements for a quorum for special resolutions of General Meeting of Shareholders so that these meetings can be operated smoothly.

(2) Directors and other officers

1) Status of Directors and other officers

Male: 9, Female: 1 (percentage of female directors 10.0%)

| Title | Name | Date of birth | | Career summary | Term of office | Share ownership (thousands) |
|---|---------------------|---------------------|--|---|----------------|-----------------------------------|
| Representative Director, Chairman and President, Chief Executive Officer, Group Chief Executive Officer (CEO) | Hideo Sawada | February 4, 1951 | Dec. 1980 Mar. 1999 Mar. 2003 Jun. 2004 Dec. 2009 Mar. 2010 Sep. 2012 Nov. 2016 Nov. 2017 Jan. 2018 May 2018 Jan. 2019 May 2019 Jan. 2021 | Established the Company and became Representative Director and President Representative Director and President, Kyoritsu Shoken, Co., Ltd. (currently Sawada Holdings Co., Ltd.) Director and Chairman, Agricultural Bank of Mongolia LLC (currently Khan Bank LLC) (current) Director and Chairman of the Company Representative Director and Chairman of the Company Representative Director and President of Huis Ten Bosch Co., Ltd. Chairman of Tokyo Symphony Orchestra (current) Representative Director, Chairman and President, Chief Executive Officer (CEO) of the Company Representative Director and Chairman of Sawada Holdings Co., Ltd. (current) Representative Director, Chairman and President of H.I.S. Hotel Holdings Co., Ltd. Representative Director, Chairman and President, Chief Executive Officer of the Company; Group Chief Executive Officer (CEO) (current) Director of H.I.S. Energy Holdings Co., Ltd. (current) Representative Director and Chairman of H.I.S. Hotel Holdings Co., Ltd. Director and Chairman of Huis Ten Bosch Co., Ltd. Representative Director, Chairman and President of H.I.S. Hotel Holdings Co., Ltd. (current) | (Note 3) | 17,948 |
| Director, Senior Managing Executive Officer; President of HIS Japan; Chief Digital Officer (CDO) | Tatsuya Nakamori | August 4, 1967 | Nov. 1986 Jan. 2010 Feb. 2014 Mar. 2014 Apr. 2014 Nov. 2016 Jan. 2018 Aug. 2020 | Joined the Company Director of the Company; In charge of West Japan Area Sales; General Manager of Kansai Area Sales Division Director of the Company; In charge of West Japan Area Sales Managing Director of the Company; In charge of Airline-related Purchasing/Arrangement, and Online Travel Business Managing Director of the Company; In charge of Airline-related Purchasing/Arrangement, and Online Travel Business; General Manager of HQ Procurement Division Managing Director of the Company; President of HIS Japan Director and Senior Managing Executive Officer of the Company; President of HIS Japan Director and Senior Managing Executive Officer of the Company; President of HIS Japan, Chief Digital Officer (current) | (Note 3) | 27 |

| Title | Name | Date of birth | | Career summary | Term of office | Share ownership (thousands) |
|--------------------|----------|---------------|------------------------|---|----------------|-----------------------------------|
| | | | Jun. 1996 Mar. 2014 | Joined the Company Corporate Officer of the Company; General Manager | | (tilousarius) |
| | | | | of Kansai Area Sales Division | | |
| | | | Jan. 2016 | Director of the Company; In charge of Kansai, | | |
| | | | Juli. 2010 | Chugoku, Shikoku, Kyushu Area Sales; In charge of | | |
| | | | | Global Product Marketing; General Manager of | | |
| | | | | | | |
| | | | | Kansai Area Sales Division | | |
| | | | Nov. 2016 | Director of the Company; Vice President of HIS | | |
| | | | | Japan; General Manager of Domestic Travel Division | | |
| D't | | | Jan. 2018 | Director and Managing Executive Officer of the | | |
| Director, | | | | Company; Vice President of HIS Japan; General | | |
| Managing | | | | Manager of Domestic Travel Division | | |
| Executive Officer; | | | Feb. 2018 | Director and Managing Executive Officer of the | | |
| In charge of | | | 100.2010 | Company; In charge of Corporate Planning Division, | | |
| Affiliate | | | | Global Business Strategy Division, and Global System | | |
| Management | Masayuki | January 1, | | | (Note 2) | 6 |
| Division and | Oda | 1966 | | Development Division; General Manager of Affiliate | (Note 3) | U |
| Online Experience | | | | Management Division | | |
| Division; | | | Nov. 2018 | Director and Managing Executive Officer of the | | |
| General Manager | | | | Company; In charge of Corporate Planning Division | | |
| of Global Business | | | | and Global Business Strategy Division; General | | |
| Strategy Division | | | | Manager of Affiliate Management Division | | |
| Suategy Division | | | May 2019 | Director and Managing Executive Officer of the | | |
| | | | 1.10, 2017 | Company; In charge of Corporate Planning Division, | | |
| | | | | Affiliate Management Division, HQ HR Division, CS | | |
| | | | | | | |
| | | | | & ES, General Affairs, and CSR; General Manager of | | |
| | | | | Global Business Strategy Division | | |
| | | | Jan. 2021 | Director and Managing Executive Officer of the | | |
| | | | | Company; In charge of Affiliate Management | | |
| | | | | Division and Online Experience Division; General | | |
| | | | | Manager of Global Business Strategy Division | | |
| | | | | (current) | | |
| | | | Apr. 1984 | Joined Japan Ground Self-Defense Force | | |
| | | | Aug. 1993 | Joined the Company | | |
| Director, | | | _ | 1 2 | | |
| Senior Executive | | | May 1998 | Assistant Manager of Kanto Sales Division | | |
| Officer, | | | May 2000 | Manager of HQ President's Office | | |
| Chief Financial | | | Sep. 2001 | Manager of HQ HR Division | | |
| Officer (CFO); | | | Nov. 2004 | Manager of Kansai Sales Division | | |
| In charge of | | | Oct. 2005 | Advisor to Kyushu Industrial Transportation Co., Ltd. | | |
| Consolidated | | | | (currently Kyushu Sangyo Kotsu Holdings Co., Ltd.) | | |
| Finance and | | | Nov. 2005 | Representative Director and President of Kyushu | | |
| Accounting, | Motoshi | July 25, | 1101. 2003 | Sangyo Kotsu Holdings Co., Ltd. | (Note 3) | _ |
| Consolidated HR. | Yada | 1961 | I 2020 | | () | |
| CS & ES, General | | | Jan. 2020 | Director of the Company | | |
| Affairs, Corporate | | | Jan. 2021 | Director and Senior Executive Officer of the | | |
| Planning Division, | | | | Company; In charge of Consolidated Finance and | | |
| CSR, Legal | | | | Accounting, Consolidated HR, CS & ES, General | | |
| | | | | Affairs, Corporate Planning Division, CSR, Legal | | |
| Affairs and | | | | Affairs and Internal Control, and Compliance; Chief | | |
| Internal Control, | | | | Financial Officer (CFO) (current) | | |
| and Compliance | | | Apr. 2021 | Director and Chairman of Kyushu Sangyo Kotsu | | |
| | | | • | Holdings Co., Ltd. (current) | | |
| | | | Apr. 1993 | Joined the Company | | |
| | | | Mar. 2014 | Corporate Officer of the Company; Manager of Kanto | | |
| | | | Wiai. 2017 | Sales Division; Manager of Kanto Web Business | | |
| | | | | | | |
| | | | | Division; Manager of Kanto Corporate Sales and | | |
| | | | | Group Travel Division | | |
| | | | Jan. 2016 | Director of the Company; In charge of East Japan | | |
| Director, | | | | Area Sales; General Manager of Kanto Area – | | |
| Senior Executive | | | | Overseas Travel Division | | |
| Officer; | | | Nov. 2016 | Director of the Company; Vice President of HIS | | |
| Vice President of | Atsushi | March 18, | | Japan; General Manager of Kansai Area Sales | OI (2) | |
| HIS Japan; | Yamanobe | 1970 | | Division | (Note 3) | 6 |
| General Manager | | | Jan. 2018 | Director and Senior Executive Officer of the | | |
| of Corporate Sales | | | Juli. 2010 | Company; Vice President of HIS Japan; General | | |
| Division | | | | | | |
| DIAISION | | | N 2010 | Manager of Kansai Area Sales Division | | |
| | | | Mar. 2018 | Director and Senior Executive Officer of the | | |
| | i | I | 1 | Company; Vice President of HIS Japan; General | | |
| | | | | | | |
| | | | | Manager of Corporate Travel Sales Division | | |
| | | | Nov. 2019 | | | |
| | | | Nov. 2019 | Manager of Corporate Travel Sales Division Director and Senior Executive Officer of the Company; Vice President of HIS Japan; General | | |

| Title | Name | Date of birth | | Career summary | Term of office | Share ownership (thousands) |
|--|-----------------|-----------------|--|---|----------------|-----------------------------------|
| | | | Apr. 1992 May 2010 Sep. 2012 Jan. 2016 | Joined the Company Manager of East Japan FIT Department Seconded to PT. HARUM INDAH SARI TOURS & TRAVEL, President and Director; Head of Jakarta Central Branch Corporate Officer of the Company; Seconded to PT. HARUM INDAH SARI TOURS & TRAVEL, President and Director; Head of the Jakarta Central Branch | | |
| Director, Senior Executive Officer; In charge of Southeast and | Mutsumi Gomi | June 6, 1968 | Dec. 2017 | Corporate Officer of the Company; Seconded to PT. HARUM INDAH SARI TOURS & TRAVEL, President and Director; General Manager of Southeast Asia Central Sales Division & Head of Jakarta Central Branch | (Note 3) | 6 |
| South Asia | | | Jan. 2018 Nov. 2018 | Director and Senior Executive Officer of the Company; Seconded to PT. HARUM INDAH SARI TOURS & TRAVEL, President and Director; General Manager of Southeast Asia Central Sales Division & Head of Jakarta Central Branch Director and Senior Executive Officer of the | | |
| | | | | Company; Chief Information Officer (CIO); In Charge of Southeast and South Asia Director and Senior Executive Officer of the Company; In charge of Southeast and South Asia | | |
| | | | A 2005 | (current) | | |
| | | | Apr. 2005 | Joined Nikko Cordial Securities Inc. (currently SMBC Nikko Securities Inc.) | | |
| | | | Jun. 2006 | Director of Sawada Holdings Co., Ltd. | | |
| | | | Sep. 2006 | Director of H.S. Securities Co., Ltd. | | |
| Director | Hidetaka | November 2, | Feb. 2012 | Representative Director and President of | | |
| (Note 2) | Sawada | 1981 | | Bestone.com Co., Ltd. (current) | (Note 3) | 654 |
| () | | | Jul. 2016 | Representative Director and President of Fivestar | | |
| | | | . 2010 | Cruise Co., Ltd. (current) | | |
| | | | Jan. 2019 | Representative Director of Ebisu Ryokan K.K. (current) | | |
| | | | Jan. 2020 | Director of the Company (current) | | |
| | | | Mar. 1974 | Registered as a certified public accountant | | |
| | | | Sep. 1987 | Partner, Arthur Andersen and Company; | | |
| | | | | Representative partner, Eiwa Audit Corporation (currently KPMG AZSA LLC) | | |
| | | | Apr. 1995 | Director, Umeda Certified Public Accountant Office (current) | | |
| | | | Jun. 1995 | Director and Executive Vice President, Nippon Kaiheiki Kogyou (currently NKK Switches Co., Ltd.) | | |
| External Director, | | | Jan. 1999 | External Corporate Auditor of the Company | | |
| Audit & Supervisory | Tsunekazu | August 22, | Jun. 2000 | External Corporate Auditor, HABA Laboratories, Inc. | a | |
| Committee Member | Umeda | 1945 | Jun. 2000 | External Corporate Auditor, TOMY Company (currently Takara Tomy Co., Ltd.) (current) | (Note 4) | 21 |
| (Note 1) | | | Jun. 2007 | External Corporate Auditor, Sawada Holdings Co., Ltd. | | |
| | | | Jun. 2010 | External Director, Suzuden Corporation | | |
| | ı | | Jun. 2015 | Director serving as Audit & Supervisory Committee Member (external director), HABA Laboratories, Inc. (current) | | |
| | | | Jan. 2016 | Director serving as Audit & Supervisory Committee Member (external director) of the Company (current) | | |
| | | Jun. 2019 | External Director, ESTELLE HOLDINGS CO., LTD. (current) | | | |

| Title | Name | Date of birth | | Career summary | Term of office | Share ownership (thousands) |
|---|----------------------|-------------------|--|---|----------------|-----------------------------------|
| External Director, Audit & Supervisory Committee Member (Note 1) | Atsushi Nabeshima | August 2, 1946 | Jul. 1969 Jul. 1995 Jul. 2001 Jun. 2003 Jan. 2007 Dec. 2007 Jun. 2019 Jan. 2021 | Joined Tokio Marine & Fire Insurance Co., Ltd. (currently Tokio Marine & Nichido Fire Insurance Co., Ltd.) Director, General Manager of Operation Department, Tokio Marine Medical Service Co., Ltd. Compliance Officer, Tokio Marine Anshin Life Insurance Co., Ltd. Director, HABA Laboratories, Inc.; In charge of Product Development and Medical-related Business Director, HABA Laboratories, Inc.; In charge of General Affairs, Human Resources, and Accounting Representative Director and President, Shinshu Pharmaceutical, Inc. Executive Director, Showa Kaikan Director serving as Audit & Supervisory Committee Member (external director) of the Company (current) Director General, Showa Kaikan (current) | (Note 4) | - |
| Director, Full-time Audit & Supervisory Committee Member | Sonoko Sekita | July 23, 1965 | Feb. 1988 May 2000 Apr. 2008 Dec. 2012 Jan. 2015 Jan. 2016 | Joined the Company Assistant Manager, Accounting Department, Kanto Area Sales Division Accounting Group Leader, HQ Accounting Division Seconded to H.I.S. MANAGEMENT SERVICES SDN.BHD. as Director and Manager of Accounting Full-time Corporate Auditor of the Company Director serving as Full-time Audit & Supervisory Committee Member of the Company (current) | (Note 4) | 25 |
| | | | , | Total | | 18,695 |

(Notes)

- 1. Directors serving as Audit & Supervisory Committee Members Tsunekazu Umeda and Atsushi Nabeshima are External Directors.
- 2. Relative within the second degree of kinship of Representative Director, Chairman and President Hideo Sawada.
- 3. Term of office extends until the conclusion of the General Meeting of Shareholders for the last business year within one year from the conclusion of the General Meeting of Shareholders held on January 27, 2022.
- 4. Term of office extends until the conclusion of the General Meeting of Shareholders for the last business year within two years from the conclusion of the General Meeting of Shareholders held on January 27, 2022.
- 5. The Company has instituted a corporate officer system with the aim of enhancing the business execution structure.

 Names and positions of Corporate Officers (excluding Corporate Officers who concurrently serve as Director) are as follows.

| | Position | Name |
|-------------------|--|-------------------|
| Corporate Officer | Deputy General Manager of Corporate Sales Division | Kiyoshi Takano |
| Corporate Officer | General Manager of Corporate Planning Division | Ken Fukushima |
| Corporate Officer | Director and Vice President of Kyushu Sangyo Kotsu Holdings Co., Ltd. | Yuji Iwama |
| Corporate Officer | General Manager of the North, Central, and South American Central Sales Division | Hideo Hatano |
| Corporate Officer | General Manager of HQ HR Division & CS/ES Management Division | Kozo Arita |
| Corporate Officer | General Manager of Accounting & Finance Division | Yuka Kataoka |
| Corporate Officer | Representative Director and President of H.I.S. Energy Holdings Co., Ltd. | Shohei Akao |
| Corporate Officer | General Manager of H.I.S Group Europe Headquarters | Konosuke Oda |
| Corporate Officer | General Manager of Private Travel Sales Division | Kenji Iida |
| Corporate Officer | President & CEO of GROUP MIKI HOLDINGS LIMITED | Katsumi Hine |
| Corporate Officer | Director of GROUP MIKI HOLDINGS LIMITED | Osamu Hanazaki |
| Corporate Officer | General Manager of Affiliate Management Division & Head of Corporate Planning Office | Katsu Segawa |
| Corporate Officer | General Manager of the Americas | Tomohisa Kumamoto |
| Corporate Officer | Chief Information Officer (CIO) and General Manager of Information System Division | Naoyuki Kado |

- Basic thinking on the number and appointment status of External Directors; standards and policies regarding independence of External Directors
 - a) Basic thinking on the number and appointment status of External Directors

At present, the Company has two External Directors, both of whom have been appointed as Audit & Supervisory Committee Members (Directors serving as Audit & Supervisory Committee Members). In addition, provided there is a qualified candidate, the Company will consider the appointment of an External Director not serving as an Audit & Supervisory Committee Member.

External Director and Audit & Supervisory Committee Member Tsunekazu Umeda, formerly a partner at Arthur Andersen and Company, representative partner of Eiwa Audit Corporation (currently KPMG AZSA LLC), and founder of the Umeda Certified Public Accountant Office, possesses a wealth of experience and knowledge as a certified public accountant regarding finance and accounting. In addition to being involved in corporate management, Mr. Umeda has experience with the Company as an external corporate auditor under the Board of Corporate Auditors structure, and continues to supervise the Company's management based on his accumulated experiences, knowledge, and insight from an independent and objective perspective, fulfilling his duties as a member of the Audit & Supervisory Committee.

External Director and Audit & Supervisory Committee Member Atsushi Nabeshima, appointed on January 27, 2021, has extensive experience and knowledge from taking part in the management of a large traditional company, Tokio Marine & Fire Insurance Co., Ltd., and a venture-type listed company, HABA Laboratories, Inc. He is expected to provide advice and suggestions related to the management of the Company from an independent and objective perspective, drawing on his deep insight in corporate ethics and corporate governance, and to fulfill the responsibilities of the Audit & Supervisory Committee. Accordingly, he was appointed as a Director and Audit & Supervisory Committee Member.

The Company's current External Directors both satisfy the independence requirement stipulated by the Tokyo Stock Exchange (TSE) provision on independent directors. With the consent of the principals, the Company designated them as independent directors and submitted an Independent Director Notification to the TSE.

b) Details on standards and policies regarding independence of External Directors

Based on the requirements for external directors stipulated in the Companies Act and independence standards stipulated by the Tokyo Stock Exchange, the Company applies the following conditions (the amendment or elimination of which is based on a resolution of the Board of Directors) to determine whether the relevant External Directors is independent. At present, the Company has two External Directors, both of whom satisfy these conditions:

- i) Principal is not at present, nor has never in the past been an executive director, executive officer, corporate officer, or employee (hereinafter, "Business Executor") of the Company, its subsidiaries or associates
- ii) Principal is not a major shareholder (a shareholder listed among the top ten shareholders on the latest shareholder registry or a shareholder with a ratio of 10% or more of the total voting rights), nor does not currently belong to an organization that is a major shareholder
- iii) Principal is not a Business Executor of a company, of which the Group is a major shareholder (a shareholder listed among the top ten shareholders on the latest shareholder registry or a shareholder with a ratio of 10% or more of the total voting rights)
- iv) Principal is not a person belonging to a business partner engaged in transactions with the Group (totaling 2% of consolidated net sales of either party per year) in the three most recent fiscal years
- v) Principal is not a Business Executor of a financial institution that is a major lender to the Group (lender of an amount equivalent to 2% or more of the Company's consolidated total assets)
- vi) Principal is not a Business Executor of the Group's leading brokerage firm
- vii) Principal is not a consultant, accounting expert, or legal expert who has obtained cash or other asset gains of 10 million yen or more on average in a single fiscal year other than officer remuneration from the Company, nor an accounting auditor or contracted adviser of the Company (if a corporation, association or group, the person belonging to said organization) in the three most recent fiscal years
- viii)Principal is not a person currently belonging to a non-profit organization that has received from the Company a contribution amounting to 2% or more of its total income or ordinary profit in the three most recent fiscal years
- ix) If the Principal has a history of belonging to an organization or business partner indicated in (ii) to (viii) above, he/she must be retired from said organization or business partner for three or more years
- x) Principal is not a spouse or a relative within the second degree of kinship of (ii) to (ix) above
- xi) In addition to the above, those with special circumstances preventing them from fulfilling their duties as external directors with independence, including possible conflicts of interest with the Company, etc.
- 3) Status of cooperation between External Directors and Internal Audit Division

The Company's two External Directors are both Directors serving as Audit & Supervisory Committee Members. As members of the Board of Directors, they supervise the execution of duties by Directors. As members of the Audit & Supervisory Committee, they exchange opinions and communicate with Directors, the Internal Audit Division, and the Internal Control Division in accordance with audit policies, standards, and plans defined by the Committee itself. Further, in addition to gathering information, they maintain mutual cooperation with the accounting auditor and engage in systematic auditing utilizing the internal control system.

- 4) Personal, capital, and trade relationships or other interests between External Directors and the Company
 - a) Relationship of interest between Tsunekazu Umeda and the Company

There are no personal, capital, or trade relationship, or other interests between Tsunekazu Umeda and the Company. The status of Company shareholdings by Tsunekazu Umeda is listed under "1) Status of Directors and other officers."

b) Relationship of interest between Atsushi Nabeshima and the Company

There are no personal, capital, or trade relationship, or other interests between Atsushi Nabeshima and the Company. The status of Company shareholdings by Atsushi Nabeshima is listed under "1) Status of Directors and other officers."

(3) Status of audits

- 1) Audit & Supervisory Committee
- (I) Audit & Supervisory Committee organization and personnel

The Company's Audit & Supervisory Committee consists of three Directors (Directors serving as Audit & Supervisory Committee Members), including two External Directors. In addition to appointing one Full-time Audit & Supervisory Committee Member, the Audit & Supervisory Committee appoints one additional Member for a total of two as Appointed Audit & Supervisory Committee Members under Article 399, Paragraph 3, Section 1 of the Companies Act.

Of the Audit & Supervisory Committee Members, External Director Tsunekazu Umeda is a certified public accountant possessing a wealth of experience and knowledge with regard to finance and accounting. Also, External Director Atsushi Nabeshima has accumulated business experience and specialized knowledge as a compliance officer at a financial institution and other organizations, and he has extensive knowledge in all aspects of management as the representative of a company and incorporated association. Full-time Audit & Supervisory Committee Member Sonoko Sekita has broad knowledge with regard to accounting and finance through her business experience and numerous achievements over many years in the accounting department of the Company and of its business administration company abroad.

The Audit & Supervisory Committee Office, which assists the Committee in executing its duties, is established within the Audit & Supervisory Committee organization. Employees dedicated to assisting the professional duties of the Audit & Supervisory Committee are selected and are placed in the Audit & Supervisory Committee Office based on consent of the Audit & Supervisory Committee Members.

In addition, employees from the Internal Audit Division, Accounting Division, and/or Legal Division assist the Audit & Supervisory Committee in executing its duties as necessary. The Audit & Supervisory Committee maintains the exclusive authority to direct, command, and supervise the business duties of employees placed in the Audit & Supervisory Committee Office, and the Committee's opinions and intentions are respected and significantly reflected in personnel-related matters such as evaluation and transfer of such employees.

(II) Overview of Audit & Supervisory Committee meetings

The Audit & Supervisory Committee holds a regular monthly meeting that lasts 60 minutes on average, and extraordinary meetings whenever necessary. In the fiscal year ended October 31, 2021, all members attended the meetings held during their term of office.

| | Number of meetings | Attendance rate during term of office |
|--|--------------------|---------------------------------------|
| Sonoko Sekita (Full-time, Appointed Audit & Supervisory Committee Member) | 15 | 100% |
| Tsunekazu Umeda (Appointed Audit & Supervisory Committee Member) | 15 | 100% |
| Atsushi Nabeshima (appointed in January 2021) | 11 | 100% |

[Main points deliberated by the Audit & Supervisory Committee in the fiscal year under review] (Including important matters related to the fiscal year under review)

- Voting on year-end proposals related to personnel affairs and remuneration
- · Receipt of audit report, etc. from the accounting auditor
- Evaluation of the accounting auditor, and examination of remuneration
- Receipt and audit of financial results report, approval of business report, preparation and filing of audit report
- Audit of preparation and implementation of General Meeting of Shareholders, and review of audit activities for previous fiscal year based on outcomes of the Meeting
- Formulation of yearly audit plan at the beginning of the fiscal year, and revisions due to abolishment of holding company structure during the fiscal year (change in audit priority items)
- Interviews with Directors, Corporate Officers, General Managers, etc., or sharing of reports on such initiatives by Appointed Audit & Supervisory Committee Members
- Exchanges of opinion with the Representative Director
- · Deliberations on key audit matters (KAMs) with the accounting auditor
- · Examination of items to evaluate Board of Directors effectiveness, and evaluation of results

- Evaluation of state of compliance with the revised Corporate Governance Code
- Evaluation of adequateness of investigations of inappropriate transactions by subsidiaries
- Evaluation of effectiveness of Audit & Supervisory Committee, and examination of issues to be addressed in the next fiscal year

(III) Audit procedures, etc.

Audit by the Audit & Supervisory Committee is fundamentally an organizational audit utilizing the internal control system. The Committee follows the audit policies, standards, and plans, which it defines on its own; communicates with the Directors, the Internal Audit Division, and the Internal Control Division through exchanging opinions; collects information; and also maintains mutual cooperation with the accounting auditor, with the intent to conduct Audit & Supervisory Committee audits effectively.

The Full-time Audit & Supervisory Committee Member participates in key meetings, including at Group companies, and orally reports findings from interviews with Executive Directors, Corporate Officers, General Managers, etc., as well as audit results, at regular meetings of the Audit & Supervisory Committee. In addition, the Member promptly shares information with External Directors via email or other means as necessary, and examines measures to resolve issues. Through such activities, the Audit & Supervisory Committee audits the daily execution of duties by Directors.

[Main audit activities]

| Activity type | Items/description | Main/important issues raised, etc. |
|---|---|--|
| | Meeting of heads of various major businesses | Explanation of operating policies, etc. |
| Participation in important meetings | Weekly meetings with full-time Directors and Corporate Officers | Reporting on progress by business, sharing of issues |
| | Annual groupwide meeting | Annual report, sharing of next-year plan and strategy |
| Exchange of opinions with Directors, Corporate Officers, General Managers, etc. | Progress with annual plan Initiatives related to management challenges Execution of duties by Directors and Corporate Officers, etc. | Achievement probability versus plan, causes for shortfalls against targets, and reflection and improvement; decision-making processes related to effectiveness |
| Interviews with subsidiaries and associates | Market environment, and progress with annual and medium-term plans Initiatives related to management challenges Requests to the headquarters, etc. | and midway changes to plan; initiatives to resolve isolated or systematic issues, etc. |
| Meetings with the Audit Department | Examination of internal audit plans, and receipt of implementation report Progress with special investigations, receipt of findings, examinations of problems, etc. | Initiatives to improve audit effectiveness Support for business types that are expanding |
| Meetings with the Internal Control Office | Report on progress with J-SOX compliance, report of annual achievements, etc. | Initiatives to improve schedule, etc. |
| Meetings with ES Management Division | Confirmation of status of internal reporting and consultations, receipt of reports on improvement efforts, etc. | Relative and fundamental improvement initiatives to address issues learned from internal reports or consultation |
| Meetings with the accounting auditor | Audit reports for quarterly financial results, key audit matter (KAM) deliberations Audit reports for annual financial results Attending accounting auditor's interviews with Directors | Support for first year of KAM application, identification of designated risks, response to problems that have emerged, etc. |
| Viewing of important documents | Viewing of approval requests and contracts to confirm matters resulting from approval of requests and content of major contracts | Evaluation whether atypical approval documents and decision processes are appropriate, and whether follow-up after execution is appropriate |
| Evaluation of investigation committee for inappropriate transactions | Evaluate policy, method, scope, depth, and other details of investigation | Determine whether appropriateness of investigation report is high |
| Year-end audit procedure | Interview with Accounting Division regarding financial statements Receipt of reports from accounting auditor and examination of content Examination of explanation of business reports by related divisions | Confirmation of degree of awareness of problems and abnormalities; evaluation of whether measures to resolve problems are appropriate; evaluation of whether disclosure method and phrasing is adequate or appropriate |

2) Internal audit

(I) Internal audit organization, personnel, and procedures

Internal auditing of Company divisions and Group company operations (including internal control auditing) is conducted regularly based on internal auditing rules, internal auditing conduct standards, and annual auditing plans by the Audit Department (seven members) under direct supervision of the Representative Director, Chairman and President.

The Audit Department provides recommendations regarding auditing results and improvements, reporting to the Representative Director, Chairman and President, relevant Directors, responsible personnel in corresponding departments and divisions, and the Audit & Supervisory Committee. Under close cooperation with the Audit & Supervisory Committee (and occasionally by receiving instructions), the Audit Department plays a significant role in the Audit & Supervisory Committee's systematic auditing efforts utilizing the internal control system.

(II) Mutual cooperation among internal audit, audit by the Audit & Supervisory Committee, and accounting audit, and their relationship to the Internal Control Division

As the audit by the Audit & Supervisory Committee is basically a systematic auditing utilizing the internal control system, please refer to the above "1) Audit & Supervisory Committee" and "(I) Internal audit organization, personnel, and procedures" sections in regard to mutual cooperation among internal audit, audit by the Audit & Supervisory Committee, and accounting audit, and their relationship to the Internal Control Division. As the Company's two External Directors are Directors serving as Audit & Supervisory Committee Members, please also refer to the "3) Status of cooperation between External Directors and Internal Audit Division" section under "(2) Directors and other officers."

- 3) Accounting audit
- (I) Name of accounting auditor Deloitte Touche Tohmatsu LLC
- (II) Continuous audit period 21 years
- (III) Certified public accountants who conducted the accounting audit
 Designated Limited Liability Partners and Engagement Partners: Koichi Kuse, Takuya Inoue
- (IV) Accounting audit assistant composition:
 - 23 certified public accountants, 11 assistant certified public accountants, etc., and 16 others
- (V) Accounting auditor selection policy and underlying reasons

The Company has appointed Deloitte Touche Tohmatsu LLC as its accounting auditor because it believes the company possesses the competence, expertise, organizational framework, job credentials, and historical track record as an accounting auditor to perform effective audits, and because there are no issues in terms of independence with the company. If it judges that any of the items specified in Paragraph 1, Article 340 of the Companies Act are applicable to the accounting auditor, the Audit & Supervisory Committee will dismiss the accounting auditor. Also, in the event of other conditions that call into question the appropriateness of the currently appointed accounting auditor, including events that impair its qualification or independence, the Audit & Supervisory Committee will examine the dismissal or non-reappointment of the accounting auditor. If, based on such examination, the Audit & Supervisory Committee concludes it is appropriate to dismiss or not reappoint the accounting auditor, the Board of Directors will submit a proposal to dismiss or not reappoint the accounting auditor, as determined by the Audit & Supervisory Committee, to the General Meeting of Shareholders.

(VI) Evaluation of accounting auditor by the Audit & Supervisory Committee

The Audit & Supervisory Committee of the Company conducts annual evaluations of the accounting auditor using the following procedure.

- a. Collect information about audit practices of the accounting auditor in the applicable fiscal year through interviews with related internal divisions
- b. Review details and status of three-way audit meetings by the Audit & Supervisory Committee, Internal Audit Division, and accounting auditor
- c. Review details and status of opinion exchanges and other talks between the Audit & Supervisory Committee and the accounting auditor on a quarterly basis and if otherwise deemed necessary

In addition to flexibly determining the suitability of accounting audits from the aforementioned elements, the Company evaluates the overall appropriateness of accounting audits at the end of the fiscal year by comparing the contents of quarterly audit reports provided by the accounting auditor and statutory reporting matters against a check sheet drafted in accordance with laws and regulations.

- 4) Fees paid to auditing certified public accountants, etc.
- (I) Details of fees paid to auditing certified public accountants, etc.

(Millions of yen)

| | Year ended Oc | etober 31, 2020 | Year ended October 31, 2021 | | |
|---------------------------|--------------------------------|-----------------------------|--------------------------------|-----------------------------|--|
| Category | Fees for audit and attestation | Fees for non-audit services | Fees for audit and attestation | Fees for non-audit services | |
| Filing Company | 99 | 18 | 131 | 6 | |
| Consolidated subsidiaries | 92 | _ | 109 | 8 | |
| Total | 191 | 18 | 241 | 15 | |

(Consolidated fiscal year ended October 31, 2020)

Non-audit services rendered to the Company were advisory services related to J-SOX compliance for consolidated subsidiaries. (Consolidated fiscal year ended October 31, 2021)

Non-audit services rendered to the Company were advisory and other services in relation to the application of new accounting standards for revenue recognition.

(II) Details of fees paid to organizations belonging to the same network as auditing certified public accountants (excluding (I) above)

(Millions of yen)

| | Year ended Oc | etober 31, 2020 | Year ended October 31, 2021 | | |
|---------------------------|--------------------------------|-----------------------------|--------------------------------|-----------------------------|--|
| Category | Fees for audit and attestation | Fees for non-audit services | Fees for audit and attestation | Fees for non-audit services | |
| Filing Company | _ | 2 | _ | 2 | |
| Consolidated subsidiaries | 37 | 11 | 112 | 29 | |
| Total | 37 | 13 | 112 | 31 | |

(Consolidated fiscal year ended October 31, 2020)

Non-audit services rendered to the Company and its consolidated subsidiaries were tax-related services.

(Consolidated fiscal year ended October 31, 2021)

Non-audit services rendered to the Company and its consolidated subsidiaries were tax-related services and advisory services related to corporate reorganization.

(III) Details of other significant fees for audit certification

(Consolidated fiscal year ended October 31, 2020)

There are no applicable matters to report.

(Consolidated fiscal year ended October 31, 2021)

There are no applicable matters to report.

(IV) Policy on determination of audit fees

Remuneration for auditing certified public accountants, etc. is appropriately determined by the Company based on the consent of the Audit & Supervisory Committee, and taking into consideration the details of the audit work and the number of days required.

(V) Reason the Audit & Supervisory Committee agreed to audit fees of the accounting auditor

The Audit & Supervisory Committee agreed to the audit fees for the consolidated fiscal year ended October 31, 2021 after verifying the appropriateness of the details of the audit plan (schedule, risk approach, etc.) and the compensation level based on the track record of the accounting auditor in the previous fiscal year, and with reference to the composition of the deployed accountants, research materials published by the Institute of Certified Public Accountants, and case studies involving other companies.

- (4) Executive remuneration, etc.
- 1) Matters related to remuneration amounts, etc. for officers and policy for determining calculation method for such amounts
 At its Board of Directors meeting held on February 25, 2021, the Company adopted a policy to determine remuneration, etc. for individual Directors of the Company.

The determination policy for remuneration, etc. for individual Directors is as follows.

[Rules related to remuneration calculation method and determination of remuneration]

Remuneration amounts paid by the Company to its officers are set within the overall limit of remuneration approved by the General Meeting of Shareholders. The amounts allocated to Directors (excluding Audit & Supervisory Committee Members) are determined by the Board of Directors based on recommendations from the Remuneration Committee, and the amounts allocated to Directors who concurrently serve as Audit & Supervisory Committee Members are determined through deliberation with the Audit & Supervisory Committee Members.

The policy for determining remuneration amounts is in accordance with the internal remuneration regulations established through deliberation by the Board of Directors and Audit & Supervisory Committee Members and covers provisions related to the remuneration structure, remuneration determination criteria, and standard remuneration amounts.

[Remuneration policy]

- (I) To have in place a competitive remuneration system with high degree of fairness
 - Remuneration system and levels that are based on work responsibilities and performance (regardless of nationality or gender), and contribute to the acquisition and retention of outstanding human resources
- (II) To have in place a remuneration system focused on improving corporate and shareholder value
 - Remuneration system and structure that is closely correlated to earnings performance and focuses on improving mediumto long-term corporate and shareholder value

[Remuneration structure]

| | Remuneration type | Objective/Summary | | |
|----------|--|---|--|--|
| Fixed | a. Basic monthly remuneration | The Company determines amounts commensurate with Directors' roles and positions, and pays these as basic monthly remuneration. | | |
| | b. Performance-linked remuneration (linked to ordinary profit) | To calculate performance-linked remuneration, the Company uses the average of the three highest ordinary profit amounts recorded in the last 10 consolidated fiscal years as a reference value. As a rule, the Company pays an amount equivalent to 7% of the amount obtained by subtracting this reference value from the ordinary profit amount for the current fiscal year. However, based on earning performance trends, the Company may adjust the abovementioned 7% by 1–2 points. • Concrete amounts are determined within a range of 0–200% of the standard amount in accordance with the degree of earnings achievement in each fiscal year. • Paid as a lump-sum at the end of each fiscal year | | |
| Variable | c. Stock option | The Company has established a stock option program as a form of remuneration that aims to enhance corporate value over the medium to long term. The total amount is kept within the annual amount (within 100 million yen) approved by the General Meeting of Shareholders. | | |
| | d. Restricted stock compensation | The Company allots restricted stock to Directors (excluding Directors who are Audit & Supervisory Committee Members, non-Executive Directors, Part-time Directors, and External Directors), and accordingly aims to motivate Directors to work toward continuous improvement of corporate value, and further align their interests with those of its shareholders. (The total amount is kept within the annual amount [within 100 million yen] approved by the General Meeting of Shareholders.) • Standard amount is calculated as monthly remuneration × multiple based on position at the Company | | |

[Remuneration levels]

To ensure objectiveness and transparency of the decision-making process, the remuneration structure and levels for Directors and Corporate Officers are determined by a resolution of the Board of Directors following a review by the Remuneration Committee.

[Remuneration composition]

| | Basic remuneration | Directors' bonuses | Stock-based compensation | |
|---------------------------|-------------------------------|------------------------------------|--|---|
| Remuneration type | a. Basic monthly remuneration | b. Performance-linked remuneration | c. Stock option | d. Restricted stock compensation |
| Performance-linked or not | Fixed | Performance-linked | Performance-linked | Not linked to performance |
| Time of payment | Monthly | Once a year | Upon completion of medium-term management plan | Upon retirement of each Corporate Officer |
| Share of remuneration | 40%-48% | 32%-40% | 5%–9% | 11%-15% |

[Reason the Board of Directors has determined the remuneration, etc. for individual Directors is in line with the policy above in the fiscal year under review]

In determining matters involving remuneration, etc. for individual Directors, the Remuneration Committee has conducted extensive deliberations, including on whether the remuneration is consistent with the determination policy, and these matters have been deliberated and determined in the meetings of the Board of Directors. As a result, the Board of Directors has also determined that the remuneration is in line with the determination policy. However, the Remuneration Committee has not followed the basic policy above to make its determination because earnings performance has been significantly affected by the global COVID-19 pandemic.

- 2) Executive remuneration, etc.
- (I) Total amount of remuneration paid by officer category, amount by type of remuneration, and number of eligible officers

| | Total amount of | Т | Number of | | | |
|--|-----------------------------------|--------------------|--|--------------|-------------------------------------|----------------------|
| Officer category | remuneration (millions of yen) | Fixed remuneration | Performance- linked remuneration | Stock option | Restricted stock compensation | eligible officers |
| Director (excluding Audit & Supervisory Committee Members) (excluding External Directors) | 101 | 77 | _ | 3 | 21 | 8 |
| Director (Audit & Supervisory Committee Member) (excluding External Directors) | 8 | 8 | _ | | _ | 1 |
| External Directors (Audit & Supervisory Committee Members) | 9 | 9 | _ | | _ | 3 |

(Notes)

- 1. The number of Directors above includes one Director (not Audit & Supervisory Committee Member) and one Director (Audit & Supervisory Committee Member) who retired at the conclusion of the General Meeting of Shareholders on January 27, 2021.
- 2. The maximum amount of remuneration paid to Directors (excluding Audit & Supervisory Committee Members) was set at 500 million yen per year (includes executive bonuses, but excludes payments related to employee status) by a resolution approved at the 35th General Meeting of Shareholders held on January 27, 2016. (The number of Directors [excluding Audit & Supervisory Committee Members] at the conclusion of that General Meeting of Shareholders was 10). A separate resolution was approved at the 36th General Meeting of Shareholders held on January 26, 2017 to grant Directors (excluding Audit & Supervisory Committee Members) share acquisition rights amounting to up to 100 million yen per year as stock options, and cap the number of share acquisition right units that can be allotted within one year from the date of the General Meeting of Shareholders of each fiscal year at 700 units. (The number of Directors [excluding Audit & Supervisory Committee Members] at the conclusion of that General Meeting of Shareholders was 10.) In addition, at the 37th General Meeting of Shareholders held on January 25, 2018, a resolution was approved to cap monetary claims payable corresponding to restricted stock compensation for Directors (excluding Audit & Supervisory Committee Members) at 100 million yen per year, and to cap the total number of common shares corresponding to restricted stock compensation to 100,000 shares per year. (The number of Directors [excluding Audit & Supervisory Committee Members] at the conclusion of that General Meeting of Shareholders was seven.) Finally, the Audit & Supervisory Committee has determined that the aforementioned remuneration, etc. is appropriate.
- 3. The maximum amount of remuneration paid to Directors (Audit & Supervisory Committee Members) was set at 50 million yen per year (including executive bonuses) by a resolution approved at the 35th General Meeting of Shareholders held on January 27, 2016. (The number of Directors [Audit & Supervisory Committee Members] at the conclusion of that General Meeting of Shareholders was three.)

- 4. The performance indicator, etc. for the payment of bonus amounts as performance-linked remuneration, its calculation method, and the reason the performance indicator was selected are described in "1) Matters related to remuneration amounts, etc. for officers and policy for determining calculation method for such amounts." As the performance indicator target was not achieved within the fiscal year under review, no bonuses were paid.
- 5. The stock options and restricted stock compensation, which are both non-monetary forms of remuneration, are described in "1) Matters related to remuneration amounts, etc. for officers and policy for determining calculation method for such amounts."
- (II) Breakdown of total amount of consolidated remuneration by officer

Information about the total amount of consolidated remuneration by officer is not presented as there were no officers with a total amount of consolidated remuneration of 100 million yen or more.

(5) Information on shareholdings

(I) Criteria for shareholding classification and rationale

The Company classifies its shareholdings into shares held solely for pure investment and shares held for purposes other than pure investment. The former are held mainly for the purpose of generating profit through fluctuations in the share price or through dividends, while the latter are positioned as strategic holdings.

(II) Investment securities held for purposes other than pure investment There are no applicable matters to report.

(III) Investment securities held solely for pure investment

| | Year ended Oc | etober 31, 2021 | Year ended October 31, 2020 | | |
|-----------------------------|-----------------------|---|-----------------------------|---|--|
| Classification | Number of stock names | Total amount on balance sheet (millions of yen) | Number of stock names | Total amount on balance sheet (millions of yen) | |
| Unlisted stocks | 9 | 487 | 9 | 1,323 | |
| Stocks other than the above | _ | _ | _ | _ | |

| Classification | Year ended October 31, 2021 (millions of yen) | | | |
|-----------------------------|--|---------------------------------|--------------------------------------|--|
| Classification | Total dividend income | Total gains (losses) on sale | Total gains (losses) on valuation | |
| Unlisted stocks | _ | _ | (Note) | |
| Stocks other than the above | _ | _ | _ | |

(Note) "Total gains (losses) on valuation" are not stated because unlisted stocks have no market price and it is deemed extremely difficult to grasp their fair market value.

V. Financial Information

1. Basis of presentation for consolidated and non-consolidated financial statements

- (1) The Company's consolidated financial statements are prepared in conformity with the "Regulations Concerning Terminology, Forms, and Preparation Methods of Consolidated Financial Statements" (Ministry of Finance Regulation No. 28, 1976) (hereinafter, "Regulations on Consolidated Financial Statements.").
- (2) The Company's non-consolidated financial statements are prepared in conformity with the "Regulations Concerning Terminology, Forms, and Preparation Methods of Non-consolidated Financial Statements (Ministry of Finance Regulation No. 59, 1963) (hereinafter, "Regulations on Non-consolidated Financial Statements.")

As a company designated for the submission of non-consolidated financial statements prepared in accordance with special provision, the Company prepares its non-consolidated financial statements pursuant to Article 127 of the Regulations on Non-consolidated Financial Statements.

2. Independent auditing of financial statements

Pursuant to the provisions of Article 193-2, Paragraph 1 of the Financial Instruments and Exchange Law, the Company arranged for the auditing firm Deloitte Touche Tohmatsu LLC to conduct independent audits of the consolidated and non-consolidated financial accounts of the Company for the fiscal year under review (November 1, 2020 to October 31, 2021).

3. Particular efforts to secure the appropriateness of the consolidated financial statements and other financial reports

The Company makes special efforts to ensure the appropriateness of its consolidated financial statements and other financial reports. Specifically, in order to accurately ascertain the content of the latest accounting standards and prepare appropriate consolidated financial statements, etc., it maintains membership in the Financial Accounting Standards Foundation and participates in educational opportunities provided by said Foundation, accounting firms, and other institutions, and subscribes to accounting journals. The Company also reviews its internal regulations and manuals as appropriate.

1. Consolidated Financial Statements, etc.

- (1) Consolidated Financial Statements
- 1) Consolidated Balance Sheets

| | | (Millions of yen) |
|--|---|---|
| | Year ended October 31, 2020 (As of October 31, 2020) | Year ended October 31, 2021 (As of October 31, 2021) |
| sets | | |
| Current assets | | |
| Cash and deposits | *2 95,234 | *2 101,411 |
| Notes and accounts receivable - trade | 15,829 | 16,718 |
| Trade accounts receivable | 345 | 171 |
| Securities | _ | 11 |
| Travel advance payments | 7,253 | 8,927 |
| Prepaid expenses | 2,245 | 2,179 |
| Short-term loans receivable | 346 | 3,479 |
| Short-term loans receivable from subsidiaries and associates | 392 | 233 |
| Accounts receivable - other | 11,938 | 7,536 |
| Other | 7,013 | 5,062 |
| Allowance for doubtful accounts | (1,376) | (2,234) |
| Total current assets | 139,223 | 143,495 |
| Non-current assets | | |
| Property, plant and equipment | | |
| Buildings | 82,466 | 103,216 |
| Accumulated depreciation | (16,420) | (19,029) |
| Buildings, net | *2, *8 66,045 | *1, *2, *8 84,187 |
| Tools, furniture and fixtures | 23,312 | 23,539 |
| Accumulated depreciation | (12,605) | (12,989) |
| Tools, furniture and fixtures, net | *8 10,706 | *8 10,549 |
| Land | *2, *4 80,282 | *1, *2, *4 75,485 |
| Leased assets | 23,610 | 25,753 |
| Accumulated depreciation | (10,405) | (12,621) |
| Leased assets, net | 13,204 | 13,132 |
| Construction in progress | 24,274 | 11,101 |
| Other | 19,046 | 19,077 |
| Accumulated depreciation | (11,348) | (12,241) |
| Other, net | *2, *8 7,698 | *2, *8 6,836 |
| Total property, plant and equipment | 202,211 | 201,291 |
| Intangible assets | | |
| Goodwill | 5,227 | 4,621 |
| Other | *8 16,595 | *8 15,486 |
| Total intangible assets | 21,822 | 20,10 |
| Investments and other assets | | |
| Investment securities | 10,594 | 5,716 |
| Shares of subsidiaries and associates | 3,348 | 2,559 |
| Investments in capital of subsidiaries and associates | 20 | 77 |
| Long-term loans receivable | *9 3,300 | 66 |
| Long-term loans receivable from subsidiaries and associates | 2,205 | 901 |
| Retirement benefit asset | 602 | 723 |
| Deferred tax assets | 12,986 | 11,135 |
| Guarantee deposits | 10,516 | 21,896 |
| Other | 9,249 | *2 4,280 |
| Allowance for doubtful accounts | (1,905) | (1,105 |
| Total investments and other assets | 50,919 | 46,263 |
| Total non-current assets | 274,954 | 267,662 |
| Deferred assets | 426 | 289 |
| Belefied abbets | | |

| | (Millions of yen) | | | | |
|--|---|---|--|--|--|
| | Year ended October 31, 2020 (As of October 31, 2020) | Year ended October 31, 2021 (As of October 31, 2021) | | | |
| Liabilities | | | | | |
| Current liabilities | | | | | |
| Trade accounts payable | 9,029 | 12,978 | | | |
| Short-term borrowings | *2, *5 26,659 | *2, *5 28,240 | | | |
| Current portion of bonds payable | *7 10,000 | _ | | | |
| Current portion of long-term borrowings | *2 1,689 | * ² 4,557 | | | |
| Accounts payable - other | 5,021 | *2 4,331 | | | |
| Accrued expenses | 4,172 | 4,320 | | | |
| Income taxes payable | 1,159 | 529 | | | |
| Accrued consumption taxes | 686 | 624 | | | |
| Travel advance received | 14,021 | 14,112 | | | |
| Lease obligations | 2,462 | 2,454 | | | |
| Provision for bonuses | 1,033 | 779 | | | |
| Provision for bonuses for directors (and other officers) | 22 | 25 | | | |
| Other | 14,873 | 14,299 | | | |
| Total current liabilities | 90,833 | 87,254 | | | |
| Non-current liabilities | , | , | | | |
| Bonds payable | *7 20,000 | *7 20,000 | | | |
| Convertible bond-type bonds with share acquisition rights | * ⁷ 25,072 | *7 25,054 | | | |
| Long-term borrowings | *2, *6 149,605 | *1, *2, *6 184,643 | | | |
| Deferred tax liabilities | *4 5,038 | *4 4,982 | | | |
| Retirement benefit liability | 7,981 | 7,659 | | | |
| Provision for retirement benefits for directors (and other officers) | 377 | 393 | | | |
| Lease obligations | 13,070 | 12,410 | | | |
| Other | 4,203 | 4,902 | | | |
| Total non-current liabilities | 225,349 | 260,047 | | | |
| Total liabilities | 316,182 | 347,301 | | | |
| Net assets | 220,202 | 0,000 | | | |
| Shareholders' equity | | | | | |
| Share capital | 15,000 | 21,048 | | | |
| Capital surplus | 7,450 | 13,328 | | | |
| Retained earnings | 72,222 | 22,275 | | | |
| Treasury shares | (15,204) | (15,004) | | | |
| Total shareholders' equity | 79,468 | 41,647 | | | |
| Accumulated other comprehensive income | 75,100 | 11,017 | | | |
| Valuation difference on available-for-sale securities | 597 | 713 | | | |
| Deferred gains or losses on hedges | 7 | 713 | | | |
| Foreign currency translation adjustment | (6,157) | (1,859) | | | |
| Remeasurements of defined benefit plans | 32 | (1,839) | | | |
| Total accumulated other comprehensive income | (5,519) | (1,020) | | | |
| Share acquisition rights | (5,519) | 158 | | | |
| Non-controlling interests | | | | | |
| | 24,294 | 23,360 | | | |
| Total net assets | 98,421 | 64,145 | | | |
| Total liabilities and net assets | 414,604 | 411,447 | | | |

2) Consolidated Statements of Income and Comprehensive Income Consolidated Statements of Income

| | V1-1 O-4-121 2020 | (Millions of yen) |
|---|--|--|
| | Year ended October 31, 2020 (November 1, 2019 to October 31, 2020) | Year ended October 31, 2021 (November 1, 2020 to October 31, 2021) |
| Net sales | 430,284 | 118,563 |
| Cost of sales | 360,387 | 102,179 |
| Gross profit | 69,896 | 16,383 |
| Selling, general and administrative expenses | *1 101,026 | *1 80,442 |
| Operating profit (loss) | (31,129) | (64,058) |
| Non-operating income | | |
| Interest income | 1,269 | 755 |
| Foreign exchange gains | _ | 1,134 |
| Subsidy income | 547 | 826 |
| Other | 1,250 | 1,822 |
| Total non-operating income | 3,067 | 4,538 |
| Non-operating expenses | | |
| Interest expenses | 1,094 | 1,175 |
| Share of loss of entities accounted for using equity method | 194 | 548 |
| Foreign exchange losses | 321 | _ |
| Other | 1,610 | 2,055 |
| Total non-operating expenses | 3,221 | 3,779 |
| Ordinary profit (loss) | (31,283) | (63,299) |
| Extraordinary income | | |
| Gain on sale of non-current assets | _ | *2 1,613 |
| Gain on sale of investment securities | 1,085 | 988 |
| Gain on sale of shares of subsidiaries and associates | _ | 394 |
| Subsidy income | *3 9,969 | *3 17,770 |
| Total extraordinary income | 11,055 | 20,766 |
| Extraordinary losses | | |
| Impairment loss | *4 5,320 | *4 2,459 |
| Loss on valuation of investment securities | 837 | 1,595 |
| Loss on valuation of shares of subsidiaries and associates | _ | 377 |
| Provision of allowance for doubtful accounts | *5 1,418 | _ |
| Losses from downtime | *6 5,296 | *6 3,548 |
| Business restructuring expenses | | * ⁷ 493 |
| Total extraordinary losses | 12,873 | 8,475 |
| Profit (loss) before income taxes | (33,101) | (51,008) |
| Income taxes - current | 1,565 | 411 |
| Income taxes - deferred | (5,023) | 1,823 |
| Total income taxes | (3,457) | 2,234 |
| Profit (loss) | (29,644) | (53,242) |
| Profit (loss) attributable to non-controlling interests | (4,606) | (3,192) |
| Profit (loss) attributable to owners of parent | (25,037) | (50,050) |

| | | (Millions of yen) |
|---|--|--|
| | Year ended October 31, 2020 (November 1, 2019 to October 31, 2020) | Year ended October 31, 2021 (November 1, 2020 to October 31, 2021) |
| Profit (loss) | (29,644) | (53,242) |
| Other comprehensive income | | |
| Valuation difference on available-for-sale securities | (422) | 116 |
| Deferred gains or losses on hedges | (65) | (0) |
| Foreign currency translation adjustment | (3,683) | 4,556 |
| Remeasurements of defined benefit plans | 248 | 69 |
| Share of other comprehensive income of entities accounted for using equity method | (5) | 70 |
| Total other comprehensive income | * (3,929) | * 4,812 |
| Comprehensive income | (33,573) | (48,430) |
| Comprehensive income attributable to | | |
| Comprehensive income attributable to owners of parent | (28,837) | (45,550) |
| Comprehensive income attributable to non-controlling interests | (4,735) | (2,879) |

3) Consolidated Statements of Changes in Equity Consolidated fiscal year ended October 31, 2020 (November 1, 2019 to October 31, 2020) (Millions of yen)

| | Shareholders' equity | | | | | |
|---|----------------------|--------------------|-------------------|--------------------|----------------------------------|--|
| | Share capital | Capital surplus | Retained earnings | Treasury shares | Total shareholders' equity | |
| Balance at beginning of period | 11,000 | 3,392 | 112,409 | (28,309) | 98,493 | |
| Cumulative effects of changes in accounting policies | | | (278) | | (278) | |
| Restated balance | 11,000 | 3,392 | 112,131 | (28,309) | 98,214 | |
| Changes during period | | | | | | |
| Issuance of new shares | 4,000 | 4,000 | | | 8,000 | |
| Dividends of surplus | | | (1,900) | | (1,900) | |
| Profit (loss) attributable to owners of parent | | | (25,037) | | (25,037) | |
| Purchase of treasury shares | | | | | _ | |
| Disposal of treasury shares | | (0) | | 434 | 434 | |
| Cancellation of treasury shares | | (22) | (12,647) | 12,670 | _ | |
| Change in scope of consolidation | | | (323) | | (323) | |
| Purchase of treasury shares of consolidated subsidiaries | | | | | _ | |
| Capital increase of consolidated subsidiaries | | 24 | | | 24 | |
| Change in ownership interest of parent due to transactions under common control | | 56 | | | 56 | |
| Net changes in items other than shareholders' equity | | | | | _ | |
| Total changes during period | 4,000 | 4,058 | (39,908) | 13,104 | (18,745) | |
| Balance at end of period | 15,000 | 7,450 | 72,222 | (15,204) | 79,468 | |

| | Accumulated other comprehensive income | | | | | | | |
|---|---|--|--|---|--|--------------------------------|----------------------------------|---------------------|
| | Valuation difference on available-for- sale securities | Deferred gains or losses on hedges | Foreign currency translation adjustment | Remeasurements of defined benefit plans | Total accumulated other comprehensive income | Share acquisition rights | Non- controlling interests | Total net assets |
| Balance at beginning of period | 1,019 | 75 | (2,626) | (187) | (1,719) | - | 27,135 | 123,909 |
| Cumulative effects of changes in accounting policies | | | | | _ | | (267) | (546) |
| Restated balance | 1,019 | 75 | (2,626) | (187) | (1,719) | _ | 26,868 | 123,363 |
| Changes during period | | | | | | | | |
| Issuance of new shares | | | | | - | | | 8,000 |
| Dividends of surplus | | | | | _ | | | (1,900) |
| Profit (loss) attributable to owners of parent | | | | | _ | | | (25,037) |
| Purchase of treasury shares | | | | | _ | | | _ |
| Disposal of treasury shares | | | | | - | | | 434 |
| Cancellation of treasury shares | | | | | - | | | _ |
| Change in scope of consolidation | | | | | _ | | | (323) |
| Purchase of treasury shares of consolidated subsidiaries | | | | | _ | | | - |
| Capital increase of consolidated subsidiaries | | | | | _ | | | 24 |
| Change in ownership interest of parent due to transactions under common control | | | | | _ | | | 56 |
| Net changes in items other than shareholders' equity | (422) | (67) | (3,531) | 220 | (3,800) | 178 | (2,573) | (6,195) |
| Total changes during period | (422) | (67) | (3,531) | 220 | (3,800) | 178 | (2,573) | (24,941) |
| Balance at end of period | 597 | 7 | (6,157) | 32 | (5,519) | 178 | 24,294 | 98,421 |

Consolidated fiscal year ended October 31, 2021 (November 1, 2020 to October 31, 2021) (Millions of yen)

| | | Sh | areholders' equ | 1 | initelis et j'enj | |
|---|------------------|--------------------|-------------------|--------------------|----------------------------------|--|
| | Share capital | Capital surplus | Retained earnings | Treasury shares | Total shareholders' equity | |
| Balance at beginning of period | 15,000 | 7,450 | 72,222 | (15,204) | 79,468 | |
| Cumulative effects of changes in accounting policies | | | | | | |
| Restated balance | 15,000 | 7,450 | 72,222 | (15,204) | 79,468 | |
| Changes during period | | | | | | |
| Issuance of new shares | 6,048 | 6,048 | | | 12,097 | |
| Dividends of surplus | | | | | - | |
| Profit (loss) attributable to owners of parent | | | (50,050) | | (50,050) | |
| Purchase of treasury shares | | | | (0) | (0) | |
| Disposal of treasury shares | | | (9) | 200 | 190 | |
| Cancellation of treasury shares | | | | | - | |
| Change in scope of consolidation | | | | | _ | |
| Purchase of treasury shares of consolidated subsidiaries | | (0) | | | (0) | |
| Capital increase of consolidated subsidiaries | | | | | _ | |
| Change in ownership interest of parent due to transactions under common control | | (170) | 112 | | (58) | |
| Net changes in items other than shareholders' equity | | | | _ | _ | |
| Total changes during period | 6,048 | 5,877 | (49,947) | 200 | (37,821) | |
| Balance at end of period | 21,048 | 13,328 | 22,275 | (15,004) | 41,647 | |

| | Accumulated other comprehensive income | | | | | | | |
|---|---|--|--|---|--|--------------------------------|----------------------------------|------------------|
| | Valuation difference on available-for- sale securities | Deferred gains or losses on hedges | Foreign currency translation adjustment | Remeasurements of defined benefit plans | Total accumulated other comprehensive income | Share acquisition rights | Non- controlling interests | Total net assets |
| Balance at beginning of period | 597 | 7 | (6,157) | 32 | (5,519) | 178 | 24,294 | 98,421 |
| Cumulative effects of changes in accounting policies | | | | | _ | | | - |
| Restated balance | 597 | 7 | (6,157) | 32 | (5,519) | 178 | 24,294 | 98,421 |
| Changes during period | | | | | | | | |
| Issuance of new shares | | | | | 1 | | | 12,097 |
| Dividends of surplus | | | | | _ | | | _ |
| Profit (loss) attributable to owners of parent | | | | | - | | | (50,050) |
| Purchase of treasury shares | | | | | - | | | (0) |
| Disposal of treasury shares | | | | | _ | | | 190 |
| Cancellation of treasury shares | | | | | _ | | | _ |
| Change in scope of consolidation | | | | | _ | | | _ |
| Purchase of treasury shares of consolidated subsidiaries | | | | | _ | | | (0) |
| Capital increase of consolidated subsidiaries | | | | | _ | | | - |
| Change in ownership interest of parent due to transactions under common control | | | | | _ | | | (58) |
| Net changes in items other than shareholders' equity | 116 | (0) | 4,298 | 85 | 4,499 | (20) | (934) | 3,545 |
| Total changes during period | 116 | (0) | 4,298 | 85 | 4,499 | (20) | (934) | (34,275) |
| Balance at end of period | 713 | 7 | (1,859) | 118 | (1,020) | 158 | 23,360 | 64,145 |

Net cash provided by (used in) operating activities

(57,718)

(28,397)

(Millions of yen) Year ended October 31, 2020 Year ended October 31, 2021 (November 1, 2019 to (November 1, 2020 to October 31, 2020) October 31, 2021) Cash flows from investing activities Payments into time deposits (18,941)(15,606)Proceeds from withdrawal of time deposits 30,214 17,810 Purchase of securities (116)Proceeds from redemption of securities 104 Purchase of property, plant and equipment and intangible (66,565)(16,567)Proceeds from sale of property, plant and equipment and 1,862 8,515 intangible assets Purchase of investment securities (1,319)(318)823 Proceeds from sale of investment securities 6,299 Proceeds from redemption of investment securities 91 4,157 Purchase of shares of subsidiaries and associates (693)(144)Proceeds from sale of shares of subsidiaries and associates 9 166 Purchase of shares of subsidiaries resulting in change in (384)scope of consolidation Proceeds from sale of shares of subsidiaries resulting in 228 change in scope of consolidation Payments for sale of shares of subsidiaries resulting in (851)change in scope of consolidation Loan advances (230)(72)Collection of loans receivable 1,347 686 Payments for guarantee deposits (1,331)(13,232)Proceeds from refund of guarantee deposits 2,317 2,163 1,587 Revenue from redevelopment project Other, net (1,697)4,692 Net cash provided by (used in) investing activities (47,901)(7,095)Cash flows from financing activities Proceeds from short-term borrowings 69,413 72,818 Repayments of short-term borrowings (48,544)(71,469)Proceeds from long-term borrowings 5,712 39,465 Repayments of long-term borrowings (38,232)(1,693)Dividends paid (1,900)Dividends paid to non-controlling interests (9) (439)Proceeds from issuance of shares 7,728 11,994 Proceeds from share issuance to non-controlling 1,000 2,065 shareholders Proceeds from issuance of share acquisition rights 116 Redemption of bonds (10,000)(456)(2,458)Other, net 40,711 Net cash provided by (used in) financing activities (5,602)(1,082)2,415 Effect of exchange rate change on cash and cash equivalents Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents (112,304)7,633 Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of period 192,541 80,445 Increase in cash and cash equivalents resulting from inclusion of 208 subsidiaries in consolidation Increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents resulting from (0)change of scope of consolidation 80,445 Cash and cash equivalents at end of period * 88,079

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements

[Going concern assumptions]

There are no applicable matters to report.

[Significant matters that serve as the basis for preparation of the consolidated financial statements]

1. Scope of consolidation

(1) Consolidated subsidiaries

The consolidated financial statements include the accounts of 140 subsidiaries of the Company. The names of principal subsidiaries are listed in the "3. Description of Business" section of "I. Overview of the Company, Part I Information on the Company."

From the consolidated fiscal year ended October 31, 2021, SAS CEETIZ was added to the scope of consolidation through share acquisitions.

Consolidated subsidiaries INTERPARK TOUR JAPAN Co., Ltd. and four other companies were removed from the scope of consolidation as a result of the completion of liquidation proceedings.

Consolidated subsidiary Activity Japan Co., Ltd. was removed from the scope of consolidation following the sale of shares in the company.

Consolidated subsidiaries Higo Liquor Co., Ltd. and Hanamarudo Co., Ltd. were removed from the scope of consolidation as they ceased to exist following an absorption-type merger in which consolidated subsidiary Kyushu Sanko Retail Co., Ltd. was the surviving company.

Consolidated subsidiary Merit Travel Group (Quebec) Inc. was removed from the scope of consolidation as it ceased to exist following an absorption-type merger in which consolidated subsidiary Merit Travel Group Inc. was the surviving company.

(2) Non-consolidated subsidiaries

The Company has 40 non-consolidated subsidiaries. The principal non-consolidated subsidiary is listed below.

- · H.I.S. Travel Limited
- (3) Reason for exclusion of non-consolidated subsidiaries from consolidation

The size of each non-consolidated subsidiary is small, and their total assets, net sales, profit/loss (amount corresponding to equity interest) and retained earnings (amount corresponding to equity interest), etc. do not have a material effect on the consolidated financial statements.

2. Application of equity method

(1) Non-consolidated subsidiaries and associates accounted for by the equity method

The company applies the equity method to three associates. The names of the principal equity-method associates are listed in the "3. Description of Business" section under "I. Overview of the Company, Part I Information on the Company."

In the consolidated fiscal year ended October 31, 2021, the Company removed Activity Japan Co., Ltd. from the scope of consolidation following the sale of shares in the company and included it in the scope of equity-method applicable companies.

H.I.F. Co., Ltd., previously an equity-method affiliate of the Company, has been removed from the scope of application of the equity method following the sale of shares in the company.

Sonco Gaming UK Ltd. and three other companies that previously were equity-method affiliates of the Company have been removed from the scope of application of the equity method following third-party allotments of new shares.

(2) Non-consolidated subsidiaries and associates not accounted for by the equity method

The profit/loss (amount corresponding to equity interest) and retained earnings (amount corresponding to equity interest), etc. of the 40 non-consolidated subsidiaries and the 20 associates not accounted for by the equity method are of such a level that removing them from the consolidated financial statements has only a negligible effect. Since they are not significant as a whole, they are excluded from the scope of equity-method applicable companies. The principal subsidiary in this category is listed below.

[Subsidiary]

• H.I.S. Travel Limited

3. Fiscal years, etc. of consolidated subsidiaries

Overseas consolidated subsidiaries have fiscal years ending on July 31.

Domestic consolidated subsidiary SYS Inc. has a fiscal year ending on August 31.

The following consolidated subsidiaries have fiscal years ending on September 30: (1) Overseas: Green World Hotels Co., Ltd.; HIS DORAK TURIZM OTEL YATIRIMLARI VE DIS TICARET ANONIM SIRKETI; DORAK HIS OTELCILIK VE TIC.A.S.; (2) Domestic: Orion Tour Co., Ltd.; Travel Marche Co., Ltd.; O.T.B. Co., Ltd.; Japan Holiday Travel Co., Ltd.; H.I.S. Okinawa Co., Ltd.; Huis Ten Bosch Co., Ltd.; HTB Tourism Co., Ltd.; Laguna Ten Bosch Co., Ltd.; The Watermark Hotel Nagasaki Co., Ltd.; H.I.S. Hotel Holdings Co., Ltd.; Aqua Ignis Taki Hotel Asset K.K.; Kyushu Sangyo Kotsu Holdings Co., Ltd.; Kyushu Sanko Bus Co., Ltd.; Kyushu Sanko Tourism Co., Ltd.; Kyushu Sanko Landmark Co., Ltd.; Kumamoto Ferry Co., Ltd.; Sanko Bus Co., Ltd.; Kyushu Sanko Auto Service Co., Ltd.; Kyushu Sanko Retail Co., Ltd.; KASSE JAPAN Co., Ltd.; Kyushu BM Service Co., Ltd.; Kyushu Sanko Planning Co., Ltd.; Kyushu Sanko Card Co., Ltd.; H.I.S. Energy Holdings Co., Ltd.; HTB ENERGY CO., LTD.; H.I.S. SUPER Power Co., Ltd.; H.I.S. SUPER Power LLC; H.S. Insurance Co., Ltd.; Huis Ten Bosch Technical Center Co., Ltd.; Nishinihon Engineering Co., Ltd.; hapi-robo st, Inc.

In preparing its consolidated financial statements, the Company uses the year-end financial statements of these companies. However, adjustments are made for any significant transactions taking place between the respective fiscal year-ends of the consolidated subsidiaries and the consolidated closing date.

4. Accounting policies

- (1) Valuation standard and method for significant assets
 - 1) Securities

Held-to-maturity securities

Stated at amortized cost.

Available-for-sale securities

Securities with a determinable fair market value

Stated at fair market value based on the market price, etc. on the fiscal closing date (with any unrealized gains or losses reported directly as a component of net assets, and the cost of securities sold generally calculated by the moving average method).

Securities without a determinable fair market value

Generally stated at cost using the moving average method.

2) Derivatives

Stated at fair market value.

- (2) Depreciation method for significant assets
 - 1) Property, plant and equipment (excluding leased assets)

The Company and its domestic consolidated subsidiaries mainly apply the straight-line method for buildings (excluding facilities attached to buildings) and facilities attached to buildings acquired on or after April 1, 2016. For other property, plant and equipment, the declining balance method is applied. Overseas consolidated subsidiaries mainly apply the straight-line method.

The ranges of useful life for property, plant and equipment are mainly as shown below.

Buildings

2-65 years

Tools, furniture and fixtures 2–25 years

2) Intangible assets (excluding leased assets)

The straight-line method is applied.

In addition, software used in-house is depreciated over its useful life (five years) based on the straight-line method.

3) Leased assets

Leased assets are depreciated using the straight-line method with estimated useful lives equal to lease terms, and zero residual value.

- (3) Accounting standards for significant provisions
 - 1) Allowance for doubtful accounts

To prepare for losses from uncollectible receivables, estimates of irrecoverable amounts are recorded based on historical loan-loss ratios for general receivables, and on consideration of feasibly recoverable amounts in individual cases of suspected bad debt or other specific receivables.

2) Provision for bonuses

To provide for bonus payments to employees, a provision for bonuses is recorded based on estimated future payments.

3) Provision for bonuses for directors (and other officers)

To provide for bonus payments to Directors (and other officers), a provision for bonuses is recorded based on estimated future payments.

4) Provision for retirement benefits for directors (and other officers)

To prepare for retirement benefit payments to Directors (and other officers), a provision for retirement benefits for Directors (and other officers) is recorded in the amount based on the retirement benefit obligation at each fiscal year-end in accordance with the Internal Rules on Retirement Benefits for Directors (and Other Officers).

- (4) Accounting treatment method for retirement benefits
 - 1) Method for period attribution of retirement benefit estimates

In calculating the projected benefit obligation, the benefit formula standard is used as the basis for attributing projected retirement benefits to the period up to the year under review.

2) Treatment method for actuarial gains (losses), prior service cost, and transition obligations

Actuarial gains (losses) are mainly amortized collectively in the consolidated fiscal year following the year in which they were accrued.

Prior service cost is amortized on a straight-line basis over a specified number of years within the average remaining service period of employees when the liability is incurred.

Transition obligations are amortized on a straight-line basis over a specified number of years.

(5) Standard for translation of significant foreign currency-denominated assets or liabilities into Japanese yen

Monetary claims and liabilities denominated in foreign currency are translated into yen at the spot exchange rate prevailing on the fiscal closing date, and the difference arising from such translation is recorded as profit or losses. The assets and liabilities of overseas subsidiaries are translated into yen at the spot exchange rates prevailing on the fiscal closing date, and their revenues and expenses are translated into yen at the average exchange rate during the fiscal year, with the differences arising from such translation included in the foreign currency translation adjustment account and non-controlling interests under consolidated net assets.

- (6) Accounting method for significant hedging transactions
 - 1) Hedging methods

The Company in principle accounts for hedging transactions on a deferred basis. It applies the designated hedge accounting treatment (*furiate shori*) to forward exchange contracts and other items that qualify for designated hedge accounting, and the exceptional accounting treatment (*tokurei shori*) to interest rate swaps and other items that qualify for exceptional accounting.

- 2) Hedging instruments and hedged items
 - a. Hedging instruments: Forward exchange contracts

Hedged items: Foreign currency-denominated accounts receivables, foreign currency-denominated trade accounts payable

b. Hedging instruments: Interest rate swaps

Hedged items: Borrowings

3) Hedging policy

The Company hedges against foreign exchange fluctuation risk and interest rate fluctuation risk in accordance with its internal Financial Risk Management Regulations.

4) Evaluation of hedge effectiveness

The effectiveness of hedging is assessed by comparing the cumulative total of the market fluctuations or the cash flow fluctuations for the hedged items with that of the market fluctuations or the cash flow fluctuations for the hedging instrument every six months, and analyzing the fluctuation amount, etc. for the two. However, the effectiveness of hedging is not evaluated for interest rate swaps subject to exceptional accounting treatment.

(7) Scope of cash and cash equivalents in consolidated statement of cash flows

Cash and cash equivalents consist of cash in hand, deposits drawable at any time, and any short-term investments that are readily convertible, are only exposed to negligible risk of change in value, and are redeemable in three months or less from each acquisition date.

- (8) Other significant matters that serve as the basis for preparation of the consolidated financial statements
 - 1) Goodwill amortization and amortization periods

Goodwill is amortized using the straight-line method over a reasonable number of years, not exceeding 20 years.

2) Accounting for consumption taxes

All accounting transactions are booked exclusive of consumption taxes or local consumption taxes.

[Significant accounting estimates]

1. Impact of the COVID-19 pandemic

In the consolidated fiscal year ended October 31, 2021, many countries around the world imposed restrictions on going out and travel due to the impact of the COVID-19 pandemic, and this depressed the transaction value of the H.I.S. Group. As a result, our consolidated net sales declined 311,720 million yen year on year to 118,563 million yen. The Group expects its corporate activities to be further affected in the future depending on the timing when these restrictions will be lifted.

Based on a survey about the timing of a recovery for travel demand conducted by the United Nations World Tourism Organization (UNWTO), etc., the Group expects the number of travelers in the Travel Business and Hotel Business to progressively recover from the spring of 2022, following a gradual resumption of cross-border movement. The impact of the COVID-19 pandemic on the Theme Park Business and other operations has been relatively mild, so the Group expects these businesses to recover ahead of the Travel Business.

In light of the above, the Group expects its net sales to broadly recover to 2019 levels in 2023.

The Group has compiled its accounting estimates based on the aforementioned assumptions.

2. Recoverability of deferred tax assets

(1) Amount recorded in consolidated financial statements

(Millions of ven)

| | () |
|---------------------|-----------------------------|
| | Year ended October 31, 2021 |
| Deferred tax assets | 11,135 |

(2) Other information related to estimates

- i) Calculation method for the amount recorded in consolidated financial statements in the fiscal year under review

 The H.I.S. Group recognizes deferred tax assets for tax loss carryforwards and deductible temporary differences to the
 extent that they are expected to reduce the amounts of future tax payments. If it determines that taxable income is likely to
 be generated, the Group reasonably estimates the timing and amounts of the future taxable income that is likely to be
 secured based on its future plans, and calculates the amounts.
- ii) Main assumptions used in calculation of the amount recorded in consolidated financial statements in the fiscal year under review

In determining the recoverability of deferred tax assets as of October 31, 2021, the H.I.S. Group has taken into account the impact of the COVID-19 pandemic. It has estimated future taxable income based on the future plans of the Group, which are predicated on key assumptions such as when the pandemic will settle down and the number of travelers at such a time in the future.

iii) Impact on consolidated financial statements in the next fiscal year

If actual market conditions, the timing when the pandemic settles down, the number of travelers at such a time, or other factors worsen beyond the estimates of the management of the H.I.S. Group going forward, this may result in a reversal of deferred tax assets, and have an impact on the financial position and management performance of the Group.

3. Impairment of non-current assets

(1) Amounts recorded in consolidated financial statements

(Millions of yen)

| | Year ended October 31, 2021 |
|-------------------------------|-----------------------------|
| Property, plant and equipment | 201,291 |
| Intangible assets | 20,107 |

(2) Other information related to estimates

i) Calculation method for the amount recorded in consolidated financial statements in the fiscal year under review

Based on the business segmentation, the H.I.S. Group groups assets by the smallest units that generate independent cash flow and for which income and expenditures can be continuously determined.

If indications of impairment of non-current assets are present, the Group determines the need to recognize impairment losses by comparing the total amount of undiscounted future cash flows generated from the relevant asset group against the book value. If, as a result of this determination, the Group deems it necessary to recognize impairment losses because the total amount of undiscounted future cash flows is below the book value, the Group reduces the book value to the recoverable value (either net sales value or use value, whichever is higher), and records the amount deducted from the book value as an impairment loss.

With respect to goodwill, if as a result of a comparison between the amount obtained by adding the book value before the deduction of calculated impairment losses for each asset group excluding goodwill to the book value of the goodwill, and the total amount of undiscounted future cash flows arising from the larger unit of operation, the latter is found to be below the former, the Group records an impairment loss.

ii) Main assumptions used in calculation of the amount recorded in consolidated financial statements in the fiscal year under review

In determining whether indications of impairment of non-current assets were present as of October 31, 2021, the H.I.S. Group has taken into account the impact of the COVID-19 pandemic. It has estimated undiscounted future cash flows based on the future plans of the Group, which are predicated on key assumptions such as the timing when the pandemic will settle down and the number of travelers at such a time in the future.

iii) Impact on consolidated financial statements in the next fiscal year

If actual market conditions, the timing when the pandemic settles down, the number of travelers at such a time, or other factors worsen beyond the estimates of the management of the H.I.S. Group going forward, this may result in the booking of impairment losses, and have an impact on the financial position and management performance of the Group.

- 4. Valuation of investments in and loans issued to subsidiaries and associates
 - (1) Amounts recorded in consolidated financial statements

(Millions of yen)

| | Year ended October 31, 2021 |
|--|-----------------------------|
| Shares of subsidiaries and associates | 2,559 |
| Investments in subsidiaries and associates | 77 |
| Short-term loans receivable from subsidiaries and associates | 233 |
| Long-term loans receivable from subsidiaries and associates | 901 |
| Allowance for doubtful accounts related to the above | (182) |

(2) Other information related to estimates

- i) Calculation method for the amount recorded in consolidated financial statements in the fiscal year under review For shareholdings and investments in subsidiaries and associates, if the actual value falls significantly below the book value, the H.I.S. Group records impairment charges except when there is sufficient proof of recoverability based on its future plans. For loans receivable from subsidiaries and associates, the Group considers the recoverability of each loan, and records allowances for doubtful accounts for estimated unrecoverable amounts.
- ii) Main assumptions used in calculation of the amount recorded in consolidated financial statements in the fiscal year under review

In valuing investments in and loans issued to subsidiaries and associates as of October 31, 2021, the H.I.S. Group has taken into account the impact of the COVID-19 pandemic. It has valued the recoverability of its shareholdings and investments in and its loans issued to subsidiaries and associates based on the future plans of such subsidiaries and associates, which are predicated on key assumptions such as when the pandemic is expected to settle down.

iii) Impact on consolidated financial statements in the next fiscal year

If actual market conditions, the timing when the pandemic settles down, or other factors worsen beyond the estimates of the management of the subsidiaries and associates going forward, this may result in the booking of losses by the H.I.S. Group in the form of impairment charges on its shareholdings and investments in such subsidiaries and associates, or allowances for doubtful accounts against loans issued to such subsidiaries and associates, and this may have an impact on the financial position and management performance of the Group.

5. Valuation of goodwill and intangible assets related to the Travel Business overseas

"Goodwill" and "intangible assets (other)" include 3,740 million yen in goodwill and 9,019 million yen in intangible assets recorded with the purchase of overseas subsidiaries affiliated with the Travel Business segment. Intangible assets mainly comprise customer-related assets and trademark rights recorded based on transactional relationships with major customers of overseas subsidiaries.

In determining whether indications of impairment of intangible assets are present, the H.I.S. Group has examined whether these assets have declined significantly in value since the time they were purchased based on the future plans of the overseas subsidiaries. Other information related to estimates for the valuation of such assets is the same as described in "3. Impairment of non-current assets."

[Accounting standards not yet applied]

[Accounting Standard for Revenue Recognition]

- "Accounting Standard for Revenue Recognition" (ASBJ Statement No. 29, March 31, 2020, Accounting Standards Board of Japan)
- "Implementation Guidance on Accounting Standard for Revenue Recognition" (ASBJ Guidance No. 30, March 26, 2021, Accounting Standards Board of Japan)

(1) Overview

The International Accounting Standards Board (IASB) and the Financial Accounting Standards Board (FASB) in the United States jointly developed comprehensive accounting standards for revenue recognition, and in May 2014 published "Revenue from Contracts with Customers" (IFRS 15 at IASB, Topic 606 at FASB). Given that IFRS 15 was applicable to fiscal years beginning on or after January 1, 2018 and Topic 606 to fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2017, the Accounting Standards Board of Japan (ASBJ) developed its comprehensive accounting standards for revenue recognition and published them along with the Implementation Guidance.

The basic policy of the ASBJ in developing accounting standards for revenue recognition was to establish accounting standards incorporating the basic principles of IFRS 15 as a starting point, from the perspective of comparability between financial statements, which has been one of the benefits of ensuring consistency with IFRS 15. Where there are items that should be considered to reflect business practices, etc. in Japan, alternative accounting treatments are to be added to the extent that comparability is not materially impaired.

(2) Scheduled date of application

Scheduled to be applied from the beginning of the fiscal year ending October 31, 2022.

(3) Impact of application of the aforementioned accounting standards

The Company is currently evaluating the impact of applying the "Accounting Standard for Revenue Recognition," etc. on its consolidated financial statements.

[Accounting Standard for Fair Value Measurement, etc.]

- Accounting Standard for Fair Value Measurement (ASBJ Statement No. 30, July 4, 2019, Accounting Standards Board of Japan)
- Accounting Standard for Measurement of Inventories (ASBJ Statement No. 9, July 4, 2019, Accounting Standards Board of Japan)
- Accounting Standard for Financial Instruments (ASBJ Statement No. 10, July 4, 2019, Accounting Standards Board of Japan)
- Implementation Guidance on Accounting Standard for Fair Value Measurement (ASBJ Guidance No. 31, June 17, 2021, Accounting Standards Board of Japan)
- Implementation Guidance on Disclosures about Fair Value of Financial Instruments (ASBJ Guidance No. 19, March 31, 2020, Accounting Standards Board of Japan)

(1) Overview

The International Accounting Standards Board (IASB) and the Financial Accounting Standards Board (FASB) in the United States provide similar detailed guidance on fair value measurement (IFRS 13 "Fair Value Measurement" under IFRS and Topic 820 "Fair Value Measurement" of the Accounting Standards Codification under U.S. accounting standards). Given this situation, the Accounting Standards Board of Japan (ASBJ) has announced the "Accounting Standard for Fair Value Measurement," etc. after working to ensure consistency between Japanese and international accounting standards, mainly regarding guidance and disclosure concerning the fair value of financial instruments.

The basic objective of the ASBJ in developing the accounting standards for fair value measurement was to enhance comparability between financial statements of companies in Japan and abroad, through a unified measurement method. Accordingly, the accounting standard fundamentally incorporates all basic policies of IFRS 13. Further, where there are items that should be considered to reflect business practices, etc. in Japan, exceptional treatments are to be established for certain items to the extent that comparability is not materially impaired.

(2) Scheduled date of application

Scheduled to be applied from the beginning of the fiscal year ending October 31, 2022.

(3) Impact of application of the aforementioned accounting standards

The impact from the application of the "Accounting Standard for Fair Value Measurement," etc. on the Company's consolidated financial statements has yet to be determined.

[Changes in presentation]

[Adoption of the Accounting Standard for Disclosure of Accounting Estimates]

The Company has adopted the "Accounting Standard for Disclosure of Accounting Estimates" (ASBJ Statement No. 31, March 31, 2020) starting from the consolidated financial statements at the end of the consolidated fiscal year ended October 31, 2021, and included notes to the "Significant accounting estimates" in the consolidated financial statements.

However, these notes do not present the information for the consolidated fiscal year ended March 31, 2020, in accordance with the transitional treatment prescribed in the proviso of Paragraph 11 of the accounting standard.

[Consolidated statement of cash flows]

"Proceeds from sale of shares of subsidiaries and associates," which was included in "Other, net" under "Cash flows from investing activities" in the previous fiscal year, is reported as an independent item from the consolidated fiscal year ended October 31, 2021 due to its increased monetary significance.

To reflect this change in presentation, the 9 million yen in "Proceeds from sale of shares of subsidiaries and associates" included in "Other, net" under "Cash flows from investing activities" in the previous fiscal year has been restated as an independent item.

[Additional information]

[Transactions that grant Company shares to employees, etc. via a trust]

With the aim of offering its employees an incentive to enhance corporate value over the medium to long term, the Company engaged in transactions that grant Company shares to an Employee Stock Ownership Association via a trust. However, it discontinued the incentive plan in May 2021.

[Consolidated balance sheet]

*1. Assets and liabilities recognized as financial transactions

In accordance with the "Practical Guidelines for Transferer Accounting Pertaining to Real Estate Securitization through Special Purpose Companies" (Japan Institute of Certified Public Accountants [JICPA], Accounting System Committee Report No. 15), the Company recognized the following assets and liabilities as financial transactions.

(Millions of yen)

| | Year ended October 31, 2020 | Year ended October 31, 2021 |
|----------------------|-----------------------------|-----------------------------------|
| Buildings | (As of October 31, 2020) | (As of October 31, 2021) 7,917 |
| Land | _ | 24,445 |
| Long-term borrowings | _ | 32,404 |

*2. Pledged assets

Assets pledged as collateral are shown below.

(Millions of yen)

| | | (1.211110110 01) 011) |
|---------------------------------------|---|---|
| | Year ended October 31, 2020 (As of October 31, 2020) | Year ended October 31, 2021 (As of October 31, 2021) |
| Cash and deposits | _ | 237 |
| Buildings | 22,103 | 21,364 |
| Land | 20,721 | 20,621 |
| Property, plant and equipment (other) | 0 | 0 |

Secured liabilities are shown below.

(Millions of yen)

| | Year ended October 31, 2020 (As of October 31, 2020) | Year ended October 31, 2021 (As of October 31, 2021) |
|---|---|---|
| Short-term borrowings | 2,000 | 3,000 |
| Current portion of long-term borrowings | 1,209 | 1,214 |
| Accounts payable - other | _ | 9 |
| Long-term borrowings | 24,182 | 23,143 |

The Company pledged cash and deposits of 1,396 million yen as collateral for bank guarantees in the consolidated fiscal year ended October 31, 2020. In the consolidated fiscal year ended October 31, 2021, it pledged cash and deposits of 446 million yen and long-term deposits of 4 million yen as collateral for bank guarantees.

3. Guarantee obligations

(1) The Company guarantees bank loans, etc. for the following company up to the amount shown below.

(Millions of yen)

| Year ended October 31, 2020 (As of October 31, 2020) | Year ended October 31, 2021 (As of October 31, 2021) | |
|---|---|---------------------------------|
| _ | FLY HUB TRAVEL PTE. LTD. 1,500 thousand Sin (126 | gapore dollar 6 million yen) |

(2) The Company guarantees business transaction payments for the following companies.

(Millions of yen)

| Year ended October 31, 2020 (As of October 31, 2020) | Year ended October 31, 2021 (As of October 31, 2021) | |
|---|---|--------------------------------------|
| | · Guarantee without specified | amount |
| _ | LY-HIS Co., Ltd. | Payment guarantee for trade payables |
| | FLY HUB TRAVEL PTE. LTD. | Payment guarantee for trade payables |

*4. In accordance with the Act on Revaluation of Land, the Company revalued land owned for business use on March 31, 2000, and included the corresponding amounts in the items shown below.

| | | (Millions of yen) |
|--------------------------|---|---|
| | Year ended October 31, 2020 (As of October 31, 2020) | Year ended October 31, 2021 (As of October 31, 2021) |
| Land | 4,600 | 4,513 |
| Deferred tax liabilities | 1,707 | 1,678 |

*5. Committed credit line agreements

The Company concluded commitment credit line agreements with three banks to ensure efficient and stable procurement of working capital. Consolidated subsidiaries Kyushu Sangyo Kotsu Holdings Co., Ltd., KASSE JAPAN Co., Ltd., Japan Holiday Travel Co., Ltd., H.I.S. – MERIT TRAVEL INC., Miki Travel Agency E.U.R.L., and H.I.S. – RED LABEL VACATIONS INC. have concluded overdraft agreements with 17 banks to ensure efficient procurement of working capital. Unexecuted borrowings, etc. based on such overdraft and committed credit line agreements at the end of the consolidated fiscal years ended October 31, 2020 and October 31, 2021 are shown below.

| | | (Millions of yen) |
|--|---|---|
| | Year ended October 31, 2020 (As of October 31, 2020) | Year ended October 31, 2021 (As of October 31, 2021) |
| Maximum overdraft and committed credit line limits (total) | 47,453 | 44,354 |
| Outstanding borrowings | 4,700 | 6,034 |
| Difference | 42,753 | 38,319 |

*6. Financial covenants

Syndicated loans

- 1) Must maintain the net asset value on the consolidated balance sheet reported on the final day of each fiscal year at 75% or more of the net asset value on the consolidated balance sheet reported on the final day of the previous fiscal year.
- May not record ordinary losses on the consolidated statement of income reported on the final day of each fiscal year for two consecutive years.

As of October 31, 2021, the financial covenants 1) and 2) above had both been breached, but the Company continued constructive discussions with the financial institutions (including agents) participating in the syndicated loans, and it believes it will be able to receive continued support in the future.

The balance of the long-term borrowings subject to the financial covenants is shown below.

| | | (Millions of yen) |
|----------------------|-----------------------------|-----------------------------|
| | Year ended October 31, 2020 | Year ended October 31, 2021 |
| | (As of October 31, 2020) | (As of October 31, 2021) |
| Long-term borrowings | 34,500 | 34,500 |

- *7. Notable covenants attached to other obligations
 - (1) Unsecured bonds

Ensure the following two scenarios do not apply.

- For bonds other than unsecured bonds, forfeiture of the benefit of time, or inability to repay such bonds when they are due.
- 2) Inability to fulfill payment obligations when the benefit of time has been forfeited for loan obligations other than bonds, or inability to fulfill payment for guarantee obligations assumed for bonds other than the Company's bonds or for other loan obligations, should such need arise. However, this will not apply if the total liabilities do not exceed 500 million yen.

The balance of the applicable unsecured bonds is shown below.

| | | (Millions of yen) |
|---|---|---|
| | Year ended October 31, 2020 (As of October 31, 2020) | Year ended October 31, 2021 (As of October 31, 2021) |
| Bonds payable (including current portion) | 30,000 | 20,000 |

(2) Convertible bond-type bonds with share acquisition rights

Ensure the following scenario does not apply.

If the Company or a major subsidiary forfeits the benefit of time for a loan obligation other than the bonds in question, or does not fulfill payment for guarantee obligations assumed for other loans when such obligation arises. However, this will not apply if the total value of such obligations does not exceed 500 million yen or its equivalent in foreign currency. The balance of the applicable convertible bond-type bonds with share acquisition rights is shown below.

| | | (Millions of yen) |
|---|---|---|
| | Year ended October 31, 2020 (As of October 31, 2020) | Year ended October 31, 2021 (As of October 31, 2021) |
| Convertible bond-type bonds with share acquisition rights | 25,072 | 25,054 |

*8. Reduction entries

The reduction entry amounts deducted from the acquisition cost of property, plant and equipment due to the acceptance of national subsidies, etc. and their corresponding breakdown are shown below.

| | | (Millions of yen) |
|---------------------------------------|---|---|
| | Year ended October 31, 2020 (As of October 31, 2020) | Year ended October 31, 2021 (As of October 31, 2021) |
| Buildings | 84 | 34 |
| Tools, furniture and fixtures | 13 | 15 |
| Property, plant and equipment (other) | 404 | 599 |
| Intangible assets (other) | 1 | 1 |
| Total | 504 | 650 |

*9. Other

Consolidated fiscal year ended October 31, 2020 (As of October 31, 2020)

3,138 million yen (30,000 thousand US dollar) of the 3,300 million yen in long-term loans receivable is owed by the Mongolia-based bank Khan Bank LLC. The bank is a consolidated subsidiary of Sawada Holdings Co., Ltd. (Representative Director and Chairman Hideo Sawada).

Consolidated fiscal year ended October 31, 2021 (As of October 31, 2021) There are no applicable matters to report.

[Consolidated statement of income]

*1. Selling, general and administrative expenses

Major cost items and amounts included under selling, general and administrative expenses are shown below.

(Millions of yen)

| | Year ended October 31, 2020 (November 1, 2019 to October 31, 2020) | Year ended October 31, 2021 (November 1, 2020 to October 31, 2021) |
|--|--|--|
| Payroll and allowances | 40,107 | 30,126 |
| Provision for bonuses | 570 | 319 |
| Provision for bonuses for directors (and other officers) | 22 | 20 |
| Retirement benefit expenses | 1,039 | 827 |
| Provision for retirement benefits for directors (and other officers) | 45 | 46 |
| Legal welfare expenses | 5,666 | 4,366 |
| Advertising expenses | 8,025 | 5,852 |
| Rent expenses on land and buildings (rent) | 6,746 | 5,383 |
| Depreciation and amortization | 9,984 | 10,051 |
| Provision of allowance for doubtful accounts | 1,085 | 1,543 |

*2. Gain on sale of non-current assets

The details of the sale of non-current assets are shown below.

(Millions of yen)

| | Year ended October 31, 2020 (November 1, 2019 to October 31, 2020) | Year ended October 31, 2021 (November 1, 2020 to October 31, 2021) | |
|-------------------------------|--|--|--|
| Buildings | _ | 531 | |
| Tools, furniture and fixtures | _ | 4 | |
| Land | _ | 1,005 | |
| Other | _ | 72 | |

*3 Subsidy income

Subsidy income mainly reflects employment adjustment subsidies received due to the application of special measures in connection with the COVID-19 pandemic, and subsidies received from the national and local governments.

*4. Impairment loss

I. Consolidated fiscal year ended October 31, 2020 (November 1, 2019 to October 31, 2020) In the consolidated fiscal year ended October 31, 2020, the H.I.S. Group mainly recorded impairment losses on the following assets.

| Location | Usage | Item | Impairment loss (millions of yen) |
|---|-----------------|---------------------------------|--------------------------------------|
| Green World Hotels Co., Ltd. (Taipei, Taiwan) | _ | Goodwill | 1,218 |
| Green World Hotels Co., Ltd. (Taipei, Taiwan) | Business assets | Building, other | 516 |
| GROUP MIKI HOLDINGS LIMITED (London, England) | Business assets | Leased assets, other | 1,718 |
| Kyushu Sanko Tourism Co., Ltd. (Aso, Kumamoto Prefecture, etc.) | Business assets | Construction in progress, other | 1,240 |

Based on the business segmentation, the H.I.S. Group groups assets by the smallest units that generate independent cash flow and for which income and expenditures can be continuously determined.

Consolidated subsidiary Green World Hotels Co., Ltd. has seen its earnings sharply deteriorate due to the COVID-19 pandemic, and no longer expects to achieve the previously anticipated revenue levels, resulting in reduced potential for investment recovery. Accordingly, it has written down its entire goodwill balance and reduced the book value of its buildings and other non-current assets to the recoverable amount, and recorded an impairment loss for these write-downs as an extraordinary loss. The recoverable value was determined based on the usable value derived from future occupancy rates and average room rates, and future cash flows were calculated using a discount rate of 3.71%.

Consolidated subsidiary GROUP MIKI HOLDINGS LIMITED has seen its earnings sharply deteriorate due to the COVID-19 pandemic, and no longer expects to achieve the previously anticipated revenue levels, resulting in reduced potential for investment recovery. Accordingly, it has reduced the book value of subject assets to the recoverable amount, and recorded an impairment loss equivalent to the reduction as an extraordinary loss. As it does not anticipate future cash flows, it has valued the recoverable value at zero.

In addition, consolidated subsidiary Kyushu Sanko Tourism Co., Ltd. has cancelled the reconstruction of the Mt. Aso Ropeway, and therefore no longer expects to achieve the previously anticipated revenue levels, resulting in reduced potential for investment recovery. Accordingly, it has reduced the book value of subject asset to the recoverable amount, and recorded an impairment loss equivalent to the reduction as an extraordinary loss. As it does not anticipate future cash flows, it has valued the recoverable value at zero.

II. Consolidated fiscal year ended October 31, 2021 (November 1, 2020 to October 31, 2021) In the consolidated fiscal year ended October 31, 2021, the H.I.S. Group mainly recorded impairment losses on the

In the consolidated fiscal year ended October 31, 2021, the H.I.S. Group mainly recorded impairment losses on the following assets.

| Location | Usage | Item | Impairment loss (millions of yen) |
|--|-----------------|--|-----------------------------------|
| H.I.S. Co., Ltd. (Tokyo, other) | Business assets | Building, other | 256 |
| GROUP MIKI HOLDINGS LIMITED (London, England) | Business assets | Goodwill | 708 |
| GROUP MIKI HOLDINGS LIMITED (London, England) | Business assets | Business assets Intangible assets (other), other | |
| Huis Ten Bosch Co., Ltd. (Himeji, Hyogo Prefecture) | Business assets | Building, land, other | 135 |
| HTB ENERGY CO., LTD. (Fukuoka, Fukuoka Prefecture, other) | Business assets | Property, plant and equipment (other), other | 243 |

Based on the business segmentation, the H.I.S. Group groups assets by the smallest units that generate independent cash flow and for which income and expenditures can be continuously determined.

For asset groups of branches the Group decided to close, it has reduced the book value to the recoverable amount, and recorded an impairment loss equivalent to the reduction as an extraordinary loss. Because the Group does not anticipate future cash flows, it has valued the recoverable value at zero.

Consolidated subsidiary GROUP MIKI HOLDINGS LIMITED has seen its earnings sharply deteriorate due to the COVID-19 pandemic, and no longer expects to achieve the previously anticipated revenue levels, resulting in reduced potential for investment recovery. Accordingly, it has reduced the book value of subject assets to the recoverable amount, and recorded an impairment loss equivalent to the reduction as an extraordinary loss. As it does not anticipate future cash flows, it has valued the recoverable value at zero.

In addition, consolidated subsidiary Huis Ten Bosch Co., Ltd. renovated traditional Japanese folk houses it owns in Himeji to relaunch them as accommodation facilities or restaurants. However, its original business plan was difficult to implement due to the impact of the COVID-19 pandemic. As a result, the subsidiary decided to suspend the business, and it no longer expects to achieve the previously anticipated revenue levels. Accordingly, it has reduced the book value of subject assets to the recoverable amount, and recorded an impairment loss equivalent to the reduction as an extraordinary loss. In addition, it has measured the recoverable value of the assets based on their net realizable value, and valued them based on a real estate appraisal report.

Finally, consolidated subsidiary HTB ENERGY CO., LTD. has seen its earnings sharply deteriorate due to a sharp increase in costs, and no longer expects to achieve the previously anticipated revenue levels, resulting in reduced potential for investment recovery. Accordingly, it has reduced the book value of subject assets to the recoverable amount, and recorded an impairment loss equivalent to the reduction as an extraordinary loss. As it does not anticipate future cash flows, it has valued the recoverable value at zero.

*5. Provision of allowance for doubtful accounts

Consolidated fiscal year ended October 31, 2020 (November 1, 2019 to October 31, 2020)

The Company has recorded long-term loans receivable from subsidiaries and associates as allowance for doubtful accounts.

*6. Losses from downtime

Losses from downtime are fixed costs (chiefly personnel expenses and depreciation) incurred during the period when operations at the Company's business facilities were temporarily suspended to prevent the spread of COVID-19.

*7. Business structure improvement expenses

Consolidated fiscal year ended October 31, 2021 (November 1, 2020 to October 31, 2021)

Business structure improvement expenses are mainly expenses for personnel reductions and other measures to streamline the organizations of consolidated subsidiaries due to the impact of the COVID-19 pandemic and other factors.

* Reclassification adjustments and tax effects relating to other comprehensive income

(Millions of yen)

| | | (Millions of yen) |
|--|--|--|
| | Year ended October 31, 2020 (November 1, 2019 to October 31, 2020) | Year ended October 31, 2021 (November 1, 2020 to October 31, 2021) |
| Valuation difference on available-for-sale securities: | | |
| Amount arising during the year | 487 | 1,064 |
| Reclassification adjustments | (1,084) | (878) |
| Before tax effect adjustment | (596) | 186 |
| Tax effect amount | 174 | (70) |
| Valuation difference on available-for-sale securities | (422) | 116 |
| Deferred gains or losses on hedges: | | |
| Amount arising during the year | (95) | (1) |
| Reclassification adjustments | _ | _ |
| Before tax effect adjustment | (95) | (1) |
| Tax effect amount | 30 | 0 |
| Deferred gains or losses on hedges | (65) | (0) |
| Foreign currency translation adjustment: | | |
| Amount arising during the year | (3,683) | 4,556 |
| Reclassification adjustments | _ | _ |
| Before tax effect adjustment | (3,683) | 4,556 |
| Tax effect amount | <u> </u> | _ |
| Foreign currency translation adjustment | (3,683) | 4,556 |
| Remeasurements of defined benefit plans: | | |
| Amount arising during the year | 70 | 163 |
| Reclassification adjustments | 256 | (38) |
| Before tax effect adjustment | 326 | 125 |
| Tax effect amount | (78) | (56) |
| Remeasurements of defined benefit plans | 248 | 69 |
| Share of other comprehensive income of entities accounted for using equity method: | | |
| Amount arising during the fiscal year | (5) | 61 |
| Reclassification adjustments | _ | 9 |
| Share of other comprehensive income of entities accounted for using equity method | (5) | 70 |
| Total other comprehensive income | (3,929) | 4,812 |
| • | * * * | • |

[Consolidated statement of changes in equity]

Consolidated fiscal year ended October 31, 2020 (November 1, 2019 to October 31, 2020)

1. Type and number of issued shares and treasury shares

| | Number of shares at beginning of period | Increase during period | Decrease during period | Number of shares at end of period |
|---------------------|---|------------------------|------------------------|-----------------------------------|
| Issued shares | | | | |
| Common stock | 68,522,936 | 5,246,000 | 5,000,000 | 68,768,936 |
| Total | 68,522,936 | 5,246,000 | 5,000,000 | 68,768,936 |
| Treasury shares | | | | |
| Common stock (Note) | 11,132,098 | _ | 5,142,850 | 5,989,248 |
| Total | 11,132,098 | _ | 5,142,850 | 5,989,248 |

(Notes)

- 1. The increase of 5,246,000 issued shares (common stock) reflects an increase from the issuance of new shares through a third-party allotment.
- 2. The decrease of 5,000,000 issued shares (common stock) reflects a decrease from the cancellation of treasury shares.
- 3. The number of treasury shares (common stock) includes the Company shares held by the H.I.S. Employee Stock Ownership Association Dedicated Trust (55,100 shares as of October 31, 2020).
- 4. The decrease of 5,142,850 treasury shares (common stock) reflects a decrease of 5,000,000 shares from the cancellation of treasury shares, a decrease of 9,350 shares from the disposal of treasury shares as restricted stock compensation, and a decrease of 133,500 shares from the sale of shares from the H.I.S. Employee Stock Ownership Association Dedicated Trust to the H.I.S. Employee Stock Ownership Association.

2. Share acquisition rights and treasury share acquisition rights

| Breakdown of | Type of shares subject | | | | | Balance at end of | |
|-------------------|--|-----------------------------------|------------------------------|------------------------------|------------------------------|-------------------|--------------------------------|
| Classification | share acquisition rights | to share acquisition rights | At beginning of period | Increase during period | Decrease during period | At end of period | period (millions of yen) |
| Filing Company | Fourth series of share acquisition rights (Note) | Common stock | _ | 8,700,300 | _ | 8,700,300 | 123 |
| (Parent company) | Share acquisition rights as stock options | Common stock | _ | | _ | _ | 54 |
| | Total | _ | _ | 8,700,300 | I | 8,700,300 | 178 |

(Note) The increase in the fourth series of share acquisition rights reflects the issuance of share acquisition rights.

3. Dividends

(1) Dividends paid

| Resolution | Type of shares | Total amount of dividends (millions of yen) | Dividend per share (yen) | Record date | Effective date |
|--|----------------|---|--------------------------|------------------|------------------|
| General Meeting of Shareholders held on January 29, 2020 | Common stock | 1,900 | 33.00 | October 31, 2019 | January 30, 2020 |

(Note) The total amount of dividends approved by a resolution at the General Meeting of Shareholders on January 29, 2020 includes 6 million yen in dividends for the Company shares held by the H.I.S. Employee Stock Ownership Association Dedicated Trust.

(2) Dividends whose record date falls in the consolidated fiscal year ended October 31, 2020 and whose effective date falls in the next consolidated fiscal year

There are no applicable matters to report as the Company did not pay a dividend in the relevant period.

Consolidated fiscal year ended October 31, 2021 (November 1, 2020 to October 31, 2021)

1. Type and number of issued shares and treasury shares

| | Number of shares at beginning of period | Increase during period | Decrease during period | Number of shares at end of period |
|---------------------|---|---------------------------|---------------------------|-----------------------------------|
| Issued shares | | | | |
| Common stock | 68,768,936 | 7,200,300 | _ | 75,969,236 |
| Total | 68,768,936 | 7,200,300 | _ | 75,969,236 |
| Treasury shares | | | | |
| Common stock (Note) | 5,989,248 | 31 | 67,181 | 5,922,098 |
| Total | 5,989,248 | 31 | 67,181 | 5,922,098 |

(Notes)

- 1. The increase of 7,200,300 issued shares (common stock) reflects an increase from the exercise of share acquisition rights.
- 2. The increase of 31 treasury shares (common stock) reflects an increase attributable to the purchase of shares less than one unit.
- 3. The decrease of 67,181 treasury shares (common stock) reflects a decrease of 12,021 shares from the disposal of treasury shares as restricted stock compensation, a decrease of 60 shares due to the sale of shares less than one unit, and a decrease of 55,100 shares from the sale of shares from the H.I.S. Employee Stock Ownership Association Dedicated Trust to the H.I.S. Employee Stock Ownership Association.

2. Share acquisition rights and treasury share acquisition rights

| Classification Breakdown of share acquisition rights | Type of shares subject | ** | | | Balance at end of | | |
|--|--|------------------------------|------------------------------|------------------------------|-------------------|--------------------------------|-----|
| | to share acquisition rights | At beginning of period | Increase during period | Decrease during period | At end of period | period (millions of yen) | |
| Filing Company | Fourth series of share acquisition rights (Note) | Common stock | 8,700,300 | _ | 7,200,300 | 1,500,000 | 21 |
| (Parent company) | Share acquisition rights as stock options | Common stock | _ | _ | _ | _ | 136 |
| | Total | _ | 8,700,300 | _ | 7,200,300 | 1,500,000 | 158 |

(Note) The decrease in the fourth series of share acquisition rights reflects the exercise of share acquisition rights. Following the exercise of the share acquisition rights, share capital and capital surplus increased by 6,048 million yen each. As a result, as of October 31, 2021, share capital and capital surplus amounted to 21,048 million yen and 13,328 million yen, respectively.

3. Dividends

- (1) Dividends paid
 - There are no applicable matters to report as the Company did not pay a dividend in the relevant period.
- (2) Dividends whose record date falls in the consolidated fiscal year ended October 31, 2021 and whose effective date falls in the next consolidated fiscal year

There are no applicable matters to report as the Company did not pay a dividend in the relevant period.

[Consolidated statement of cash flows]

* Reconciliation of year-end balance of cash and cash equivalents and items in the consolidated balance sheet

(Millions of yen)

| | | (Millions of Jon) |
|---|--|--|
| | Year ended October 31, 2020 (November 1, 2019 to October 31, 2020) | Year ended October 31, 2021 (November 1, 2020 to October 31, 2021) |
| Cash and deposits account | 95,234 | 101,411 |
| Time deposits with maturities of more than three months | (14,788) | (13,332) |
| Cash and cash equivalents | 80,445 | 88,079 |

[Lease transactions]

1. Finance leases

[Lessee]

Finance leases not involving transfer of ownership and leases of overseas subsidiaries subject to the IFRS 16 "Leases" standard

1) Leased asset details

(a) Property, plant and equipment

Primarily equipment (machinery and devices) supplied for business purposes, and property rents and other fees in hotel businesses of overseas subsidiaries subject to the IFRS 16 "Leases" standard

(b) Intangible assets

Software

2) Depreciation method for leased assets

As stated in the "(2) Depreciation method for significant assets" section in "4. Accounting policies" under "Significant matters that serve as the basis for preparation of the consolidated financial statements."

2. Operating leases

[Lessee]

Future lease payables related to non-cancelable operating leases

(Millions of yen)

| | Year ended October 31, 2020 (As of October 31, 2020) | Year ended October 31, 2021 (As of October 31, 2021) |
|---------------------|---|---|
| Due within one year | 3,109 | 3,238 |
| Due after one year | 43,071 | 40,847 |
| Total | 46,180 | 44,085 |

[Lessor

Future lease receivables related to non-cancelable operating leases

(Millions of yen)

| | Year ended October 31, 2020 | Year ended October 31, 2021 |
|---------------------|-----------------------------|-----------------------------|
| | (As of October 31, 2020) | (As of October 31, 2021) |
| Due within one year | 547 | 529 |
| Due after one year | 3,486 | 2,951 |
| Total | 4,033 | 3,481 |

[Financial instruments]

1. Conditions of financial instruments

(1) Policy for handling financial instruments

The H.I.S. Group primarily uses short-term deposits for fund management. In addition, it uses loans from financial institutions, corporate bonds, and convertible bond-type bonds with share acquisition rights to procure funds. The Group's financial derivatives transactions include forward exchange contract transactions, etc. to mitigate the risks discussed below, crude oil price commodity swap transactions, and interest rate swap transactions to avoid fluctuation risk for interest rates on borrowings. There are no transactions entered into for speculative purposes.

(2) Type and risk of financial instruments

Notes and accounts receivable - trade (trade receivables) and other receivables are exposed to credit risk from customers. Marketable and investment securities mainly consist of available-for-sale securities (bonds and stocks), which are exposed to the risk of market price fluctuations and credit risk from issuers.

Guarantee deposits are mainly held in connection with lease agreements for stores, and are exposed to credit risk from depositaries.

Trade accounts payable, accounts payable - other, income taxes payable, etc. (trade payables), and accrued consumption taxes are in principle paid within three months.

Borrowings, corporate bonds, convertible bond-type bonds with share acquisition rights, and lease obligations related to finance leases are mainly used to procure funding for working capital or capital expenditures. Borrowings with variable interest rates are exposed to risk from fluctuation in interest rates.

Monetary claims and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies are exposed to the risk of foreign exchange fluctuations, but such risk is in principle hedged using forward exchange contracts.

Derivatives transactions include forward exchange contracts, etc. aimed at mitigating the risk of foreign exchange fluctuations, crude oil price commodity swap transactions aimed at controlling the risk of fuel price fluctuations, and transactions to avoid the risk of fluctuations in interest rates paid on loans. For details on hedging instruments, hedged items, hedging policy, and the method for evaluating hedging effectiveness concerning hedge accounting, please refer to the aforementioned "(6) Accounting method for significant hedging transactions" section in "4. Accounting policies" under "Significant matters that serve as the basis for preparation of the consolidated financial statements."

(3) Risk management for financial instruments

1) Management of credit risk (risk that customers or counterparties may default)

In accordance with credit management policies, the Company screens new customers and periodically reviews credit limits, and aims to mitigate risk by conducting management of settlement dates and balances for various customers. A similar management is conducted by consolidated subsidiaries; they also have in place a management structure where transactions and events of certain degree of significance must be reported to or approved by the Company.

Credit risk for derivatives transactions is recognized as largely immaterial because these transactions are conducted only with financial institutions that have a high credit rating.

2) Management of market risk (risk of fluctuations in foreign exchange, interest rate, and fuel price)

For monetary claims and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies, the H.I.S. Group in principle uses forward exchange contracts to hedge against foreign exchange risk for major currencies.

For marketable and investment securities, the Group determines their fair market value and the financial position of the issuers on a quarterly basis. It also reviews its holdings on a continuing basis, taking into account the market conditions and the relationship with customers and business partners.

The basic policy regarding derivatives transactions that take the form of forward exchange contract transactions, etc. is that such transactions must be approved by the Board of Directors, and the execution and management of such transactions are handled by the Accounting Department of H.I.S. headquarters. The transaction balance and gains and losses must be periodically reported to the Board of Directors.

Derivatives transactions that take the form of crude oil price commodity swap transactions must be executed in accordance with internal regulations that stipulate transaction authority and other details.

3) Liquidity risk associated with capital procurement (risk of inability to make payments on due date)

The H.I.S Group manages liquidity risk by preparing and updating a cash management plan as deemed appropriate and maintaining liquidity on hand in accordance with income and expenditure.

(4) Supplementary explanation of matters relating to fair value of financial instruments, etc.

Fair values of financial instruments include values based on market prices, and values obtained by a reasonable estimate when financial instruments do not have market prices. The fair value calculation reflects variable factors, and is therefore subject to change depending on different assumptions used. In addition, the derivatives contract amounts in the "Derivatives transactions" section are not necessarily indicative of the actual market risk associated with derivatives transactions.

2. Fair value of financial instruments, etc.

The amounts recorded on the balance sheet, fair values, and the differences between them are shown below. Items for which it is extremely difficult to determine market values are not included. (Refer to (Note: 2))

Consolidated fiscal year ended October 31, 2020 (As of October 31, 2020)

(Millions of yen)

| | Amounts recorded on balance sheet | Fair value | Difference |
|---|-----------------------------------|------------|------------|
| (1) Cash and deposits | 95,234 | 95,234 | _ |
| (2) Notes and accounts receivable - trade (*1) | 14,614 | 14,614 | _ |
| (3) Trade accounts receivable | 345 | 345 | _ |
| (4) Marketable and investment securities | 5,436 | 5,436 | _ |
| Held-to-maturity securities | 100 | 100 | _ |
| Available-for-sale securities | 5,335 | 5,335 | _ |
| (5) Short-term loans receivable (*2) | 337 | 337 | _ |
| (6) Short-term loans receivable from subsidiaries and associates (*2) | 389 | 389 | _ |
| (7) Accounts receivable - other (*3) | 11,914 | 11,914 | _ |
| (8) Long-term loans receivable (*4) | 3,261 | 3,254 | (7) |
| (9) Long-term loans receivable from subsidiaries and associates (*4) | 588 | 588 | _ |
| (10) Guarantee deposits | 5,888 | 5,818 | (70) |
| Assets total | 138,011 | 137,933 | (77) |
| (1) Trade accounts payable | 9,029 | 9,029 | _ |
| (2) Short-term borrowings | 26,659 | 26,659 | _ |
| (3) Accounts payable - other | 5,021 | 5,021 | _ |
| (4) Income taxes payable | 1,159 | 1,159 | _ |
| (5) Accrued consumption taxes | 686 | 686 | _ |
| (6) Bonds payable (including current portion) | 30,000 | 30,171 | 171 |
| (7) Convertible bond-type bonds with share acquisition rights | 25,072 | 25,059 | (13) |
| (8) Long-term borrowings (including current portion) | 151,295 | 151,276 | (19) |
| (9) Lease obligations (including current portion) | 15,532 | 15,399 | (132) |
| Liabilities total | 264,457 | 264,463 | 5 |
| Derivatives transactions (*5) | [16] | [16] | |

^(*1) Corresponding allowances for doubtful accounts are deducted from "notes and accounts receivable - trade."

^(*2) Corresponding allowances for doubtful accounts are deducted from "short-term loans receivable" and "short-term loans receivable from subsidiaries and associates."

^(*3) Corresponding allowances for doubtful accounts are deducted from "accounts receivable - other."

^(*4) Corresponding allowances for doubtful accounts are deducted from "long-term loans receivable" and "long-term loans receivable from subsidiaries and associates."

^(*5) Assets and liabilities accrued from derivatives transactions are presented on a net basis, and net liabilities are shown in square brackets.

(Millions of yen)

| | Amounts recorded on balance sheet | Fair value | Difference |
|---|-----------------------------------|------------|------------|
| (1) Cash and deposits | 101,411 | 101,411 | _ |
| (2) Notes and accounts receivable - trade (*1) | 15,443 | 15,443 | _ |
| (3) Trade accounts receivable | 171 | 171 | _ |
| (4) Marketable and investment securities | 2,106 | 2,106 | _ |
| Held-to-maturity securities | 100 | 100 | _ |
| Available-for-sale securities | 2,006 | 2,006 | _ |
| (5) Short-term loans receivable (*2) | 3,473 | 3,473 | _ |
| (6) Short-term loans receivable from subsidiaries and associates (*2) | 177 | 177 | _ |
| (7) Accounts receivable - other (*3) | 7,098 | 7,098 | _ |
| (8) Long-term loans receivable (*4) | 15 | 15 | _ |
| (9) Long-term loans receivable from subsidiaries and associates (*4) | 540 | 540 | _ |
| (10) Guarantee deposits (*5) | 16,859 | 16,805 | (53) |
| Assets total | 147,297 | 147,243 | (53) |
| (1) Trade accounts payable | 12,978 | 12,978 | _ |
| (2) Short-term borrowings | 28,240 | 28,240 | _ |
| (3) Accounts payable - other | 4,331 | 4,331 | _ |
| (4) Income taxes payable | 529 | 529 | _ |
| (5) Accrued consumption taxes | 624 | 624 | _ |
| (6) Bonds payable (including current portion) | 20,000 | 20,093 | 93 |
| (7) Convertible bond-type bonds with share acquisition rights | 25,054 | 25,026 | (28) |
| (8) Long-term borrowings (including current portion) | 189,201 | 188,648 | (553) |
| (9) Lease obligations (including current portion) | 14,865 | 14,765 | (100) |
| Liabilities total | 295,826 | 295,237 | (588) |
| Derivatives transactions (*6) | 0 | 0 | _ |

- (*1) Corresponding allowances for doubtful accounts are deducted from "notes and accounts receivable trade."
- (*2) Corresponding allowances for doubtful accounts are deducted from "short-term loans receivable" and "short-term loans receivable from subsidiaries and associates."
- (*3) Corresponding allowances for doubtful accounts are deducted from "accounts receivable other."
- (*4) Corresponding allowances for doubtful accounts are deducted from "long-term loans receivable" and "long-term loans receivable from subsidiaries and associates."
- (*5) Corresponding allowances for doubtful accounts are deducted from "guarantee deposits."
- (*6) Assets and liabilities accrued from derivatives transactions are presented on a net basis, and net liabilities are shown in square brackets.

(Note) 1. Calculation of fair value of financial instruments; securities and derivatives transactions

<u>Assets</u>

- (1) Cash and deposits, (2) Notes and accounts receivable trade, (3) Trade accounts receivable, (5) Short-term loans receivable,
- (6) Short-term loans receivable from subsidiaries and associates, and (7) Accounts receivable other
- As these items are settled or repaid in a short period of time, their fair value is roughly equal to their book value and therefore determined based on the relevant book value.
- (4) Marketable and investment securities

The calculation of the fair value of stocks is based on prices at the stock exchange. The calculation of the market value of bonds is based on the prices at the securities exchange or the prices presented by the counterparty financial institution. For information on securities based on purpose of holdings, please see the "Marketable securities" section.

(8) Long-term loans receivable and (9) Long-term loans receivable from subsidiaries and associates

The fair value of these items is the present value calculated by discounting future cash flows at an interest rate equal to an appropriate index such as the yield of government bonds plus the credit spread.

(10) Guarantee deposits

The fair value of guarantee deposits is the present value discounted by the risk-free rate.

Liabilities

(1) Trade accounts payable, (2) Short-term borrowings, (3) Accounts payable - other, (4) Income taxes payable, and (5) Accrued consumption taxes

As these items are settled in a short period of time, their fair value is roughly equal to their book value and therefore determined based on the relevant book value.

(6) Bonds payable, (7) Convertible bond-type bonds with share acquisition rights, (8) Long-term borrowings (including current portion), and (9) Lease obligations (including current portion)

The fair value of these items is their present value calculated by discounting the total amount of principal and interests at an assumed rate used for similar new issuances, new borrowings, or lease transactions.

Derivatives transactions

For information on derivatives transactions, please see the "Derivatives transactions" section.

(Note) 2. Financial instruments for which fair value is extremely difficult to determine

(Millions of yen)

| Classification | Year ended October 31, 2020 (As of October 31, 2020) | Year ended October 31, 2021 (As of October 31, 2021) |
|--|---|---|
| Marketable and investment securities | | |
| Unlisted stocks, etc. (*1) | 5,157 | 3,620 |
| Shares of subsidiaries and associates | | |
| Unlisted stocks, etc. (*2) | 3,348 | 2,559 |
| Investments in capital of subsidiaries and associates (*3) | 20 | 77 |
| Guarantee deposits (*4) | 4,627 | 4,922 |

^{(*1) &}quot;Unlisted stocks, etc." under "Marketable and investment securities" have no market prices and it is deemed extremely difficult to determine their fair value. Accordingly, they are not included in "(4) Marketable and investment securities."

^{(*2) &}quot;Shares of subsidiaries and associates" are unlisted stocks, etc. without market prices and it is deemed extremely difficult to determine their fair value. Accordingly, they are not included in the previous table.

^(*3) Investments in capital of subsidiaries and associates have no market prices and it is deemed extremely difficult to determine their fair value. Accordingly, they are not included in the previous table.

^(*4) Guarantee deposits, for which redemption schedules cannot be reasonably assessed and are deemed extremely difficult to determine fair value, are not included in "(10) Guarantee deposits."

(Note) 3. Redemption schedule for monetary claims and securities with maturity after the consolidated closing date Consolidated fiscal year ended October 31, 2020 (As of October 31, 2020)

(Millions of yen)

| | 1 year or less | 1–5 years | 5–10 years | Over 10 years |
|--|----------------|-----------|------------|---------------|
| Cash and deposits | 95,234 | _ | _ | _ |
| Notes and accounts receivable - trade | 15,829 | _ | _ | _ |
| Trade accounts receivable | 345 | _ | _ | _ |
| Marketable and investment securities Held-to-maturity securities | | | | |
| (1) Bonds | _ | 110 | 20 | _ |
| Available-for-sale securities with maturities | | | | |
| (1) Government and municipal bonds, etc. | _ | _ | _ | _ |
| (2) Corporate bonds | _ | 520 | _ | _ |
| (3) Other | _ | _ | _ | _ |
| Short-term loans receivable | 346 | _ | _ | _ |
| Short-term loans receivable from subsidiaries and associates | 392 | _ | _ | _ |
| Accounts receivable - other | 11,938 | _ | _ | _ |
| Long-term loans receivable | _ | 3,285 | 15 | _ |
| Long-term loans receivable from subsidiaries and associates | _ | 796 | 1,408 | _ |

Repayment dates for guarantee deposits are deemed difficult to accurately determine. Accordingly, scheduled redemption amounts are not presented.

Consolidated fiscal year ended October 31, 2021 (As of October 31, 2021)

(Millions of yen)

| | 1 year or less | 1–5 years | 5–10 years | Over 10 years |
|--|----------------|-----------|------------|---------------|
| Cash and deposits | 101,411 | _ | _ | _ |
| Notes and accounts receivable - trade | 16,718 | _ | _ | _ |
| Trade accounts receivable | 171 | _ | _ | _ |
| Marketable and investment securities | | | | |
| Held-to-maturity securities | | | | |
| (1) Bonds | _ | 120 | _ | _ |
| Available-for-sale securities with maturities | | | | |
| (1) Government and municipal bonds, etc. | _ | _ | _ | _ |
| (2) Corporate bonds | _ | _ | _ | _ |
| (3) Other | _ | _ | _ | _ |
| Short-term loans receivable | 3,479 | _ | _ | _ |
| Short-term loans receivable from subsidiaries and associates | 233 | _ | _ | _ |
| Accounts receivable - other | 7,536 | _ | _ | _ |
| Long-term loans receivable | _ | 39 | 27 | _ |
| Long-term loans receivable from subsidiaries and associates | | 898 | 2 | _ |

Repayment dates for guarantee deposits are deemed difficult to accurately determine. Accordingly, scheduled redemption amounts are not presented.

(Note) 4. Repayment schedule for bonds payable, long-term borrowings, and lease obligations after the consolidated closing date Consolidated fiscal year ended October 31, 2020 (As of October 31, 2020)

(Millions of yen)

| | 1 year or less | 1–2 years | 2–3 years | 3–4 years | 4–5 years | Over 5 years |
|---|----------------|-----------|-----------|-----------|-----------|--------------|
| Short-term borrowings | 26,659 | | | _ | _ | _ |
| Bonds payable | 10,000 | _ | _ | 15,000 | _ | 5,000 |
| Convertible bond-type bonds with share acquisition rights | _ | _ | _ | _ | 25,000 | _ |
| Long-term borrowings (including current portion) | 1,689 | 4,475 | 31,812 | 27,623 | 1,423 | 84,270 |
| Lease obligations (including current portion) | 2,462 | 2,236 | 2,095 | 1,739 | 1,340 | 5,658 |
| Total | 40,811 | 6,712 | 33,907 | 44,363 | 27,764 | 94,928 |

Consolidated fiscal year ended October 31, 2021 (As of October 31, 2021)

(Millions of yen)

| | 1 year or less | 1–2 years | 2–3 years | 3–4 years | 4–5 years | Over 5 years |
|---|----------------|-----------|-----------|-----------|-----------|--------------|
| Short-term borrowings | 28,240 | | | | | _ |
| Bonds payable | _ | _ | 15,000 | _ | _ | 5,000 |
| Convertible bond-type bonds with share acquisition rights | _ | _ | _ | 25,000 | _ | _ |
| Long-term borrowings (including current portion) | 4,557 | 32,168 | 28,968 | 1,844 | 43,044 | 78,617 |
| Lease obligations (including current portion) | 2,454 | 2,282 | 1,990 | 1,548 | 1,341 | 5,247 |
| Total | 35,252 | 34,451 | 45,959 | 28,393 | 44,385 | 88,864 |

[Marketable securities]

1. Held-to-maturity securities

Consolidated fiscal year ended October 31, 2020 (As of October 31, 2020)

(Millions of yen)

| | Туре | Amounts recorded on balance sheet | Market value | Difference |
|---|-----------|-----------------------------------|--------------|------------|
| | (1) Bonds | _ | _ | _ |
| Market value above balance sheet amount | (2) Other | _ | _ | _ |
| barance sheet amount | Subtotal | _ | _ | - |
| | (1) Bonds | 100 | 100 | _ |
| Market value at or below balance sheet amount | (2) Other | _ | _ | _ |
| bulance sheet amount | Subtotal | 100 | 100 | _ |
| Tota | 1 | 100 | 100 | _ |

Corporate bonds (30 million yen recorded on the consolidated balance sheet) are not listed as they have no market prices and their fair values are deemed extremely difficult to determine.

Consolidated fiscal year ended October 31, 2021 (As of October 31, 2021)

(Millions of yen)

| | Туре | Amounts recorded on balance sheet | Market value | Difference |
|---|-----------|-----------------------------------|--------------|------------|
| | (1) Bonds | _ | _ | _ |
| Market value above balance sheet amount | (2) Other | _ | 1 | _ |
| Sulunco sileo unio unio | Subtotal | _ | 1 | _ |
| | (1) Bonds | 100 | 100 | _ |
| Market value at or below balance sheet amount | (2) Other | _ | _ | _ |
| outainee sheet amount | Subtotal | 100 | 100 | _ |
| Tota | 1 | 100 | 100 | _ |

Corporate bonds (20 million yen recorded on the consolidated balance sheet) are not listed as they have no market prices and their fair values are deemed extremely difficult to determine.

2. Available-for-sale securities

Consolidated fiscal year ended October 31, 2020 (As of October 31, 2020)

(Millions of yen)

| | Туре | Amounts recorded on balance sheet | Acquisition cost | Difference |
|----------------------------|------------|-----------------------------------|------------------|------------|
| | (1) Stocks | _ | _ | _ |
| Balance sheet amount | (2) Bonds | _ | _ | _ |
| above acquisition price | (3) Other | 5,331 | 4,743 | 588 |
| | Subtotal | 5,331 | 4,743 | 588 |
| | (1) Stocks | _ | _ | _ |
| Balance sheet amount at or | (2) Bonds | _ | _ | _ |
| below acquisition price | (3) Other | 4 | 4 | (0) |
| | Subtotal | 4 | 4 | (0) |
| Tota | 1 | 5,335 | 4,747 | 587 |

(Note) Unlisted stocks (5,127 million yen recorded on the consolidated balance sheet) have no market prices and are deemed extremely difficult to determine their fair values. Accordingly, they are not included in "Available-for-sale securities" in the table above.

(Millions of yen)

| | Туре | Amounts recorded on balance sheet | Acquisition cost | Difference |
|----------------------------|------------|-----------------------------------|------------------|------------|
| | (1) Stocks | 11 | 11 | 0 |
| Balance sheet amount | (2) Bonds | _ | _ | _ |
| above acquisition price | (3) Other | 1,990 | 960 | 1,030 |
| | Subtotal | 2,001 | 971 | 1,030 |
| | (1) Stocks | 4 | 4 | (0) |
| Balance sheet amount at or | (2) Bonds | _ | _ | _ |
| below acquisition price | (3) Other | _ | _ | _ |
| | Subtotal | 4 | 4 | (0) |
| Tota | 1 | 2,006 | 976 | 1,030 |

(Note) Unlisted stocks (3,600 million yen recorded on the consolidated balance sheet) have no market prices and are deemed extremely difficult to determine their fair values. Accordingly, they are not included in "Available-for-sale securities" in the table above.

3. Available-for-sale securities sold

Consolidated fiscal year ended October 31, 2020 (As of October 31, 2020)

(Millions of yen)

| Type | Proceeds from sale | Gains on sale | Losses on sale |
|------------|--------------------|---------------|----------------|
| (1) Stocks | 1,049 | 513 | _ |
| (2) Other | 5,250 | 572 | _ |
| Total | 6,299 | 1,085 | _ |

Consolidated fiscal year ended October 31, 2021 (As of October 31, 2021)

(Millions of yen)

| Type | Proceeds from sale | Gains on sale | Losses on sale |
|------------|--------------------|---------------|----------------|
| (1) Stocks | 102 | 102 | _ |
| (2) Other | 4,875 | 886 | _ |
| Total | 4,978 | 988 | _ |

4. Held-to-maturity securities sold

(Millions of yen)

| | Year ended October 31, 2021 (November 1, 2020 to October 31, 2021) | | | |
|-----------------|---|--------------------|------------------------|--|
| Type | Cost of bonds sold | Proceeds from sale | Gains (losses) on sale | |
| Corporate bonds | 10 | 9 | (0) | |

Reason for sale

The corporate bonds were sold in an effort to enhance asset efficiency following a review of shareholdings.

5. Securities for which impairment losses were recognized

In the consolidated fiscal year ended October 31, 2020, an impairment loss of 837 million yen was recognized for marketable securities.

In the consolidated fiscal year ended October 31, 2021, an impairment loss of 1,595 million yen was recognized for marketable securities.

Impairment losses are recorded when the market value of marketable securities drops below 50% of the acquisition cost, except in cases where the market value is expected to recover.

[Derivatives transactions]

1. Derivatives transactions for which hedge accounting is not applied

Currency-related transactions

Consolidated fiscal year ended October 31, 2020 (As of October 31, 2020)

(Millions of yen)

| Classification | Transaction type | Contract amount, etc. | Contract amount, etc. over one year | Fair value | Unrealized gains (losses) |
|-------------------------|----------------------------|-----------------------|---|------------|---------------------------|
| | Forward exchange contracts | | | | |
| | Sold | | | | |
| | EUR | 664 | _ | 23 | 23 |
| | Bought | | | | |
| Off-market transactions | USD | 33 | 23 | 1 | 1 |
| | SGD | 34 | 34 | 1 | 1 |
| | AUD | 110 | 46 | (3) | (3) |
| | CAD | 1,675 | _ | (38) | (38) |
| | THB | 3 | _ | (0) | (0) |
| , | Гotal | 5,521 | 104 | (18) | (18) |

(Note) Calculation method of fair value

Fair value is calculated based on the price provided by counterparty financial institutions, etc.

Consolidated fiscal year ended October 31, 2021 (As of October 31, 2021)

(Millions of yen)

| Classification | Transaction type | Contract amount, etc. | Contract amount, etc. over one year | Fair value | Unrealized gains (losses) |
|-------------------------|------------------------------------|-----------------------|---|------------|---------------------------|
| Off-market transactions | Forward exchange contracts Bought | | | | |
| | USD | 10 | | 11 | 0 |
| , | Гotal | 10 | | 11 | 0 |

(Note) Calculation method of fair value

Fair value is calculated based on the price provided by counterparty financial institutions, etc.

2. Derivatives transactions for which hedge accounting is applied

Currency-related transaction

Consolidated fiscal year ended October 31, 2020 (As of October 31, 2020)

(Millions of yen)

| | | | | | (IVIIIII on y on) |
|-------------------------|----------------------------|-----------------|--|-------------------------------------|-------------------|
| Hadaa aaaayutina | | Major | Year ended October 31, 2020 (As of October 31, 2020) | | |
| Hedge accounting method | Transaction type | hedged items | Contract amount, etc. | Contract amount, etc. over one year | Fair value |
| | Forward exchange contracts | | | | |
| | Bought | Trade | | | |
| Principle method | USD | accounts | 104 | _ | (1) |
| | AUD | payable | 71 | _ | 2 |
| | CAD | | 13 | _ | 0 |
| Total | | 189 | _ | 1 | |

(Note) Calculation method of fair value

Fair value is calculated based on the price, etc. provided by counterparty financial institutions, etc.

Consolidated fiscal year ended October 31, 2021 (As of October 31, 2021)

There are no applicable matters to report.

[Provision for employee retirement benefits]

1. Outline of adopted employee retirement benefit plans

The Company and some of its consolidated subsidiaries have adopted funded and unfunded defined benefit and defined contribution plans to cover retirement benefits for their employees.

Defined benefit corporate pension plans provide lump-sum retirement benefits or pension benefits based on salary and years of service.

Retirement lump-sum plans provide lump-sum retirement benefits based on salary and years of service.

The retirement lump-sum plans adopted by some consolidated subsidiaries calculate liabilities and expenses for retirement benefits using the simplified method.

2. Defined benefit plan

(1) Reconciliation of balance of retirement benefit obligation at beginning and end of the year

| | | (Millions of yen) |
|---|--|--|
| | Year ended October 31, 2020 (November 1, 2019 to October 31, 2020) | Year ended October 31, 2021 (November 1, 2020 to October 31, 2021) |
| Retirement benefit obligation at beginning of year | 10,001 | 10,235 |
| Service cost | 1,096 | 1,078 |
| Interest cost | 21 | 32 |
| Actuarial differences | (83) | (35) |
| Retirement benefits paid | (773) | (1,112) |
| Prior service costs incurred | 14 | _ |
| Decline accompanying the transfer to defined contribution pension plans | (26) | (106) |
| Foreign currency translation gains (losses) | (14) | (462) |
| Projected benefit obligation at end of year | 10,235 | 9,630 |

⁽Note) Certain consolidated subsidiaries use the simplified method to calculate projected benefit obligation.

(2) Reconciliation of balance of pension assets at beginning and end of the year

(Millions of yen) Year ended October 31, 2020 Year ended October 31, 2021 (November 1, 2019 to (November 1, 2020 to October 31, 2020) October 31, 2021) Pension assets at beginning of year 2,815 2,856 Expected return on plan assets 46 41 Actuarial differences 0 127 Amount of employer contribution 158 142 Retirement benefits paid (163)(470)Pension assets at end of year 2,856 2,698

(3) Reconciliation of balance of retirement benefit obligation and pension assets at end of fiscal year and retirement benefit liability and asset recorded on the consolidated balance sheet

| | (Millions of yen) |
|---|---|
| Year ended October 31, 2020 (As of October 31, 2020) | Year ended October 31, 2021 (As of October 31, 2021) |
| 2,651 | 2,079 |
| (2,856) | (2,698) |
| (205) | (619) |
| 7,584 | 7,550 |
| 7,378 | 6,931 |
| 7,981 | 7,659 |
| (602) | (727) |
| 7,378 | 6,931 |
| | (As of October 31, 2020) 2,651 (2,856) (205) 7,584 7,378 7,981 (602) |

(Millions of yen)

| | Year ended October 31, 2020 (November 1, 2019 to October 31, 2020) | Year ended October 31, 2021 (November 1, 2020 to October 31, 2021) |
|--|--|--|
| Service costs | 1,096 | 1,078 |
| Interest costs | 21 | 32 |
| Expected return on plan assets | (46) | (41) |
| Amortization of actuarial differences | 254 | (41) |
| Amortization of prior service costs | 1 | 2 |
| Retirement benefit expenses related to defined-benefit plans | 1,326 | 1,031 |

(Note) The retirement benefit expenses incurred by consolidated subsidiaries that adopt a simplified method of calculation are included under service costs.

(5) Adjustments related to retirement benefits

A breakdown of items (prior to tax effect deduction) recorded as adjustments related to retirement benefits is shown below.

| | | (Millions of yen) |
|-----------------------|--|--|
| | Year ended October 31, 2020 (November 1, 2019 to October 31, 2020) | Year ended October 31, 2021 (November 1, 2020 to October 31, 2021) |
| Prior service costs | 12 | (2) |
| Actuarial differences | (339) | (122) |
| Total | (326) | (125) |

(6) Cumulative adjustments related to retirement benefits

A breakdown of items (prior to tax effect deduction) recorded as cumulative adjustments related to retirement benefits is shown below.

| | | (Millions of yen) | |
|------------------------------------|---|---|--|
| | Year ended October 31, 2020 (As of October 31, 2020) | Year ended October 31, 2021 (As of October 31, 2021) | |
| Unrecognized prior service costs | 12 | 10 | |
| Unrecognized actuarial differences | (79) | (201) | |
| Total | (66) | (191) | |

(7) Items related to pension assets

1) Breakdown of principal pension assets

Main categories by percentage of total pension assets are shown below.

| | Year ended October 31, 2020 (As of October 31, 2020) | Year ended October 31, 2021 (As of October 31, 2021) |
|------------------|---|---|
| Bonds | 18% | 19% |
| Stocks | 21% | 29% |
| Regular accounts | 60% | 51% |
| Other | 1% | 1% |
| Total | 100% | 100% |

2) Method for setting long-term expected rate of return

When determining the long-term expected rate of return on pension assets, the Company considers the current and projected allocation of pension assets and the current and future long-term rates of return for the diverse assets that comprise its pension assets.

(8) Basis for calculating actuarial differences

Basis for calculating principal actuarial differences

| | Year ended October 31, 2020 (As of October 31, 2020) | Year ended October 31, 2021 (As of October 31, 2021) | |
|--|---|---|--|
| Discount rate | 0.1%-0.5% | 0.2%-0.4% | |
| Long-term expected rate of return on plan assets | 2.0% | 2.0% | |

3. Defined contribution plan

The defined contribution of the Company and its consolidated subsidiaries was 173 million yen for the consolidated fiscal year ended October 31, 2020 and 184 million yen for the consolidated fiscal year ended October 31, 2021.

[Stock options]

1. Amount and account of expenses related to stock options

(Millions of yen)

| | Year ended October 31, 2020 (November 1, 2019 to October 31, 2020) | Year ended October 31, 2021 (November 1, 2020 to October 31, 2021) |
|--|--|--|
| Selling, general and administrative expenses | 54 | 82 |

2. Description, scale, and changes of stock options

(1) Description of stock options

| (1) Descri | ption of stock options | | |
|---------------------------------------|--|---|---|
| | Third Series of Stock Options | Consolidated subsidiary Huis Ten Bosch Technical Center Co., Ltd. | Consolidated subsidiary Huis Ten Bosch Co., Ltd. |
| Category and number of grantees | Company Directors: 5 Company employees: 1,541 Subsidiary Directors: 44 Subsidiary employees: 200 | Directors of said company: 4 Employees of said company; Directors and employees of said company's subsidiaries: 28 | Directors of said company: 5 Employees of said company: 319 |
| Number of stock options by stock type | Common stock: 900,500 | Common stock: 64,700 | Common stock: 121,100 |
| Grant date | March 23, 2020 | September 27, 2019 | February 26, 2021 |
| Conditions for vesting | (1) Persons granted an allotment of the share acquisition rights (hereinafter, "Rights Holders") must be Directors or employees of the Company or one of its subsidiaries at the time the share acquisition rights are exercised. However, this restriction shall not apply if so approved by the Board of Directors in any of the following cases or based on other justifiable reasons: resignations of Directors after their terms have expired, resignations in conjunction with an appointment as a Director, mandatory retirement for employees, and transfers prompted by an administrative order. (2) In the event of the death of a Rights Holder, the rights may not be exercised by the corresponding heir. (3) Other conditions are as stipulated in the share acquisition rights allotment agreement concluded between the Company and the Rights Holder. | (1) Persons granted an allotment of the share acquisition rights (hereinafter, "Rights Holders") must be Directors, corporate auditors, employees, or advisors of the company or one of its subsidiaries at the time the share acquisition rights are exercised. However, this restriction shall not apply if so approved by the Board of Directors in any of the following cases or based on other justifiable reasons: resignations of Directors and corporate auditors after their terms have expired, and mandatory retirement for employees. (2) Common shares of the company must be listed on a financial instruments exchange. (3) In the event of the death of a Rights Holder, the rights may not be exercised by the corresponding heir. | (1) Common shares of the company must be listed on a Japanese stock exchange when the share acquisition rights are exercised. (2) Attendance of 80% or more of the number of working days prescribed by the company (exercise of rights under the Labor Standards Act or the Mariners Act is treated as attendance) in the period from February 26, 2021 to the day preceding the listing date. (3) Persons must be Directors or employees of the company or one of its subsidiaries at the time the share acquisition rights are exercised. However, this restriction shall not apply if so approved by the Board of Directors of the company in any of the following cases or based on other justifiable reasons: resignations of Directors after their terms have expired, resignations in conjunction with an appointment as a Director, mandatory retirement for employees, and transfers prompted by an administrative order. (4) Persons must not have violated the provisions in the share acquisition rights allotment agreement. (5) In the event of the death of a person granted an allotment of the share acquisition rights, the rights may not be exercised by the corresponding heir. |
| Requisite service period | Not specified | Not specified | Not specified |
| Exercisable period | April 1, 2023 to March 31, 2024 | September 25, 2021 to September 24, 2029 | Within the period from February 26, 2023 to February 25, 2030, the period from the day on which the company's common shares were listed on a Japanese stock exchange to the day on which three years have passed from the listing date. |

(2) Scale of stock options and related changes

Changes in the scale of stock options that existed in the year ended October 31, 2021 are shown below. The number of stock options is presented as the number of underlying shares.

1) Number of stock options

| | Third Series of Stock Options Consolidated subsidia Huis Ten Bosch Techni Center Co., Ltd. | | Consolidated subsidiary Huis Ten Bosch Co., Ltd. |
|------------------------|---|--------|---|
| Non-vested (shares): | | | |
| As of October 31, 2020 | 900,500 | 64,700 | _ |
| Granted | _ | _ | 121,100 |
| Forfeited | _ | _ | _ |
| Vested | _ | _ | _ |
| Unvested | 900,500 | 64,700 | 121,100 |

2) Price information

| | Third Series of Stock Options | Consolidated subsidiary Huis Ten Bosch Technical Center Co., Ltd. | Consolidated subsidiary Huis Ten Bosch Co., Ltd. |
|---|----------------------------------|---|---|
| Exercise price (yen) | 1,387 | 1,450 | 2,664 |
| Average share price at time of exercise (yen) | _ | _ | _ |
| Fair value per share at grant date (yen) | 291 | _ | _ |

3. Method for estimating fair value of stock options

Consolidated subsidiary (Huis Ten Bosch Co., Ltd.)

The fair value of the Huis Ten Bosch Co., Ltd. stock options granted in the consolidated fiscal year ended October 31, 2021 is estimated as follows.

Because the company has been a private company as of the time the stock options were granted, the stock options are valued based on intrinsic rather than fair value.

The valuation method for the company's shares, which forms the basis for the calculation of the intrinsic value of the stock options, is the discounted cash flow (DCF) method.

4. Method for estimating the number of stock options vested

Future forfeiture of stock options is not factored in because it is difficult to rationally estimate the actual number of stock options that will be forfeited in the future.

[Tax effect accounting]

1. Principal components of deferred tax assets and deferred tax liabilities are shown below.

| 1. Principal components of deferred tax assets and deferred tax | liabilities are shown below. | (A 5'11' C \ |
|---|---|--|
| | Year ended October 31, 2020 (As of October 31, 2020) | (Millions of yen) Year ended October 31, 2021 (As of October 31, 2021) |
| [Deferred tax assets] | | |
| Tax loss carryforwards (Note 2) | 9,520 | 22,170 |
| Retirement benefit liability | 1,969 | 2,044 |
| Provision for retirement benefits for directors (and other officers) | 71 | 75 |
| Depreciation | 2,362 | 524 |
| Non-deductible asset retirement obligation expenses | 196 | 117 |
| Long-term accounts payable - other | 101 | 96 |
| Excess allowance for doubtful accounts | 1,342 | 4,699 |
| Provision for bonuses | 171 | 162 |
| Accrued enterprise taxes | 74 | 70 |
| Unsettled gift certificates | 370 | 522 |
| Accrued social insurance premiums | 20 | 17 |
| Subsidy income | 481 | 478 |
| Impairment losses | 1,109 | 2,906 |
| Loss on valuation of shares of subsidiaries | 292 | 2,980 |
| Other | 1,799 | 1,951 |
| Deferred tax assets subtotal | 19,884 | 38,818 |
| Valuation allowance pertaining to tax loss carryforwards (Note 2) | (1,116) | (15,942) |
| Valuation allowance pertaining to total future deductible temporary differences | (5,420) | (11,215) |
| Valuation allowance subtotal (Note 1) | (6,537) | (27,157) |
| Deferred tax assets total | 13,347 | 11,660 |
| [Deferred tax liabilities] | | |
| Valuation difference on available-for-sale securities | (215) | (315) |
| Other | (145) | (209) |
| Deferred tax liabilities total | (360) | (525) |
| Deferred tax habilities total Deferred tax assets, net | 12,986 | 11,135 |
| Deferred tax assets, net | 12,760 | 11,133 |
| [Deferred tax liabilities] | | |
| Revaluation reserve for land | 1,683 | 1,654 |
| Unrealized losses on non-current assets | 2,650 | 2,485 |
| Other | 1,093 | 1,160 |
| Deferred tax liabilities total | 5,427 | 5,300 |
| [Deferred tax assets] | | |
| Tax loss carryforwards (Note 2) | (359) | (1,904) |
| Retirement benefit liability | (183) | (181) |
| Provision for retirement benefits for directors (and other officers) | (8) | (7) |
| Other | (316) | (156) |
| Deferred tax assets subtotal | (868) | (2,250) |
| Valuation allowance pertaining to tax loss carryforwards (Note 2) | 359 | 1,750 |
| Valuation allowance pertaining to total future deductible temporary differences | 120 | 182 |
| Valuation allowance subtotal (Note 1) | 479 | 1,932 |
| Deferred tax assets total | (389) | (317) |
| Deferred tax liabilities, net | 5,038 | 4,982 |
| Deferred and induffices, flet | | T,702 |

(Note 1) There has been a material change in the amount deducted from deferred tax assets (valuation allowance).

The change is mainly the result of an increase in the valuation allowance pertaining to tax loss carryforwards due to the impact of the COVID-19 pandemic.

(Note 2) Tax loss carryforwards and related deferred tax assets by carryforward period Consolidated fiscal year ended October 31, 2020 (as of October 31, 2020)

(Millions of yen)

| | 1 year or less | 1–2 years 2–3 years | | 3–4 years | 3–4 years 4–5 years | | Total |
|---------------------------------------|----------------|---------------------|-----|-----------|---------------------|---------|-------------------|
| Tax loss carryforwards (Note 1) | _ | l | 0 | 23 | 32 | 9,823 | 9,879 |
| Valuation allowance | _ | ١ | (0) | (23) | (32) | (1,419) | (1,475) |
| Deferred tax assets | _ | _ | _ | _ | _ | 8,404 | (Note 2) 8,404 |

(Notes)

- 1. Tax loss carryforward figures are the amount multiplied by the effective statutory tax rate.
- 2. For the tax loss carryforward of 9,879 million yen (amount multiplied by effective statutory tax rate), deferred tax assets of 8,404 million yen were recorded. No valuation allowance was recognized for the portion of this tax loss carryforward that is determined to be recoverable on the basis of projected future taxable income.

Consolidated fiscal year ended October 31, 2021 (as of October 31, 2021)

(Millions of yen)

| | 1 year or less | 1–2 years | 2–3 years 3–4 years | | 4–5 years | Over 5 years | Total |
|---------------------------------------|----------------|-----------|---------------------|------|-----------|--------------|-------------------|
| Tax loss carryforwards (Note 1) | _ | | 4 | 30 | 3 | 24,036 | 24,074 |
| Valuation allowance | _ | | (4) | (30) | (3) | (17,654) | (17,692) |
| Deferred tax assets | _ | _ | | | _ | 6,381 | (Note 2) 6,381 |

(Notes)

- 1. Tax loss carryforward figures are the amount multiplied by the effective statutory tax rate.
- 2. For the tax loss carryforward of 24,074 million yen (amount multiplied by effective statutory tax rate), deferred tax assets of 6,381 million yen were recorded. No valuation allowance was recognized for the portion of this tax loss carryforward that is determined to be recoverable on the basis of projected future taxable income.
- 2. Major components of significant differences arising between the effective statutory tax rate and effective income tax rate after application of tax-effect accounting

Year ended October 31, 2020
(As of October 31, 2020)

Notes have been omitted as the Company recorded a loss before income taxes.

Year ended October 31, 2021
(As of October 31, 2021)
Notes have been omitted as the Company recorded a loss

before income taxes.

[Asset retirement obligations]

The overall value of asset retirement obligations is not significant, and is therefore omitted.

[Rental and other properties]

The Company and some of its consolidated subsidiaries own rental office buildings, rental condominiums, and rental commercial facilities in Kumamoto Prefecture and other regions, from which they generate rental income. In the fiscal year ended October 31, 2020, revenue from rental properties amounted to 1,076 million yen (rental income was recorded under net sales on the consolidated statement of income, and primary rental expenses were recorded under selling, general and administrative expenses). In the fiscal year ended October 31, 2021, revenue from rental properties totaled 469 million yen (rental income was recorded under net sales on the consolidated statement of income, and primary rental expenses were recorded under selling, general and administrative expenses). The amounts recorded on the consolidated balance sheet, increase or decrease during the year, and fair value of the rental properties are as follows.

(Millions of yen)

| | Year ended October 31, 2020 (November 1, 2019 to October 31, 2020) | Year ended October 31, 2021 (November 1, 2020 to October 31, 2021) | |
|--------------------------------------|--|--|--|
| Amount on consolidated balance sheet | | | |
| Balance at beginning of period | 50,559 | 54,714 | |
| Increase (decrease) during period | 4,155 | (7,408) | |
| Balance at end of period | 54,714 | 47,305 | |
| Fair value at end of period | 59,401 | 52,573 | |

(Notes)

- 1. The amount on the consolidated balance sheet is calculated by deducting the accumulated depreciation from the acquisition cost.
- 2. Fair value at the end of the fiscal year is calculated by the Company based on real estate appraisal standards (including those adjusted using relevant indexes, etc.).

[Segment information, etc.]

Segment information

1. Outline of reportable segments

The H.I.S. Group's reportable segments are constituent units of the Group for which separate financial information is available and which are evaluated regularly by the chief decision-making authority to determine the allocation of management resources and assess performance. The Group is composed of five businesses: the Travel Business, the Theme Park Business, the Hotel Business, the Kyushu Sanko Group, and the Energy Business, and is engaged in business activities by developing comprehensive domestic and overseas strategies. Accordingly, the Group designates the Travel Business, the Theme Park Business, the Hotel Business, the Kyushu Sanko Group, and the Energy Business as its reportable segments.

From the consolidated fiscal year ended October 31, 2020, the Group changed the name of the reportable segment previously presented as the Huis Ten Bosch Group to the Theme Park Business. This is only a change in name and has no impact on the segment data. In addition, from the consolidated fiscal year ended October 31, 2021, the Group has moved hapi-robo st, Inc. from the Theme Park Business to "Other" business segments, and The Watermark Hotel Nagasaki Co., Ltd. from the Hotel Business to the Theme Park Business. Segment information for the fiscal year ended October 31, 2020 has been prepared and is presented based on the reportable segment classification after the changes.

The Travel Business engages in the arrangement, planning, and sales of overseas and domestic travel products and peripheral operations. In the Theme Park Business, the Group owns and manages theme parks in Sasebo City, Nagasaki Prefecture and Gamagori City, Aichi Prefecture. The Hotel Business engages in hotel operations in Japan, Taiwan, the U.S., and Indonesia, as well as in ancillary businesses. The Kyushu Sanko Group, whose holding company is Kyushu Sangyo Kotsu Holdings Co., Ltd., is a segment of the H.I.S. Group that engages in vehicle transportation, real estate leasing, and other operations. The Energy Business engages in retail electricity sales and the development of new electric power including renewable energy, and operates ancillary businesses.

2. Calculation methods for net sales, profit (loss), assets, liabilities, and other items for each reportable segment

The accounting methods used for reportable segments are roughly the same as those discussed under "Significant matters that serve as the basis for preparation of the consolidated financial statements."

Segment profit figures are operating profits.

Intersegment internal profits and transfers are based on market prices.

3. Information about net sales, profit (loss), assets, liabilities, and other items for each reportable segment Consolidated fiscal year ended October 31, 2020 (November 1, 2019 to October 31, 2020)

(Millions of yen)

| | | Reportable segments | | | | | | | | Amount on |
|---|--------------------|---------------------------|-------------------|--------------------------|--------------------|--------------------------|----------------|----------|-------------------------|---|
| | Travel Business | Theme Park Business | Hotel Business | Kyushu Sanko Group | Energy Business | Reportable segment total | Other (Note 1) | Total | Adjustments (Note 2) | consolidated financial statements (Note 3) |
| Net sales | | | | | | | | | | |
| Sales to external customers | 358,905 | 13,533 | 7,416 | 19,174 | 26,279 | 425,308 | 4,975 | 430,284 | _ | 430,284 |
| Intersegment sales/transfers | 726 | 580 | 535 | 3 | 114 | 1,959 | 596 | 2,556 | (2,556) | _ |
| Total | 359,631 | 14,113 | 7,952 | 19,177 | 26,393 | 427,268 | 5,571 | 432,840 | (2,556) | 430,284 |
| Segment profit (loss) | (21,127) | (3,403) | (3,481) | (2,132) | 163 | (29,980) | 1,299 | (28,680) | (2,448) | (31,129) |
| Segment assets | 134,533 | 44,994 | 83,870 | 57,953 | 15,585 | 336,937 | 22,250 | 359,187 | 55,416 | 414,604 |
| Others | | | | | | | | | | |
| Depreciation | 4,476 | 1,931 | 3,197 | 2,036 | 46 | 11,688 | 318 | 12,007 | 431 | 12,438 |
| Amortization of goodwill | 606 | _ | 56 | _ | 45 | 708 | 93 | 802 | _ | 802 |
| Investment in entities accounted for using equity method | 272 | | _ | _ | _ | 272 | 533 | 806 | _ | 806 |
| Increase in property, plant and equipment and intangible assets | 3,639 | 6,307 | 12,661 | 3,326 | 420 | 26,355 | 4,727 | 31,082 | 26,615 | 57,697 |

(Notes)

- 1. "Other" refers to business segments such as the non-life insurance business and real estate business, etc. not included in the reportable segments.
- 2. The details of "Adjustments" are as follows:
 - (1) Adjustment on segment profit (loss) amounting to -2,448 million yen reflects corporate-wide expenses not allocated to each reportable segment, and refers to expenses at the parent company's headquarter administration division, which are not attributable to reportable segments.
 - (2) Adjustment on segment assets amounting to 55,416 million yen includes -462 million yen in elimination of intersegment transactions, and corporate-wide assets of 55,878 million yen not allocated to each reportable segment. Corporate-wide assets refer to surplus fund management (cash and deposits, and securities) at the parent company, and assets of the administration division.
 - (3) Adjustment on depreciation amounting to 431 million yen is corporate-wide expenses not allocated to each reportable segment, and refers to depreciation at the parent company's headquarter administration division, which is not attributable to the reportable segments.
 - (4) Adjustment on increase in property, plant and equipment and intangible assets amounting to 26,615 million yen is capital investment at the parent company, which is not attributable to the reportable segments.
- 3. Segment profit (loss) is adjusted with the operating profit in the consolidated financial statements.
- 4. EBITDA for each reportable segment is presented below.

(Millions of yen)

| | Travel Business | Theme Park Business | Hotel Business | Kyushu Sanko Group | Energy Business | Other | Total |
|--|--------------------|------------------------|-------------------|--------------------------|--------------------|-------|----------|
| Segment profit (loss) | (21,127) | (3,403) | (3,481) | (2,132) | 163 | 1,299 | (28,680) |
| Depreciation and goodwill amortization | 5,083 | 1,931 | 3,253 | 2,036 | 91 | 412 | 12,809 |
| EBITDA (Note) | (16,044) | (1,471) | (227) | (95) | 255 | 1,712 | (15,871) |

(Note) EBITDA reflects segment profit (or loss) plus depreciation and goodwill amortization.

(Millions of yen)

| | Reportable segments | | | | | | | | | Amount on consolidated |
|---|---------------------|---------------------------|-------------------|--------------------------|--------------------|--------------------------|----------------|----------|-------------------------|-------------------------------------|
| | Travel Business | Theme Park Business | Hotel Business | Kyushu Sanko Group | Energy Business | Reportable segment total | Other (Note 1) | Total | Adjustments (Note 2) | financial statements (Note 3) |
| Net sales | | | | | | | | | | |
| Sales to external customers | 42,918 | 14,593 | 4,494 | 16,358 | 37,233 | 115,598 | 2,965 | 118,563 | _ | 118,563 |
| Intersegment sales/transfers | 110 | 533 | 262 | 4 | 117 | 1,028 | 735 | 1,764 | (1,764) | _ |
| Total | 43,028 | 15,126 | 4,757 | 16,362 | 37,351 | 116,626 | 3,701 | 120,327 | (1,764) | 118,563 |
| Segment profit (loss) | (38,336) | (3,559) | (5,868) | (2,712) | (10,264) | (60,741) | (981) | (61,723) | (2,335) | (64,058) |
| Segment assets | 131,363 | 38,135 | 92,456 | 56,655 | 20,394 | 339,004 | 12,694 | 351,699 | 59,748 | 411,447 |
| Others | | | | | | | | | | |
| Depreciation | 3,835 | 2,120 | 3,293 | 1,865 | 494 | 11,609 | 278 | 11,888 | 414 | 12,302 |
| Amortization of goodwill | 661 | _ | 17 | | 45 | 723 | 93 | 817 | _ | 817 |
| Investment in entities accounted for using equity method | 328 | ١ | 1 | ı | _ | 328 | 0 | 328 | _ | 328 |
| Increase in property, plant and equipment and intangible assets | 2,262 | 1,798 | 10,694 | 1,061 | 1,967 | 17,784 | 370 | 18,155 | 21 | 18,177 |

(Notes)

- 1. "Other" refers to business segments such as the non-life insurance business and real estate business, etc. not included in the reportable segments.
- 2. The details of "Adjustments" are as follows:
- (1) Adjustment on segment profit (loss) amounting to -2,335 million yen reflects corporate-wide expenses not allocated to each reportable segment, and refers to expenses at the parent company's headquarter administration division, which are not attributable to reportable segments.
- (2) Adjustment on segment assets amounting to 59,748 million yen includes -468 million yen in elimination of intersegment transactions, and corporate-wide assets of 60,216 million yen not allocated to each reportable segment. Corporate-wide assets refer to surplus fund management (cash and deposits, and securities) at the parent company, and assets of the administration division.
- (3) Adjustment on depreciation amounting to 414 million yen is corporate-wide expenses not allocated to each reportable segment, and refers to depreciation at the parent company's headquarter administration division, which is not attributable to the reportable segments.
- (4) Adjustment on increase in property, plant and equipment and intangible assets amounting to 21 million yen is capital investment at the parent company, which is not attributable to the reportable segments.
- 3. Segment profit (loss) is adjusted with the operating profit in the consolidated financial statements.
- 4. EBITDA for each reportable segment is presented below.

(Millions of yen)

| (Hillions of | | | | | | | viiiiions or yen; |
|--|--------------------|------------------------|-------------------|--------------------------|--------------------|-------|-------------------|
| | Travel Business | Theme Park Business | Hotel Business | Kyushu Sanko Group | Energy Business | Other | Total |
| Segment profit (loss) | (38,336) | (3,559) | (5,868) | (2,712) | (10,264) | (981) | (61,723) |
| Depreciation and goodwill amortization | 4,496 | 2,120 | 3,310 | 1,865 | 540 | 372 | 12,705 |
| EBITDA (Note) | (33,840) | (1,439) | (2,557) | (846) | (9,723) | (609) | (49,017) |

(Note) EBITDA reflects segment profit (or loss) plus depreciation and goodwill amortization.

Related information

Consolidated fiscal year ended October 31, 2020 (November 1, 2019 to October 31, 2020)

1. Information by product and service

This information has been omitted because similar information is included under the "Segment information, etc." section.

2. Information by region

(1) Net sales

(Millions of yen)

| Japan | Americas Asia | | Oceania | Europe, Middle East, Africa | Total |
|---------|---------------|--------|---------|--------------------------------|---------|
| 255,656 | 122,452 | 33,804 | 2,313 | 16,057 | 430,284 |

(2) Property, plant and equipment

(Millions of yen)

| Japan | Americas | Asia | Oceania | Europe, Middle East, Africa | Total |
|---------|----------|--------|---------|--------------------------------|---------|
| 172,999 | 7,274 | 15,599 | 11 | 6,325 | 202,211 |

3. Information by major customer

This information has been omitted as there were no sales from a single external customer accounting for 10% or more of net sales on the consolidated statement of income.

Consolidated fiscal year ended October 31, 2021 (November 1, 2020 to October 31, 2021)

1. Information by product and service

This information has been omitted because similar information is included under the "Segment information, etc." section.

2. Information by region

(1) Net sales

(Millions of yen)

| Japan | Americas | Asia | Oceania | Europe, Middle East, Africa | Total |
|---------|----------|-------|---------|--------------------------------|---------|
| 105,522 | 6,692 | 3,310 | 54 | 2,983 | 118,563 |

(2) Property, plant and equipment

(Millions of ven)

| | | | | | (Millions of yell) |
|---------|----------|--------|---------|--------------------------------|--------------------|
| Japan | Americas | Asia | Oceania | Europe, Middle East, Africa | Total |
| 171,097 | 7,723 | 15,803 | 9 | 6,657 | 201,291 |

3. Information by major customer

This information has been omitted as there were no sales from a single external customer accounting for 10% or more of net sales on the consolidated statement of income.

Information regarding impairment loss on non-current assets by reportable segment Consolidated fiscal year ended October 31, 2020 (November 1, 2019 to October 31, 2020)

(Millions of yen)

| | | | Reportable | e segments | | | | Unallocated | |
|-----------------|--------------------|------------------------|-------------------|--------------------------|--------------------|--------------------------|-------|-------------------------------|-------|
| | Travel Business | Theme Park Business | Hotel Business | Kyushu Sanko Group | Energy Business | Reportable segment total | Other | amounts and elimination | Total |
| Impairment loss | 2,293 | _ | 1,765 | 1,240 | _ | 5,299 | 20 | _ | 5,320 |

(Note) "Other" indicates figures for the non-life insurance and real estate businesses, etc.

Consolidated fiscal year ended October 31, 2021 (November 1, 2010 to October 31, 2021)

(Millions of yen)

| | | | Reportable | e segments | | | | Unallocated | |
|-----------------|--------------------|------------------------|-------------------|--------------------------|--------------------|--------------------------|-------|-------------------------------|-------|
| | Travel Business | Theme Park Business | Hotel Business | Kyushu Sanko Group | Energy Business | Reportable segment total | Other | amounts and elimination | Total |
| Impairment loss | 2,039 | 135 | 18 | _ | 243 | 2,437 | 22 | _ | 2,459 |

(Note) "Other" indicates figures for the non-life insurance and real estate businesses, etc.

Information regarding amortization of goodwill and unamortized balance by reportable segment Consolidated fiscal year ended October 31, 2020 (November 1, 2019 to October 31, 2020)

(Millions of yen)

| | | | | | Unallocated | • | | | |
|--|--------------------|------------------------|-------------------|--------------------------|--------------------|--------------------------|-----------------|-------------------------------|-------|
| | Travel Business | Theme Park Business | Hotel Business | Kyushu Sanko Group | Energy Business | Reportable segment total | Other (Note) | amounts and elimination | Total |
| Amortization for the year ended October 31, 2020 | 606 | _ | 56 | ١ | 45 | 708 | 93 | | 802 |
| Unamortized balance as of October 31, 2020 | 4,185 | _ | 74 | _ | 406 | 4,666 | 560 | _ | 5,227 |

(Note) "Other" indicates figures for the non-life insurance and real estate businesses, etc.

Consolidated fiscal year ended October 31, 2021 (November 1, 2020 to October 31, 2021)

(Millions of yen)

| | | | | | | | | (1,1111 | ons or yen |
|--|--------------------|------------------------|-------------------|--------------------------|--------------------|--------------------------|-----------------|-------------------------------|------------|
| | | | Reportable | e segments | | | | Unallocated | Total |
| | Travel Business | Theme Park Business | Hotel Business | Kyushu Sanko Group | Energy Business | Reportable segment total | Other (Note) | amounts and elimination | |
| Amortization for the year ended October 31, 2021 | 661 | _ | 17 | l | 45 | 723 | 93 | | 817 |
| Unamortized balance as of October 31, 2021 | 3,740 | _ | 52 | _ | 361 | 4,154 | 466 | | 4,621 |

(Note) "Other" indicates figures for the non-life insurance and real estate businesses, etc.

Information regarding gain on bargain purchase by reportable segment Consolidated fiscal year ended October 31, 2020 (November 1, 2019 to October 31, 2020)

There were no significant gains on bargain purchase to report.

Consolidated fiscal year ended October 31, 2021 (November 1, 2020 to October 31, 2021) There were no significant gains on bargain purchase to report.

Related parties

- 1. Transactions with related parties
 - (1) Transactions between the Filing Company and related parties
 - (a) Non-consolidated subsidiaries of the Filing Company Consolidated fiscal year ended October 31, 2020 (November 1, 2019 to October 31, 2020)

There are no applicable matters to report.

Consolidated fiscal year ended October 31, 2021 (November 1, 2020 to October 31, 2021) There are no applicable matters to report.

(b) Directors (and other officers) and major shareholders of the Filing Company, etc. (only in the case of individuals) Consolidated fiscal year ended October 31, 2020 (November 1, 2019 to October 31, 2020)

There are no applicable matters to report.

Consolidated fiscal year ended October 31, 2021 (November 1, 2020 to October 31, 2021)

| Category | Name | Location | Paid-in capital or investment (millions of yen) | Business description | Share of voting rights held (%) | Relationship with related parties | Nature of transactions | Transaction value (millions of yen) | Item | Balance at end of period (millions of yen) |
|--|--------------|----------|---|---|---------------------------------------|---|---|--|------|--|
| | | | | | | | Collection of funds (Note 1) | 1,795 | _ | _ |
| Directors (and other officers) of the Company or | Hideo Sawada | vada — | _ | Represen- tative director of the | (Held) Direct 25.7 | _ | Receipt of interest (Note 1) | 3 | _ | _ |
| their relatives | | | | Company | | | Exercise of share acquisition rights (Note 2) | 3,748 | _ | _ |

Conditions of transactions and policy for determining such conditions, etc.

(Notes)

- 1. Received through the collection of funds and interest by Mr. Sawada, the guarantor, based on an agreement with a third party. In addition, the conditions of the transactions under this agreement are determined in the same way as conditions for general transactions.
- 2. The exercise of share acquisition rights shows the portion of the share acquisition rights granted through a resolution of the Board of Directors at the meeting held on October 2, 2020 that was exercised in the fiscal year ended October 31, 2021. In addition, the transaction value column shows the amount obtained by multiplying the number of shares granted through the exercise of the share acquisition rights in the fiscal year ended October 31, 2021 by the amount payable.

(2) Transactions between consolidated subsidiaries of the Filing Company and related parties
Directors (and other officers) and major shareholders of the Filing Company, etc. (only in the case of individuals)
Consolidated fiscal year ended October 31, 2020 (November 1, 2019 to October 31, 2020)

| Category | Name | Location | Paid-in capital or investment (millions of yen) | Business | Share of voting rights held (%) | Relationship with related parties | Nature of transactions | Transaction value (millions of yen) | Item | Balance at end of period (millions of yen) |
|--|----------|----------------------|---|--|---------------------------------------|---|------------------------------|--|---------------------|--|
| Entities in which Directors (and other officers) of the Company or their relatives hold a majority of voting rights (including subsidiaries of such entities) | Kyoritsu | Shibuya-ku, Tokyo | 10 | Real estate rental manage- ment | ı | Real estate leasing | Payment of rent (Notes 1, 2) | 21 | Prepaid expenses | 0 |

Conditions of transactions and policy for determining such conditions, etc.

(Notes)

- 1. Transactions are governed by the same conditions as for unrelated parties.
- 2. The Company's representative director Hideo Sawada and his near relative own 100.0% of the voting rights of Kyoritsu Building, Co., Ltd.

Consolidated fiscal year ended October 31, 2021 (November 1, 2020 to October 31, 2021)

| Category | Name | Location | Paid-in capital or investment (millions of yen) | Business description | Share of voting rights held (%) | Relationship with related parties | Nature of transactions | Transaction value (millions of yen) | Item | Balance at end of period (millions of yen) |
|--|-----------------------------------|----------------------|---|--|---------------------------------|---|------------------------------|--|---------------------|--|
| Entities in which Directors (and other officers) of the Company or their relatives hold a majority of voting rights (including subsidiaries of such entities) | Kyoritsu Building Co., Ltd. | Shibuya-ku, Tokyo | 10 | Real estate rental manage- ment | - | Real estate leasing | Payment of rent (Notes 1, 2) | 19 | Prepaid expenses | 0 |
| Officer of the | III.daa Caasada | | _ | Director of | | | Collection of funds (Note 3) | 1,373 | _ | _ |
| parent company | Hideo Sawada | | | the parent company | _ | | Receipt of interest (Note 3) | 2 | _ | _ |

Conditions of transactions and policy for determining such conditions, etc.

(Notes)

- 1. Transactions are governed by the same conditions as for unrelated parties.
- 2. The Company's representative director Hideo Sawada and his near relative own 100.0% of the voting rights of Kyoritsu Building, Co., Ltd.
- 3. Received through the collection of funds and interest by Mr. Sawada, the guarantor, based on an agreement with a third party. In addition, the conditions of the transactions under this agreement are determined in the same way as conditions for general transactions.
 - 2. Notes concerning the parent company and significant associates
 - (1) Information regarding the parent company There are no applicable matters to report.
 - (2) Summary of financial information for significant associates There are no applicable matters to report.

[Per share information]

| | Year ended October 31, 2020 (November 1, 2019 to October 31, 2020) | Year ended October 31, 2021 (November 1, 2020 to October 31, 2021) |
|---------------------------|--|--|
| Net assets per share | 1,177.91 yen | 580.00 yen |
| Earnings (loss) per share | (432.66) yen | (749.86) yen |

(Notes)

- 1. The Company has introduced the E-Ship® trust-type employee stock ownership incentive plan, and it records the shares held by the H.I.S. Employee Stock Ownership Association Dedicated Trust as treasury shares in its consolidated financial statements. Accordingly, it includes these shares as treasury shares in its "treasury shares" count when calculating the "number of common stock of treasury shares at the end of the period" (55 thousand shares in the consolidated fiscal year ended October 31, 2020) applied in the calculation of net asset per share. Further, the Company discontinued the E-Ship® trust-type employee stock ownership incentive plan in May 2021.
- 2. Although there were dilutive shares, diluted earnings per share are not stated due to the recording of a loss per share.
- 3. The basis of calculation for earnings (loss) per share and diluted earnings per share is shown below.

| | Year ended October 31, 2020 (November 1, 2019 to October 31, 2020) | Year ended October 31, 2021 (November 1, 2020 to October 31, 2021) |
|---|--|--|
| Earnings (loss) per share | | |
| Profit (loss) attributable to owners of parent (millions of yen) | (25,037) | (50,050) |
| Amount not attributable to common shareholders (millions of yen) | | - |
| Profit (loss) attributable to owners of parent with respect to common stock (millions of yen) | (25,037) | (50,050) |
| Average number of shares during the fiscal year (thousand shares) | 57,869 | 66,745 |

(Note) The Company has introduced the E-Ship® trust-type employee stock ownership incentive plan, and it records the shares held by the H.I.S. Employee Stock Ownership Association Dedicated Trust as treasury shares in its consolidated financial statements. For this reason, it includes these shares as treasury shares in its "treasury shares" count when calculating the "average number of common stock during the period" (120 thousand shares in the consolidated fiscal year ended October 31, 2020, and 15 thousand shares in the consolidated fiscal year ended October 31, 2021). Further, the company discontinued the E-Ship® trust-type employee stock ownership incentive plan in May 2021.

[Important subsequent events]

Issuance of new shares and share acquisition rights through third-party allotments of new shares

At its Board of Directors meetings held on November 2, 2021, November 22, 2021, and December 13, 2021, the Company resolved to issue new shares and share acquisition rights through a total of three third-party allotments to Pacific Alliance Asia Opportunity Fund L.P. (hereinafter, "PAX") and Representative Director, Chairman and President Hideo Sawada. Further, the payments for the first, second, and third third-party allotments of new shares and share subscription rights were completed on November 22, 2021, December 13, 2021, and December 28, 2021, respectively.

An overview of the new shares and share subscription rights issued through the third-party allotments is shown below.

(1) Overview of new shares and share subscription rights issued through third-party allotments Overview of the first third-party allotment

(Issuance of new shares)

| (1) | Payment date | November 22, 2021 | | | | |
|-----|----------------------------------|----------------------------------|--|--|--|--|
| (2) | Number of newly issued shares | 1,140,600 shares of common stock | | | | |
| (3) | Issue price | 2,192 yen per share | | | | |
| (4) | Funds to be raised | 2,500 million yen | | | | |
| (5) | Subscription or allotment method | Third-party allotment | | | | |
| (6) | Allottee | PAX | | | | |
| (7) | Total paid-in capital | 1,250 million yen | | | | |

(Issuance of share subscription rights)

| (1) | Allotment date | November 22, 2021 | | | | | |
|-----|--|---|--|--|--|--|--|
| (2) | Total number of share subscription rights | 17,214 units (100 shares of common stock per share subscription right) | | | | | |
| (3) | Issue price | 3,258 yen per share subscription right | | | | | |
| (4) | Number of dilutive shares from the issuance | 1,721,400 shares | | | | | |
| (5) | Funds to be raised | 4,666 million yen (Breakdown) Share subscription rights issuance portion Share subscription rights exercise portion 4,610 million yen | | | | | |
| (6) | Exercise price | 2,678.5 yen per share | | | | | |
| (7) | Subscription or allotment method (allottees) | Third-party allotment PAX 9,222 units Mr. Hideo Sawada 7,992 units | | | | | |
| (8) | Exercise period | From November 24, 2021 to November 22, 2024 | | | | | |

Overview of the second third-party allotment

(Issuance of new shares)

| (1) | Payment date | December 13, 2021 | | | | |
|-----|----------------------------------|----------------------------------|--|--|--|--|
| (2) | Number of newly issued shares | 1,210,700 shares of common stock | | | | |
| (3) | Issue price | 2,065 yen per share | | | | |
| (4) | Funds to be raised | 2,500 million yen | | | | |
| (5) | Subscription or allotment method | Third-party allotment | | | | |
| (6) | Allottee | PAX | | | | |
| (7) | Total paid-in capital | 1,250 million yen | | | | |

(Issuance of share subscription rights)

| (1) | Allotment date | December 13, 2021 | | |
|-----|--|---|--|--|
| (2) | Total number of share subscription rights | 18,280 units (100 shares of common stock per share subscription right) | | |
| (3) | Issue price | 2,957 yen per share subscription right | | |
| (4) | Number of dilutive shares from the issuance | 1,828,000 shares | | |
| (5) | Funds to be raised | 4,666 million yen (Breakdown) Share subscription rights issuance portion Share subscription rights exercise portion 4,612 million yen | | |
| (6) | Exercise price | 2,523.4 yen per share | | |
| (7) | Subscription or allotment method (allottees) | Third-party allotment PAX 9,793 units Mr. Hideo Sawada 8,487 units | | |
| (8) | Exercise period | From December 14, 2021 to December 13, 2024 | | |

Overview of the third third-party allotment

(Issuance of new shares)

| (1) | Payment date | December 28, 2021 |
|-----|----------------------------------|----------------------------------|
| (2) | Number of newly issued shares | 1,540,400 shares of common stock |
| (3) | Issue price | 1,623 yen per share |
| (4) | Funds to be raised | 2,500 million yen |
| (5) | Subscription or allotment method | Third-party allotment |
| (6) | Allottee | PAX |
| (7) | Total paid-in capital | 1,250 million yen |

(Issuance of share subscription rights)

| (1) | Allotment date | December 28, 2021 | | |
|-----|--|---|--|--|
| (2) | Total number of share subscription rights | 23,252 units (100 shares of common stock per share subscription right) | | |
| (3) | Issue price | 2,380 yen per share subscription right | | |
| (4) | Number of dilutive shares from the issuance | 2,325,200 shares | | |
| (5) | Funds to be raised | 4,666 million yen (Breakdown) Share subscription rights issuance portion Share subscription rights exercise portion 4,611 million yen | | |
| (6) | Exercise price | 1,983.3 yen per share | | |
| (7) | Subscription or allotment method (allottees) | Third-party allotment PAX 12,456 units Mr. Hideo Sawada 10,796 units | | |
| (8) | Exercise period | December 29, 2021 to December 28, 2024 | | |

(2) Specific use of funds to be raised

The Company plans to use the 21,445 million yen in proceeds raised (total amount net of expenses) for the following specific purposes.

| Specific use | Amount (millions of yen) | Expected timeframe of expenditure |
|---|---|-----------------------------------|
| (1) Working capital | 11,500 | November 2021 to April 2022 |
| (2) Reserves to repurchase headquarters | 5,000 | September 2026 |
| (3) Redemption of bonds | Remainder after subtracting (1) and (2) from the proceeds | February 2024 |
| Total | 21,445 | _ |

(Notes)

- 1. The procured funds will be managed as bank deposits until they are actually used.
- 2. The total proceeds raised will amount to 21,445 million yen, which is the amount remaining after subtracting the 55 million yen in estimated expenses associated with the issuance from the total amount payable of 21,500 million yen.
- 3. With regard to the specific use of the funds to be raised outlined above, the Company plan to prioritize the allocation of funds to working capital (item 1). In addition, if the total funds procured, etc. decreases, or if the Company is unable to procure the funds as scheduled due to the exercise conditions of the applicable share acquisition rights, it will consider supplementing the funds with proceeds from sale of its own asset holdings, or with loans from banks.

(3) View on reasonableness of use of funds

By allocating the funds raised through the third-party allotments to the purposes outlined in "(2) Specific use of funds to be raised," the Company will aim to recover from the COVID-19 pandemic and drive subsequent growth, and work to enhance corporate value over the medium to long term. It believes that the issuance of the new shares and share subscription rights through third-party allotments is a reasonable action that will contribute to an improvement in shareholder value.

5) Consolidated Supplementary Financial Schedules Schedule of corporate bonds

| Company | Issue | Issue date | Balance at beginning of period (millions of yen) | Balance at end of period (millions of yen) | Interest rate (%) | Collateral | Maturity date |
|------------------|--|----------------------|---|--|-------------------|------------|----------------------|
| H.I.S. Co., Ltd. | Euro-yen denominated convertible bond-type bonds with share acquisition rights due 2024 (Note 2) | November 16, 2017 | 25,072 | 25,054 | - | None | November 15, 2024 |
| H.I.S. Co., Ltd. | Second series unsecured bonds | October 23, 2014 | 10,000 (10,000) | - | 0.645 | None | October 22, 2021 |
| H.I.S. Co., Ltd. | Third series unsecured bonds | February 20, 2017 | 15,000 | 15,000 | 0.440 | None | February 20, 2024 |
| H.I.S. Co., Ltd. | Fourth series unsecured bonds | February 20, 2017 | 5,000 | 5,000 | 0.580 | None | February 19, 2027 |
| Total | _ | _ | 55,072 (10,000) | 45,054 | _ | _ | _ |

(Notes)

- 1. Amounts in parentheses in the "Balance at beginning of period" column reflect the current portion of bonds. In addition, the Company redeemed the applicable bond on October 22, 2021.
- 2. An overview of bonds with share acquisition rights is shown below.

| Shares to be issued | Common stock |
|--|---|
| Issue price of share acquisition rights (yen) | No charge |
| Issue price of new shares (yen) | 5,604 [5,465.2] |
| Total issue amount (millions of yen) | 25,000 |
| Total issue amount for shares issued upon exercise of share acquisition rights (millions of yen) | _ |
| Percentage of share acquisition rights granted | 100% |
| Exercise period of share acquisition rights | From November 30, 2017 to November 1, 2024 |

The information above is as of the end of the fiscal year under review (October 31, 2021). If items have changed during the period from the end of the fiscal year under review to the end of the month preceding the filing date (December 31, 2021), the information as of the end of the month preceding the filing data is provided in square brackets. For other items, the information has not changed from the end of the fiscal year under review. When receiving a request from a person who intends to exercise the share acquisition rights above, in place of a payment owed to such person at maturity of bonds attached to the share acquisition rights, it will be deemed that such person has paid in full the amount payable upon exercise of the rights. When share acquisition rights are exercised, it shall be deemed that such a request has been received.

3. Redemption amounts within five years of the consolidated closing date are shown below.

(Millions of yen)

| 1 year or less | 1–2 years | 2–3 years | 3–4 years | 4–5 years |
|----------------|-----------|-----------|-----------|-----------|
| _ | | 15,000 | 25,000 | _ |

Schedule of borrowings, etc.

| Classification | Balance at beginning of period (millions of yen) | Balance at end of period (millions of yen) | Average interest rate (%) | Repayment term |
|--|---|--|---------------------------|----------------|
| Short-term borrowings | 26,659 | 28,240 | 0.64 | |
| Current portion of long-term borrowings | 1,689 | 4,557 | 0.52 | _ |
| Current portion of lease obligations | 2,462 | 2,454 | _ | _ |
| Long-term borrowings (excluding current portion) | 149,605 | 184,643 | 0.83 | 2021–2041 |
| Lease obligations (excluding current portion) | 13,070 | 12,410 | ı | 2021–2038 |
| Other interest-bearing debt | _ | _ | | _ |
| Total | 193,487 | 232,306 | _ | _ |

(Notes

- 1. The average interest rate represents the weighted-average rate applicable to the balance of borrowings at the end of the fiscal year.
- 2. The average interest rate for lease obligations is not shown, as lease obligations recorded on the consolidated balance sheet are amounts prior to the deduction of the interest expense equivalent, which is included in total leasing fees.
- 3. Repayment amounts within five years of the consolidated closing date for long-term borrowings and lease obligations (excluding current portions) are shown below.

(Millions of yen)

| | 1–2 years | 2–3 years | 3–4 years | 4–5 years |
|----------------------|-----------|-----------|-----------|-----------|
| Long-term borrowings | 32,168 | 28,968 | 1,844 | 43,044 |
| Lease obligations | 2,282 | 1,990 | 1,548 | 1,341 |

Schedule of asset retirement obligations

Asset retirement obligations at the beginning and end of the consolidated fiscal year ended October 31, 2021 are below 1% of the total liabilities and net assets at the beginning and end of the fiscal year ended October 31, 2021. The information is therefore omitted in accordance with the provisions in Article 92, Paragraph 2 of the Consolidated Financial Statement Regulations.

(2) Others

Quarterly information for the consolidated fiscal year ended October 31, 2021

| [Cumulative period] | First quarter | Second quarter | Third quarter | Full year |
|--|---------------|----------------|---------------|-----------|
| Net sales (millions of yen) | 36,193 | 64,983 | 88,071 | 118,563 |
| Profit (loss) before income taxes (millions of yen) | (8,703) | (23,476) | (34,990) | (51,008) |
| Profit (loss) attributable to owners of parent (millions of yen) | (8,288) | (23,597) | (33,630) | (50,050) |
| Earnings (loss) per share (yen) | (132.00) | (367.97) | (511.46) | (749.86) |

| [Quarterly period] | First quarter | Second quarter | Third quarter | Fourth quarter |
|---------------------------------|---------------|----------------|---------------|----------------|
| Earnings (loss) per share (yen) | (132.00) | (235.04) | (145.03) | (234.40) |

(Note) When calculating earnings (loss) per share, the "average number of common stock during the period" is calculated applying the "treasury shares" count that includes the Company shares held by the H.I.S. Employee Stock Ownership Association Dedicated Trust. Further, the E-Ship® trust-type employee stock ownership incentive plan was discontinued in May 2021.

2. Non-consolidated Financial Statements, etc.

- (1) Non-consolidated Financial Statements
- 1) Non-consolidated Balance Sheet

| | | (Millions of yen) |
|--|---|---|
| | Year ended October 31, 2020 (As of October 31, 2020) | Year ended October 31, 2021 (As of October 31, 2021) |
| Assets | | |
| Current assets | | |
| Cash and deposits | 25,245 | 40,687 |
| Accounts receivable - trade | 2,460 | 2,797 |
| Trade accounts receivable | 132 | 12 |
| Travel advance payments | 2,616 | 2,854 |
| Prepaid expenses | 610 | 606 |
| Accrued income | 159 | 182 |
| Short-term loans receivable | 8 | 158 |
| Short-term loans receivable from subsidiaries and associates | 210 | 255 |
| Accounts receivable - other | 5,951 | 1,800 |
| Other | 2,850 | 1,176 |
| Allowance for doubtful accounts | (38) | (214) |
| Total current assets | 40,207 | 50,318 |
| Non-current assets | | |
| Property, plant and equipment | | |
| Buildings | 13,806 | * 1 12,047 |
| Vehicles | 15 | 0 |
| Tools, furniture and fixtures | 471 | 337 |
| Land | 33,962 | * 1 28,787 |
| Construction in progress | 63 | 11 |
| Other | 11 | 6 |
| Total property, plant and equipment | 48,331 | 41,190 |
| Intangible assets | · | , |
| Trademark right | 21 | 32 |
| Telephone subscription right | 82 | 82 |
| Software | 2,091 | 1,708 |
| Other | 7 | 12 |
| Total intangible assets | 2,202 | 1,835 |
| Investments and other assets | | , |
| Investment securities | 7,468 | 3,618 |
| Shares of subsidiaries and associates | 68,083 | 60,144 |
| Investments in capital of subsidiaries and associates | 1,342 | 1,331 |
| Long-term loans receivable | 148 | 51 |
| Long-term loans receivable from subsidiaries and associates | 75,284 | 94,941 |
| Long-term prepaid expenses | 57 | 37 |
| Deferred tax assets | 7,037 | 4,689 |
| Guarantee deposits | 6,031 | 17,337 |
| Distressed receivables | 448 | 766 |
| Other | 2,197 | 133 |
| Allowance for doubtful accounts | (3,249) | (13,243) |
| Total investments and other assets | 164,851 | 169,807 |
| Total non-current assets | 215,385 | 212,833 |
| Deferred assets | | , |
| Share issuance costs | 271 | 178 |
| Bond issuance costs | 81 | 55 |
| Total deferred assets | 353 | 233 |
| Total assets | 255,945 | 263,385 |
| | 200,710 | 202,505 |

| | | (Millions of yen) |
|---|---|---|
| | Year ended October 31, 2020 (As of October 31, 2020) | Year ended October 31, 2021 (As of October 31, 2021) |
| Liabilities | | |
| Current liabilities | | |
| Trade accounts payable | 2,357 | 1,809 |
| Short-term borrowings | 20,000 | 20,000 |
| Short-term borrowings from subsidiaries and associates | 5,437 | 9,337 |
| Current portion of bonds payable | *6 10,000 | - |
| Current portion of long-term borrowings | 242 | 3,000 |
| Accounts payable - other | 1,182 | 994 |
| Accrued expenses | 1,776 | 1,641 |
| Income taxes payable | 102 | 58 |
| Travel advance received | 7,943 | 5,455 |
| Insurance deposits | 20 | 28 |
| Gift certificates | 6,242 | 6,594 |
| Provision for bonuses | 22 | 8 |
| Other | 3,230 | 2,232 |
| Total current liabilities | 58,556 | 51,160 |
| Non-current liabilities | | |
| Bonds payable | *6 20,000 | *6 20,000 |
| Convertible bond-type bonds with share acquisition rights | *6 25,072 | *6 25,054 |
| Long-term borrowings | *5 122,500 | *1, *5 154,904 |
| Provision for retirement benefits | 4,033 | 4,193 |
| Long-term guarantee deposits | 309 | 126 |
| Other | 796 | 683 |
| Total non-current liabilities | 172,712 | 204,962 |
| Total liabilities | 231,268 | 256,123 |
| Net assets | | , |
| Shareholders' equity | | |
| Share capital | 15,000 | 21,048 |
| Capital surplus | | , |
| Legal capital surplus | 7,661 | 13,709 |
| Total capital surpluses | 7,661 | 13,709 |
| Retained earnings | | - 7 |
| Legal retained earnings | 246 | 246 |
| Other retained earnings | | |
| General reserve | 27,565 | 15,565 |
| Retained earnings brought forward | (11,257) | (29,174) |
| Total retained earnings | 16,554 | (13,363) |
| Treasury shares | (15,204) | (15,004) |
| Total shareholders' equity | 24,010 | 6,389 |
| Valuation and translation adjustments | 2 1,010 | 0,507 |
| Valuation difference on available-for-sale securities | 488 | 714 |
| Deferred gains or losses on hedges | 0 | —————————————————————————————————————— |
| Total valuation and translation adjustments | | 714 |
| · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · | 488 178 | 714 |
| Share acquisition rights | | |
| Total net assets | 24,677 | 7,262 |
| Total liabilities and net assets | 255,945 | 263,385 |

| 2) Two consolidated statement of income | | (Millions of yen) |
|--|--|--|
| | Year ended October 31, 2020 (November 1, 2019 to October 31, 2020) | Year ended October 31, 2021 (November 1, 2020 to October 31, 2021) |
| Net sales | | |
| Overseas travel sales | 130,827 | 4,926 |
| Domestic travel sales | 23,928 | 17,733 |
| Other | 4,506 | 4,033 |
| Total net sales | *2 159,261 | *2 26,694 |
| Cost of sales | | |
| Cost of overseas travel sales | 115,994 | 3,698 |
| Cost of domestic travel sales | 21,235 | 15,064 |
| Other | 1,432 | 2,111 |
| Total cost of sales | *2 138,662 | *2 20,875 |
| Gross profit | 20,599 | 5,819 |
| Selling, general and administrative expenses | *1 35,622 | *1 28,064 |
| Operating profit (loss) | (15,023) | (22,245) |
| Non-operating income | | |
| Interest income | 454 | 466 |
| Dividend income | 4,340 | 2,734 |
| Foreign exchange gains | _ | 249 |
| Other | 264 | 154 |
| Total non-operating income | *2 5,058 | *2 3,604 |
| Non-operating expenses | - | • |
| Interest expenses | 725 | 940 |
| Foreign exchange losses | 291 | _ |
| Commission expenses | 30 | 349 |
| Other | 251 | 314 |
| Total non-operating expenses | *2 1,298 | *2 1,604 |
| Ordinary profit (loss) | (11,263) | (20,245) |
| Extraordinary income | (==,===) | (-*,- **) |
| Gain on sale of non-current assets | _ | 969 |
| Gain on sale of investment securities | 913 | 684 |
| Gain on sale of shares of subsidiaries and associates | _ | 378 |
| Subsidy income | *3 6,602 | *3 10,916 |
| Total extraordinary income | 7,516 | 12,948 |
| Extraordinary losses | 7,310 | 12,940 |
| Impairment loss | *4 551 | *4 256 |
| Loss on valuation of investment securities | _ | 898 |
| | | |
| Loss on valuation of shares of subsidiaries and associates | *6.1.200 | *5 4,897 |
| Provision of allowance for doubtful accounts | *6 1,398 *7 2,000 | *6 10,911 |
| Losses from downtime | *7 3,908 | *7 3,324 |
| Total extraordinary losses | 5,858 | 20,289 |
| Profit (loss) before income taxes | (9,605) | (27,586) |
| Income taxes - current | 160 | 74 |
| Income taxes - deferred | (3,409) | 2,247 |
| Total income taxes | (3,249) | 2,321 |
| Profit (loss) | (6,355) | (29,908) |

3) Non-consolidated Statement of Changes in Equity Year ended October 31, 2020 (November 1, 2019 to October 31, 2020)

(Millions of yen)

| | | Shareholders' equity | | | | | | |
|--|---------------|--------------------------|-----------------------|-------------------------|-------------------------|--------------------|--|-------------------------------|
| | | | Capital surplus | | | Retained earnings | | |
| | | | | | | Other retain | ed earnings | |
| | Share capital | Legal capital surplus | Other capital surplus | Total capital surpluses | Legal retained earnings | General reserve | Retained earnings brought forward | Total retained earnings |
| Balance at beginning of period | 11,000 | 3,661 | 22 | 3,683 | 246 | 27,565 | 9,645 | 37,457 |
| Changes during period | | | | | | | | |
| Dividends of surplus | | | | _ | | | (1,900) | (1,900) |
| Reversal of general reserve | | | | _ | | | | |
| Profit (loss) | | | | _ | | | (6,355) | (6,355) |
| Issuance of new shares | 4,000 | 4,000 | | 4,000 | | | | |
| Purchase of treasury shares | | | | _ | | | | _ |
| Disposal of treasury shares | | | (0) | (0) | | | | 1 |
| Cancellation of treasury shares | | | (22) | (22) | | | (12,647) | (12,647) |
| Net changes in items other than shareholders' equity | | | | _ | | | | _ |
| Total changes during period | 4,000 | 4,000 | (22) | 3,977 | _ | _ | (20,902) | (20,902) |
| Balance at end of period | 15,000 | 7,661 | _ | 7,661 | 246 | 27,565 | (11,257) | 16,554 |

| | Sharehold | ers' equity | Valuation a | and translation a | djustments | | |
|--|--------------------|----------------------------------|---|--|--|--------------------------------|---------------------|
| | Treasury shares | Total shareholders' equity | Valuation difference on available-for- sale securities | Deferred gains or losses on hedges | Total valuation and translation adjustments | Share acquisition rights | Total net assets |
| Balance at beginning of period | (28,309) | 23,831 | 837 | 72 | 910 | 1 | 24,741 |
| Changes during period | | | | | | | |
| Dividends of surplus | | (1,900) | | | - | | (1,900) |
| Reversal of general reserve | | _ | | | _ | | 1 |
| Profit (loss) | | (6,355) | | | _ | | (6,355) |
| Issuance of new shares | | 8,000 | | | _ | | 8,000 |
| Purchase of treasury shares | | _ | | | _ | | _ |
| Disposal of treasury shares | 434 | 434 | | | _ | | 434 |
| Cancellation of treasury shares | 12,670 | _ | | | _ | | 1 |
| Net changes in items other than shareholders' equity | | - | (349) | (71) | (421) | 178 | (243) |
| Total changes during period | 13,104 | 178 | (349) | (71) | (421) | 178 | (64) |
| Balance at end of period | (15,204) | 24,010 | 488 | 0 | 488 | 178 | 24,677 |

(Millions of yen)

| | | Shareholders' equity | | | | | |
|--|---------------|--------------------------------|-------------------------|-------------------------|--------------------|--|-------------------------------|
| | | Capital surplus Retained earni | | | | | |
| | | | | | Other retain | ed earnings | |
| | Share capital | Legal capital surplus | Total capital surpluses | Legal retained earnings | General reserve | Retained earnings brought forward | Total retained earnings |
| Balance at beginning of period | 15,000 | 7,661 | 7,661 | 246 | 27,565 | (11,257) | 16,554 |
| Changes during period | | | | | | | |
| Dividends of surplus | | | _ | | | | _ |
| Reversal of general reserve | | | _ | | (12,000) | 12,000 | _ |
| Profit (loss) | | | _ | | | (29,908) | (29,908) |
| Issuance of new shares | 6,048 | 6,048 | 6,048 | | | | _ |
| Purchase of treasury shares | | | _ | | | | _ |
| Disposal of treasury shares | | | _ | | | (9) | (9) |
| Cancellation of treasury shares | | | _ | | | | - |
| Net changes in items other than shareholders' equity | | | _ | | | | _ |
| Total changes during period | 6,048 | 6,048 | 6,048 | _ | (12,000) | (17,917) | (29,917) |
| Balance at end of period | 21,048 | 13,709 | 13,709 | 246 | 15,565 | (29,174) | (13,363) |

| | Sharehold | ers' equity | Valuation a | and translation a | djustments | | |
|--|--------------------|----------------------------------|---|--|--|--------------------------------|---------------------|
| | Treasury shares | Total shareholders' equity | Valuation difference on available-for- sale securities | Deferred gains or losses on hedges | Total valuation and translation adjustments | Share acquisition rights | Total net assets |
| Balance at beginning of period | (15,204) | 24,010 | 488 | 0 | 488 | 178 | 24,677 |
| Changes during period | | | | | | | |
| Dividends of surplus | | _ | | | 1 | | 1 |
| Reversal of general reserve | | _ | | | _ | | _ |
| Profit (loss) | | (29,908) | | | 1 | | (29,908) |
| Issuance of new shares | | 12,097 | | | 1 | | 12,097 |
| Purchase of treasury shares | (0) | (0) | | | 1 | | (0) |
| Disposal of treasury shares | 200 | 190 | | | 1 | | 190 |
| Cancellation of treasury shares | | _ | | | 1 | | 1 |
| Net changes in items other than shareholders' equity | | _ | 226 | (0) | 225 | (20) | 205 |
| Total changes during period | 200 | (17,620) | 226 | (0) | 225 | (20) | (17,414) |
| Balance at end of period | (15,004) | 6,389 | 714 | - | 714 | 158 | 7,262 |

Notes to Non-consolidated Financial Statements

[Going concern assumptions]

There are no applicable matters to report.

[Significant accounting policies]

- 1. Valuation standard and method for securities
 - (1) Shares of subsidiaries and associates and investments in capital of subsidiaries and associates

Stated at cost using the moving average method.

- (2) Available-for-sale securities
 - 1) Securities with a determinable fair market value

Stated at fair market value based on the market price, etc. on the fiscal closing date (with any unrealized gains or losses reported directly as a component of net assets, and the cost of securities sold calculated by the moving average method).

2) Securities without a determinable fair market value

Stated at cost using the moving average method.

2. Valuation standard and method for derivatives

Stated at fair market value.

- 3. Depreciation method for non-current assets
 - (1) Property, plant and equipment (excluding leased assets)

The straight-line method is applied for buildings (excluding facilities attached to buildings) and facilities attached to buildings acquired on or after April 1, 2016, and the declining balance method for other property, plant and equipment. The ranges of useful life for property, plant and equipment are mainly as shown below.

Buildings 3–50 years Tools, furniture and fixtures 3–20 years

(2) Intangible assets (excluding leased assets)

The straight-line method is applied.

In addition, software used in-house is depreciated over its useful life (five years) based on the straight-line method.

(3) Leased assets

Leased assets are depreciated using the straight-line method with estimated useful lives equal to lease terms, and zero residual value.

(4) Long-term prepaid expenses

The straight-line method is applied.

- 4. Accounting method for deferred assets
 - (1) Share issuance costs

Share issuance costs are amortized by the straight-line method over three years.

(2) Bond issuance costs

Bond issuance costs are amortized in equal amounts over the period through redemption.

5. Standard for translation of foreign currency-denominated assets or liabilities into Japanese yen

Monetary claims and liabilities denominated in foreign currency are translated into yen at the spot exchange rate prevailing on the fiscal closing date, and the difference arising from such translation is recorded as profit or losses.

- 6. Accounting standards for provisions
 - (1) Allowance for doubtful accounts

To prepare for losses from uncollectible receivables, estimates of irrecoverable amounts are recorded based on historical loan-loss ratios for general receivables, and on consideration of feasibly recoverable amounts in individual cases of suspected bad debt or other specific receivables.

(2) Provision for bonuses

To provide for bonus payments to employees, a provision for bonuses is recorded based on estimated future payments.

(3) Provision for retirement benefits

To prepare for retirement benefit payments to employees, a provision for retirement benefits is recorded in the amount based on the retirement benefit obligation at the end of the fiscal year under review.

Actuarial gains or losses are treated as a lump-sum expense in the fiscal year following the year in which they arise.

7. Accounting standard for recognition of revenues and expenses

Travel-related net sales and sales costs are recorded on the departure date.

8. Hedging methods

(1) Hedging methods

The Company in principle accounts for hedging transactions on a deferred basis. It applies the designated hedge accounting treatment (*furiate shori*) to forward exchange contracts and other items that qualify for designated hedge accounting, and the exceptional accounting treatment (*tokurei shori*) to interest rate swaps and other items that qualify for exceptional accounting.

(2) Hedging instruments and hedged items

a. Hedging instruments: Forward exchange contracts

Hedged items: Foreign currency-denominated trade accounts payable

b. Hedging instruments: Interest rate swaps

Hedged items: Borrowings

(3) Hedging policy

The Company hedges against foreign exchange fluctuation risk and interest rate fluctuation risk in accordance with its internal Financial Risk Management Regulations.

(4) Evaluation of hedge effectiveness

The effectiveness of hedging is assessed by comparing the cumulative total of the market fluctuations or the cash flow fluctuations for the hedged items with that of the market fluctuations or the cash flow fluctuations for the hedging instrument every six months, and analyzing the fluctuation amount, etc. for the two. However, the effectiveness of hedging is not evaluated for interest rate swaps subject to exceptional accounting treatment.

9. Other significant matters for the preparation of non-consolidated financial statements

(1) Accounting method for retirement benefits

Unrecognized actuarial differences, unrecognized prior service cost, and unsettled differences arising from transitional obligations related to retirement benefits are accounted for using a different method than in the consolidated financial statements.

(2) Accounting for consumption taxes

All accounting transactions are booked exclusive of consumption taxes or local consumption taxes.

[Significant accounting estimates]

1. Impact of the COVID-19 pandemic

In the fiscal year ended October 31, 2021, many countries around the world imposed restrictions on going out and travel due to the impact of the COVID-19 pandemic, and this depressed the transaction value of the Company. As a result, our non-consolidated net sales declined 132,567 million yen year on year to 26,694 million yen. The Company expects its corporate activities to be further affected in the future depending on the timing when these restrictions will be lifted.

Based on a survey about the timing of a recovery for travel demand conducted by the United Nations World Tourism Organization (UNWTO), etc., the Company expects the number of travelers to progressively recover from the spring of 2022, following a gradual resumption of cross-border movement, and it anticipates the number will broadly revert to 2019 levels in 2023

The Company has compiled its accounting estimates based on the aforementioned assumptions.

2. Recoverability of deferred tax assets

(1) Amount recorded in non-consolidated financial statements

(Millions of yen)

| | Year ended October 31, 2021 |
|---------------------|-----------------------------|
| Deferred tax assets | 4,689 |

(2) Other information related to estimates

- i) Calculation method for the amount recorded in non-consolidated financial statements in the fiscal year under review

 The Company recognizes deferred tax assets for tax loss carryforwards and deductible temporary differences to the
 extent that they are expected to reduce the amounts of future tax payments. If it determines that taxable income is likely to
 be generated, the Company reasonably estimates the timing and amounts of the future taxable income that is likely to be
 secured based on its future plan, and calculates the amounts.
- ii) Main assumptions used in calculation of the amount recorded in non-consolidated financial statements in the fiscal year under review

In determining the recoverability of deferred tax assets as of October 31, 2021, the Company has taken into account the impact of the COVID-19 pandemic. It has estimated future taxable income based on its future plan, which is predicated on key assumptions such as when the pandemic will settle down and the number of travelers at such a time in the future.

iii) Impact on non-consolidated financial statements in the next fiscal year

If actual market conditions, the timing when the pandemic settles down, the number of travelers at such a time, or other factors worsen beyond the estimates of the management of the Company going forward, this may result in a reversal of deferred tax assets, and have an impact on the financial position and management performance of the Company.

3. Impairment of non-current assets

(1) Amounts recorded in non-consolidated financial statements

(Millions of yen)

| | Year ended October 31, 2021 |
|-------------------------------|-----------------------------|
| Property, plant and equipment | 41,190 |
| Intangible assets | 1,835 |

(2) Other information related to estimates

i) Calculation method for the amount recorded in non-consolidated financial statements in the fiscal year under review

Based on the business segmentation, the Company groups assets by the smallest units that generate independent cash flow and for which income and expenditures can be continuously determined.

If indications of impairment of non-current assets are present, the Company determines the need to recognize impairment losses by comparing the total amount of undiscounted future cash flows generated from the relevant asset group against the book value. If, as a result of this determination, the Company deems it necessary to recognize impairment losses because the total amount of undiscounted future cash flows is below the book value, it reduces the book value to the recoverable value (either net sales value or use value, whichever is higher), and records the amount deducted from the book value as an impairment loss.

ii) Main assumptions used in calculation of the amount recorded in non-consolidated financial statements in the fiscal year under review

In determining whether indications of impairment of non-current assets were present as of October 31, 2021, the Company has taken into account the impact of the COVID-19 pandemic. It has estimated undiscounted future cash flows based on its future plan, which is predicated on key assumptions such as the timing when the pandemic will settle down and the number of travelers at such a time in the future.

iii) Impact on non-consolidated financial statements in the next fiscal year

If actual market conditions, the timing when the pandemic settles down, the number of travelers at such a time, or other factors worsen beyond the estimates of the management of the Company going forward, this may result in the booking of impairment losses, and have an impact on the financial position and management performance of the Company.

- 4. Valuation of investments in and loans issued to subsidiaries and associates
 - (1) Amounts recorded in non-consolidated financial statements

(Millions of yen)

| | Year ended October 31, 2021 |
|--|-----------------------------|
| Shares of subsidiaries and associates | 60,144 |
| Investments in subsidiaries and associates | 1,331 |
| Short-term loans receivable from subsidiaries and associates | 255 |
| Long-term loans receivable from subsidiaries and associates | 94,941 |
| Allowance for doubtful accounts related to the above | (12,642) |

(2) Other information related to estimates

- i) Calculation method for the amount recorded in non-consolidated financial statements in the fiscal year under review For shareholdings and investments in subsidiaries and associates, if the actual value falls significantly below the book value, the Company records impairment charges except when there is sufficient proof of recoverability based on its future plan. For loans receivable from subsidiaries and associates, the Company considers the recoverability of each loan, and records allowances for doubtful accounts for estimated unrecoverable amounts.
- ii) Main assumptions used in calculation of the amount recorded in non-consolidated financial statements in the fiscal year under review

In valuing investments in and loans issued to subsidiaries and associates as of October 31, 2021, the Company has taken into account the impact of the COVID-19 pandemic. It has valued the recoverability of its shareholdings and investments in and its loans issued to subsidiaries and associates based on the future plans of such subsidiaries and associates, which are predicated on key assumptions such as when the pandemic is expected to settle down.

iii) Impact on non-consolidated financial statements in the next fiscal year

If actual market conditions, the timing when the pandemic settles down, or other factors worsen beyond the estimates of the management of the subsidiaries and associates going forward, this may result in the booking of losses by the Company in the form of impairment charges on its shareholdings and investments in such subsidiaries and associates, or allowances for doubtful accounts against loans issued to such subsidiaries and associates, and this may have an impact on the financial position and management performance of the Company.

[Changes in presentation]

[Statement of income]

"Commission fees," which were included in "Other" under "Non-operating expenses" in the previous fiscal year, are reported as an independent item from the fiscal year ended October 31, 2021 due to their increased monetary significance. To reflect this change in presentation, the amounts have been reclassified in the financial statements for the previous fiscal year.

As a result, the 281 million yen recorded in "Other" under "Non-operating expenses" in the statement of income of the previous fiscal year has been reclassified as 30 million yen in "Commission fees" and 251 million yen in "Other."

[Adoption of the Accounting Standard for Disclosure of Accounting Estimates]

The Company has adopted the "Accounting Standard for Disclosure of Accounting Estimates" (ASBJ Statement No. 31, March 31, 2020) starting from the non-consolidated financial statements at the end of the fiscal year ended October 31, 2021, and included notes to the "Significant accounting estimates" in the non-consolidated financial statements.

However, these notes do not present the information for the fiscal year ended March 31, 2020, in accordance with the transitional treatment prescribed in the proviso of Paragraph 11 of the accounting standard.

[Additional information]

[Transactions that grant Company shares to employees, etc. via a trust]

Notes related to transactions that grant Company shares to an Employee Stock Ownership Association via a trust are omitted as they are identical to those in the "Additional information" section of "Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements."

[Non-consolidated balance sheet]

*1. Assets and liabilities recognized as financial transactions

In accordance with the "Practical Guidelines for Transferer Accounting Pertaining to Real Estate Securitization through Special Purpose Companies" (Japan Institute of Certified Public Accountants [JICPA], Accounting System Committee Report No. 15), the Company recognized the following assets and liabilities as financial transactions.

(Millions of yen) Year ended October 31, 2020 Year ended October 31, 2021 (As of October 31, 2020) (As of October 31, 2021) Buildings 7,917 Land 24,445 Long-term borrowings 32,404

| 2. Contingent liabilities | | | | | |
|--------------------------------------|--|---|--|--|--|
| (1) The Company guarantees | bank loans, etc. for the follow | ving companies up to the amounts show | n below. | | |
| Year ended Octob (As of October 2 | | Year ended October 31, 2021 (As of October 31, 2021) | | | |
| Green World Hotels Co., Ltd. | en World Hotels Co., Ltd. 350,000 thousand TWD (1,277 million yen) | | 460,000 thousand TWD (1,876 million yen) | | |
| H.I.S. Hotel Holdings Co., Ltd. | 235 million yen | HIS ULUSLARARASI TURIZM | 311,000 thousand yen | | |
| | | SEYAHAT ACENTASI LIMITED SIRKETI | 20,000 thousand TRY 414 thousand USD (596 million yen) | | |
| | | H.I.S. Hotel Holdings Co., Ltd. | 235 million yen | | |
| | | H.I.S. Tours Co., Ltd. | 50,000 thousand THB (171 million yen) | | |
| | | FLY HUB TRAVEL PTE. LTD. | 1,500 thousand SGD (126 million yen) | | |
| | | Merit Travel Group Inc. | 1,200 thousand CAD (110 million yen) | | |
| | | H.I.S. – MERIT TRAVEL INC. | 1,000 thousand CAD (91 million yen) | | |
| | | H.I.S. INTERNATIONAL TOURS (NY) INC. | 640 thousand USD (72 million yen) | | |
| | | HAWAII HIS CORPORATION | 340 thousand USD (38 million yen) | | |
| | | HIS INTERNATIONAL TOURS FRANCE SAS | 273 thousand EUR (36 million yen) | | |
| | | H.I.S. Management Consulting DMCC | 250 thousand USD (28 million yen) | | |
| | | H.I.S. CANADA INC. | 234 thousand CAD (21 million yen) | | |
| | | HIS (HONG KONG) COMPANY LIMITED | 1,040 thousand HKD (15 million yen) | | |
| | | H I S TRAVEL & TOURISM L.L.C | 100 thousand EUR (13 million yen) | | |
| | | H.I.S. Travel Nederland B.V. | 55 thousand EUR (7 million yen) | | |
| | | H.I.S. TRAVEL (MALAYSIA) SDN BHD. | 250 thousand MYR (6 million yen) | | |
| | | H.I.S. (MACAU) TRAVEL COMPANY LIMITED | 230 thousand HKD (3 million yen) | | |

(2) The Company guarantees business transaction payments for the following companies.

| (2) The Company guarantees ousmess transaction payments for the following companies. | | | | | |
|--|--|---|--|--|--|
| Year ended October (As of October 31 | , | Year ended October 31, 2021 (As of October 31, 2021) | | | |
| Guarantee with specified amount | • | Guarantee with specified amount | | | |
| QUALITA Co., Ltd. | 35 million yen | QUALITA Co., Ltd. | 35 million yen | | |
| Japan Holiday Travel Co., Ltd. | 40 million yen | HIS ULUSLARARASI TURIZM SEYAHAT ACENTASI LIMITED SIRKETI | 2,000 thousand USD (227 million yen) | | |
| HIS ULUSLARARASI TURIZM SEYAHAT ACENTASI LIMITED SIRKETI | 2,000 thousand USD (209 million yen) | H.I.S. Okinawa Co., Ltd. | 22 million yen | | |
| H.I.S. Okinawa Co., Ltd. | 22 million yen | HTB ENERGY CO., LTD. | 2,130 million yen | | |
| HTB ENERGY CO., LTD. | 2,130 million yen | H.I.S. SUPER Power Co., Ltd. | 720 million yen | | |
| H.I.S. SUPER Power Co., Ltd. | 720 million yen | TOUR WAVE CO., LTD | 10 million yen | | |
| Guarantee without specified amount | | Guarantee without specified amount | | | |
| QUALITA Co., Ltd. | Payment guarantee for trade payables | QUALITA Co., Ltd. | Payment guarantee for trade payables | | |
| LY-HIS Co., Ltd. | Payment guarantee for trade payables | LY-HIS Co., Ltd. | Payment guarantee for trade payables | | |
| H.I.S. Okinawa Co., Ltd. | Payment guarantee for trade payables | H.I.S. Okinawa Co., Ltd. | Payment guarantee for trade payables | | |
| H.I.S. Okinawa Co., Ltd. | Payment guarantee for office rent, etc. | HTB ENERGY CO., LTD. | Payment guarantee for trade payables | | |
| H.I.S. Hotel Holdings Co., Ltd. | Payment guarantee for business-use leasehold interest | FLY HUB TRAVEL PTE. LTD. | Payment guarantee for trade payables | | |
| HTB ENERGY CO., LTD. | Payment guarantee for office rent, etc. | H.I.S. Okinawa Co., Ltd. | Payment guarantee for office rent, etc. | | |
| H.I.S. SUPER Power Co., Ltd. | Payment guarantee for forward exchange contracts, etc. | H.I.S. Hotel Holdings Co., Ltd. | Payment guarantee for business-use leasehold interest | | |
| | | HTB ENERGY CO., LTD. | Payment guarantee for office rent, etc. | | |
| | | H.I.S. SUPER Power Co., Ltd. | Payment guarantee for forward exchange contracts, etc. | | |

3. Monetary claims and obligations to subsidiaries and associates (excluding those separately disclosed)

(Millions of yen)

| | | (Millions of yen) |
|---------------------------------|---|---|
| | Year ended October 31, 2020 (As of October 31, 2020) | Year ended October 31, 2021 (As of October 31, 2021) |
| Short-term monetary claims | 881 | 669 |
| Long-term monetary claims | 117 | 157 |
| Short-term monetary obligations | 743 | 602 |

4. Committed credit line agreements

The Company concluded commitment credit line agreements with three banks to ensure efficient and stable procurement of working capital. Unexecuted borrowings, etc. based on such committed credit line agreements at the end of the fiscal year ended October 31, 2021 are shown below.

(Millions of yen)

| | | (minions of jen) |
|--|---|---|
| | Year ended October 31, 2020 (As of October 31, 2020) | Year ended October 31, 2021 (As of October 31, 2021) |
| Maximum overdraft and committed credit line limits (total) | 36,000 | 33,000 |
| Outstanding borrowings | _ | _ |
| Difference | 36,000 | 33,000 |

*5. Financial covenants

Syndicated loans

- 1) Must maintain the net asset value on the consolidated balance sheet reported on the final day of each fiscal year at 75% or more of the net asset value on the consolidated balance sheet reported on the final day of the previous fiscal year.
- May not record ordinary losses on the consolidated statement of income reported on the final day of each fiscal year for two consecutive years.

As of October 31, 2021, the financial covenants 1) and 2) above had both been breached, but the Company continued constructive discussions with the financial institutions (including agents) participating in the syndicated loans, and it believes it will be able to receive continued support in the future.

The balance of the long-term borrowings subject to the financial covenants is shown below.

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|-----------|------|----------|-----|
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| | | <u> </u> |
|----------------------|---|---|
| | Year ended October 31, 2020 (As of October 31, 2020) | Year ended October 31, 2021 (As of October 31, 2021) |
| Long-term borrowings | 34,500 | 34,500 |

*6. Notable covenants attached to other obligations

(1) Unsecured bonds

Ensure the following two scenarios do not apply.

- 1) For bonds other than unsecured bonds, forfeiture of the benefit of time, or inability to repay such bonds when they are
- 2) Inability to fulfill payment obligations when the benefit of time has been forfeited for loan obligations other than bonds, or inability to fulfill payment for guarantee obligations assumed for bonds other than the Company's bonds or for other loan obligations, should such need arise. However, this will not apply if the total liabilities do not exceed 500 million yen.

The balance of the applicable unsecured bonds is shown below.

| | | (Millions of yen) |
|---|---|---|
| | Year ended October 31, 2020 (As of October 31, 2020) | Year ended October 31, 2021 (As of October 31, 2021) |
| Bonds payable (including current portion) | 30,000 | 20,000 |

(2) Convertible bond-type bonds with share acquisition rights Ensure the following scenario does not apply.

If the Company or a major subsidiary forfeits the benefit of time for a loan obligation other than the bonds in question, or does not fulfill payment for guarantee obligations assumed for other loans when such obligation arises. However, this will not apply if the total value of such obligations does not exceed 500 million yen or its equivalent in foreign currency. The balance of the applicable convertible bond-type bonds with share acquisition rights is shown below.

| | | (Millions of yen) |
|---|---|---|
| | Year ended October 31, 2020 (As of October 31, 2020) | Year ended October 31, 2021 (As of October 31, 2021) |
| Convertible bond-type bonds with share acquisition rights | 25,072 | 25,054 |

[Non-consolidated statement of income]

*1. Selling, general and administrative expenses comprised 82.8% selling expenses and 17.1% general and administrative expenses in the fiscal year ended October 31, 2020, and 75.1% and 24.9%, respectively, in the fiscal year ended October 31, 2021. Major cost items and amounts are shown below.

(Millions of yen)

| | () |
|--|--|
| Year ended October 31, 2020 (November 1, 2019 to October 31, 2020) | Year ended October 31, 2021 (November 1, 2020 to October 31, 2021) |
| 2,891 | 2,845 |
| 17,151 | 13,733 |
| _ | 9 |
| 680 | 515 |
| 50 | 558 |
| 1,771 | 1,527 |
| | (November 1, 2019 to October 31, 2020) 2,891 17,151 — 680 50 |

*2. Amount of transactions with subsidiaries and associates

(Millions of yen)

| | Year ended October 31, 2020 (November 1, 2019 to October 31, 2020) | Year ended October 31, 2021 (November 1, 2020 to October 31, 2021) | |
|---|--|--|--|
| Amount of operating transactions | | | |
| Net sales | 5,174 | 548 | |
| Purchase of goods | 31,470 | 3,291 | |
| Transaction amount for non-operating transactions | | | |
| Non-operating income | 4,672 | 3,170 | |
| Non-operating expenses | 5 | 15 | |

*3. Subsidy income

Subsidy income mainly reflects employment adjustment subsidies received due to the application of special measures in connection with the COVID-19 pandemic, and subsidies received from the national and local governments.

*4. Impairment loss

Fiscal year ended October 31, 2020 (November 1, 2019 to October 31, 2020)

In the fiscal year ended October 31, 2020, the Company recorded impairment losses on the following assets.

| Location | Usage | Item | Impairment loss (millions of yen) |
|-------------|----------|------------------|-----------------------------------|
| Tokyo, etc. | Branches | Buildings, other | 551 |

Based on the business segmentation, the Company groups assets by the smallest units that generate independent cash flow and for which income and expenditures can be continuously determined.

For asset groups of branches the Group decided to close, the book value was reduced to the recoverable amount, and an impairment loss equivalent to the reduction was recorded as an extraordinary loss. Because the Company does not anticipate future cash flows, it has valued the recoverable value at zero.

Fiscal year ended October 31, 2021 (November 1, 2020 to October 31, 2021)

In the fiscal year ended October 31, 2021, the Company recorded impairment losses on the following assets.

| Location | Usage | Item | Impairment loss (millions of yen) |
|-------------|----------|------------------|-----------------------------------|
| Tokyo, etc. | Branches | Buildings, other | 256 |

Based on the business segmentation, the Company groups assets by the smallest units that generate independent cash flow and for which income and expenditures can be continuously determined.

For asset groups of branches the Group decided to close, the book value was reduced to the recoverable amount, and an impairment loss equivalent to the reduction was recorded as an extraordinary loss. Because the Company does not anticipate future cash flows, it has valued the recoverable value at zero.

*5. Loss on valuation of shares of subsidiaries and associates

Fiscal year ended October 31, 2021 (November 1, 2020 to October 31, 2021)

The Company has recorded losses on valuation of shares of subsidiaries and associates for consolidated subsidiaries GROUP MIKI HOLDINGS LIMITED and Japan Holiday Travel CO., LTD., etc.

*6. Provision of allowance for doubtful accounts

The Company has recorded long-term loans receivable from subsidiaries and associates as allowance for doubtful accounts.

*7. Losses from downtime

Losses from downtime are fixed costs (chiefly personnel expenses and depreciation) incurred during the period when operations at the Company's business facilities were temporarily suspended to prevent the spread of COVID-19.

[Marketable securities]

Fiscal year ended October 31, 2020 (As of October 31, 2020)

Shares of subsidiaries and associates (amounts recorded on balance sheet: shares of subsidiaries 67,832 million yen, shares of associates 251 million yen) have no market prices and are deemed extremely difficult to determine their fair value. Accordingly, they are not presented here.

Fiscal year ended October 31, 2021 (As of October 31, 2021)

Shares of subsidiaries and associates (amounts recorded on balance sheet: shares of subsidiaries 60,053 million yen, shares of associates 90 million yen) have no market prices and are deemed extremely difficult to determine their fair value. Accordingly, they are not presented here.

[Tax effect accounting]

1. Principal components of deferred tax assets and deferred tax liabilities are shown below.

| | | (Millions of yen) |
|---|---|---|
| | Year ended October 31, 2020 (As of October 31, 2020) | Year ended October 31, 2021 (As of October 31, 2021) |
| [Deferred tax assets] | (715 67 68 68 67 51, 2020) | (115 01 0000001 51, 2021) |
| Tax loss carryforwards | 4,703 | 8,503 |
| Excess allowance for doubtful accounts | 1,006 | 4,120 |
| Provision for retirement benefits | 1,235 | 1,284 |
| Unsettled gift certificates | 370 | 521 |
| Subsidy income | 475 | 458 |
| Non-deductible asset retirement obligation expenses | 192 | 115 |
| Long-term accounts payable - other | 101 | 96 |
| Other | 591 | 2,520 |
| Deferred tax assets subtotal | 8,676 | 17,621 |
| Valuation allowance pertaining to tax loss carryforwards | (41) | (6,477) |
| Valuation allowance pertaining to total future deductible temporary differences | (1,381) | (6,138) |
| Valuation allowance subtotal | (1,423) | (12,616) |
| Deferred tax assets total | 7,253 | 5,005 |
| [Deferred tax liabilities] | | |
| Valuation difference on available-for-sale securities | (215) | (315) |
| Other | (0) | _ |
| Deferred tax liabilities total | (215) | (315) |
| Deferred tax assets, net | 7,037 | 4,689 |

2. Major components of significant differences arising between the effective statutory tax rate and effective income tax rate after application of tax-effect accounting

| | Year ended October 31, 2020 (As of October 31, 2020) | Year ended October 31, 2021 (As of October 31, 2021) |
|--|--|---|
| Effective statutory tax rate | Notes have been omitted as | Notes have been omitted as |
| [Adjustments] | the Company recorded a loss | the Company recorded a loss |
| Non-deductible permanent differences such as entertainment expenses | before income taxes. | before income taxes. |
| Non-taxable permanent differences such as dividend income | | |
| Difference with year-earlier tax return | | |
| Inhabitant tax on per capita basis | | |
| Increase in valuation allowance | | |
| Tax credits | | |
| Other | | |
| Actual effective tax rate after application of tax effect accounting | | |

[Important subsequent events]

The information on important subsequent events is the same as described in "Issuance of new shares and share acquisition rights through third-party allotments of new shares" under the "Important subsequent events" section of "Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements."

4) Supplementary Schedule Schedule for property, plant and equipment

(Millions of yen)

| Classification | Asset type | Balance at beginning of period | Increase during period | Decrease during period | Depreciation during period | Balance at end of period | Accumulated depreciation |
|---------------------|-------------------------------|--------------------------------------|---------------------------|---------------------------|----------------------------|--------------------------|--------------------------|
| | Buildings | 13,806 | 110 | 1,356 (106) | 511 | 12,047 | 1,994 |
| | Vehicles | 15 | _ | 9 | 5 | 0 | 34 |
| Property, | Tools, furniture and fixtures | 471 | 46 | 24 (18) | 156 | 337 | 1,838 |
| plant and equipment | Land | 33,962 | _ | 5,175 | _ | 28,787 | _ |
| equipment | Construction in progress | 63 | 11 | 63 | | 11 | |
| | Other | 11 | _ | 0 | 4 | 6 | 17 |
| | Total | 48,331 | 167 | 6,630 (125) | 678 | 41,190 | 3,885 |
| | Trademark right | 21 | 15 | | 4 | 32 | 1 |
| | Telephone subscription right | 82 | _ | | | 82 | 1 |
| Intangible assets | Software | 2,091 | 537 | 6 | 914 | 1,708 | 1 |
| | Other | 7 | 8 | | 4 | 12 | |
| | Total | 2,202 | 561 | 6 | 923 | 1,835 | |

(Notes)

- 1. The "Decrease during period" for buildings and land mainly reflects the sale of real estate holdings.
- 2. Figures in parentheses in the "Decrease during period" column reflect impairment losses recorded by the Company in the fiscal year ended October 31, 2021.

Schedule for provisions

(Millions of yen)

| Classification | Balance at beginning of period | Increase during period | Decrease during period (due to intended usage) | Decrease during period (other) | Balance at end of period |
|--|--------------------------------------|------------------------|--|--------------------------------|--------------------------|
| Allowance for doubtful accou (Note) | nts 3,288 | 13,458 | 1,300 | 1,987 | 13,458 |
| Provision for bonuses | 22 | 8 | 22 | _ | 8 |

(Note) The 1,987 million yen decrease in allowance for doubtful accounts under "Decrease during period (other)" is attributable to reversals.

(2) Major Assets and Liabilities

Notes are omitted as consolidated financial statements were prepared.

(3) Others

There are no applicable matters to report.

VI. Stock-related Administration for the Company

| Fiscal year | From November 1 to October 31 | | |
|--|--|--|--|
| General Meeting of Shareholders | January | | |
| Record date | October 31 | | |
| Record date for dividend of surplus | April 30 October 31 | | |
| Number of shares constituting one unit | 100 shares | | |
| Purchase and sale of shares less than one unit | | | |
| Handling office | (Special account) Stock Transfer Agent Department, Sumitomo Mitsui Trust Bank, Limited 1-4-1 Marunouchi, Chiyoda-ku, Tokyo | | |
| Transfer agent | (Special account) Sumitomo Mitsui Trust Bank, Limited 1-4-1 Marunouchi, Chiyoda-ku, Tokyo | | |
| Forward office | _ | | |
| Purchasing and selling fee | None | | |
| Method of public notice | Public notice of the Company is given by electronic means. However, in the event accidents or other unavoidable reasons prevent public notice by electronic means, the notice can be made by publication in The Nihon Keizai Shimbun issued in Tokyo. URL for public notice: https://www.his.co.jp/ | | |
| | Every year, at the end of April and October, the Company issues shareholder benefits to all shareholders who own at least 100 shares and are recorded in the Shareholder Registry, based on the following criteria. | | |
| | Shareholders owning 100 or more but fewer than 500 shares Two shareholder benefit coupons (corresponding to 2,000 yen) | | |
| Special benefit for shareholders | Shareholders owning 500 or more but fewer than 1,000 shares Four shareholder benefit coupons (corresponding to 4,000 yen) | | |
| | Shareholders owning 1,000 or more shares Six shareholder benefit coupons (corresponding to 6,000 yen) | | |
| | Shareholders owning 100 or more shares One discounted admission ticket for Huis Ten Bosch and for Laguna Ten Bosch (500-yen discount per person; tickets can be used by up to five people). | | |

VII. Reference Information on the Company

1. Information on the Parent Company, etc. of the Company

The Company has no parent company.

2. Other Reference Information

The Company filed the following documents between the beginning of the fiscal year under review and the submittal of the Japanese version of this Securities Report.

(1) Annual Securities Report and documents attached thereto, and Confirmation Letter thereof

For the 40th fiscal year (from November 1, 2019 to October 31, 2020)

Submitted to Director, Kanto Local Finance Bureau on January 28, 2021

(2) Amended Annual Securities Report

For the 40th fiscal year (from November 1, 2019 to October 31, 2020)

Submitted to Director, Kanto Local Finance Bureau on January 28, 2022

(3) Internal Control Report and documents attached thereto

Submitted to Director, Kanto Local Finance Bureau on January 28, 2021

(4) Quarterly Securities Report and Confirmation Letter thereof

For the first quarter of the 41st fiscal year (from November 1, 2020 to January 31, 2021)

Submitted to Director, Kanto Local Finance Bureau on March 16, 2021

For the second quarter of the 41st fiscal year (from February 1, 2021 to April 30, 2021)

Submitted to Director, Kanto Local Finance Bureau on June 14, 2021

For the third quarter of the 41st fiscal year (from May 1, 2021 to July 31, 2021)

Submitted to Director, Kanto Local Finance Bureau on September 10, 2021

(5) Amended Quarterly Securities Report and Confirmation Letter thereof

For the first quarter of the 41st fiscal year (from November 1, 2020 to January 31, 2021)

Submitted to Director, Kanto Local Finance Bureau on January 28, 2022

For the second quarter of the 41st fiscal year (from February 1, 2021 to April 30, 2021)

Submitted to Director, Kanto Local Finance Bureau on January 28, 2022

For the third quarter of the 41st fiscal year (from May 1, 2021 to July 31, 2021)

Submitted to Director, Kanto Local Finance Bureau on January 28, 2022

(6) Extraordinary Report

Submitted to Director, Kanto Local Finance Bureau on December 11, 2020

According to the provision of Article 19, Paragraph 2, Item 12 and Item 19 (booking of extraordinary income), of the

Cabinet Office Ordinance on Disclosure of Corporate Affairs, etc.

Submitted to Director, Kanto Local Finance Bureau on January 28, 2021

According to the provision of Article 19, Paragraph 2, Item 9-2 (result of exercise of voting rights at a general shareholders' meeting), of the Cabinet Office Ordinance on Disclosure of Corporate Affairs, etc.

Submitted to Director, Kanto Local Finance Bureau on March 15, 2021

According to the provision of Article 19, Paragraph 2, Item 7 (absorption-type demerger), of the Cabinet Office Ordinance on Disclosure of Corporate Affairs, etc.

Submitted to Director, Kanto Local Finance Bureau on March 15, 2021

According to the provision of Article 19, Paragraph 2, Item 12 and Item 19 (booking of extraordinary income), of the

Cabinet Office Ordinance on Disclosure of Corporate Affairs, etc.

Submitted to Director, Kanto Local Finance Bureau on June 11, 2021

According to the provision of Article 19, Paragraph 2, Item 12 and Item 19 (booking of extraordinary income and loss), of the Cabinet Office Ordinance on Disclosure of Corporate Affairs, etc.

Submitted to Director, Kanto Local Finance Bureau on September 10, 2021

According to the provision of Article 19, Paragraph 2, Item 12 and Item 19 (booking of extraordinary income and loss), of the Cabinet Office Ordinance on Disclosure of Corporate Affairs, etc.

Submitted to Director, Kanto Local Finance Bureau on December 28, 2021

According to the provision of Article 19, Paragraph 2, Item 12 and Item 19 (booking of extraordinary income and loss), of the Cabinet Office Ordinance on Disclosure of Corporate Affairs, etc.

(7) Securities Registration Statement and documents attached thereto

Submitted to Kanto Local Finance Bureau on November 2, 2021

(8) Amended Statements for the Securities Registration Statement

Submitted to Kanto Local Finance Bureau on November 22, 2021,

December 13, 2021, and

December 14, 2021.

Amended Statements for the Securities Registration Statement submitted on November 2, 2021

 $(9)\ Amended\ Statements\ for\ the\ Shelf\ Registration\ Statement$

Submitted to Kanto Local Finance Bureau on December 11, 2020,

January 28, 2021,

March 15, 2021,

June 11, 2021,

September 10, 2021, and

December 28, 2021.

Amended Statements for the Shelf Registration Statement submitted on March 13, 2020

Part II Information on Guarantors, etc. for the Company

There are no applicable matters to report.

note: This document has been translated from the Japanese original for reference purposes only. In the event of any discrepancy between this translated document and the Japanese original, the original shall prevail.